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AN EXECUTIVE SYSTEM FOR A DEC 339 COMPUTER DISPLAY TERMINAL

James H. Jackson

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AN EXECUTIVE SYSTEM
FOR A DEC 339 COMPUTER DISPLAY TERMINAL

Jimes H. Jackson

CONCOMP: Research in Conversational Use of Computers F. H. Westervelt, Project Director ORA Project 07449

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ABSTRACT

This report describes a real-time multiprogramming software system for a DEC 339 computer display terminal, which may communicate with an external computer through a serial—synchronous data set. The system is designed to support both programs which require the attention of an external computer while they are being executed and programs which are independent of external computation service. For either type of program, the entire graphics support is provided by the 339 system, but the interpretation of the relations implied by the graphics may be performed either in the 339 or in an external computer. Multiprogramming facility is provided to facilitate effective use of I/O devices in order to cope with the demands of a real-time environment.

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1. INTRODUCTION

The objective of this report is to describe the conceptual organization of the SEL (Systems Engineering Laboratory's) Executive System for a 339 computer display terminal, as well as to provide a manual for its use. More specifically, the hardware configuration for which the System was designed consists of the following items (plus necessary interfaces, multiplexors, etc.):

DEC PDP-9 with at least two 8192-word memory banks

DEC KE09A extended arithmetic element

DEC 338 display control (less PDP-8)

DEC AF01B A/D converter

DEC AA01A D/A converter

The System provides both a multiprogramming capability (based on I/O slicing, rather than time-slicing) and a complete set of operators for maintaining a highly structured display file and for interrogating it for relational properties.

AT&T 201A data set

Since an on-line operator tends to produce a burst of inputs and then to be idle for a relatively long period of time, appropriate feedback to each input must be provided rapidly if the operator is to be allowed to proceed at his own rate. If the terminal were not multiprogrammed, the processing of one input would have to be completed before processing of the next could be begun. Consequently, bursts of operator activity could not be effectively handled by this scheme. However, if a multiprogramming system (where the users of the system are programs which respond to various inputs) were used, feedback to each input could be produced almost immediately, and the remaining (and usually time-consuming) part of the processing could be deferred until a later time.

Bandwidth limitations on the data link between the remote computer and the central timesharing system suggest that programs be distributed between the central computer and the remote computer such that dataphone traffic is minimized (subject to the constraint of the capacity of the remote machine). In terms of a remote display terminal, this usually means that the relations implied by a display file, rather than the display file itself, be transmitted. For this reason, the remote system should provide a facility for constructing a display file based partly on relational information, and for interrogating a display file for relational information.

A general discussion of the organization of the System and detailed discussions of the various system subroutines and the idle-time task follow. A complete listing of the System is given in Appendix A, a summary of system subroutines is given in Appendix B, a summary of all IOT instructions pertinent to the hardware configuration is given in Appendix C, and a brief description of the assembly language used in the examples is given in Appendix D.

2. SYSTEM ORGANIZATION

2.1 Bootstrap Arrangement

The System should be loaded by the following procedure:

- 1) Place the system tape in the reader.
- 2) Set all switches to 0 (down).
- 3) Depress the read-in key.

This procedure causes the first record, which is written in hardware RIM format, to be read, and the computer to be started at the last location loaded. The record read is the bootstrap loader represented by the following assembly code:

\$ORG	0	
IOT	144	SELECT READER IN BINARY MODE
IOT	101	SKIP ON READER FLAG
JMP	*-1	WAIT FOR READER FLAG
IOT	112	READ READER BUFFER
DAC*	10	LOAD A WORD
JMP	0	READ NEXT WORD
HLT		
HLT		
\$DC	17731	INITIAL INDEX VALUE
JMP	0	START BOOTSTRAP LOADER

The bootstrap loader is capable of loading one binary block (Section 3.4.2) starting at location 177328, but is not capable of detecting the end of the block. However, the block which immediately follows the bootstrap loader on the system tape is loaded into locations 177328,...,177778, 0. The word loaded into location 0 is a JMP instruction to the beginning of a more sophisticated loader, which is contained in the block read by the bootstrap loader.

The loader loaded by the bootstrap loader is capable of loading an arbitrary number of binary blocks, and it is this

loader which loads the System. Immediately following the last block of the System is a one-word block which modifies the loader and causes execution of the System to begin.

At the end of the loading process, the System occupies locations 0-117778, and the bootstrap loader and system loader are no longer usable. (The storage occupied by the system loader is salvaged by the System for display structure use at a later time.)

2.2 Tasks

Each program written to run with the System is called a "task" and is identified by its entry point. The System maintains a task queue, each entry of which consists of the entry point for the task, together with other information required to determine the eligibility of the task or to restore the contents of certain registers before the task is executed. Whenever execution of a task is begun, the task is removed from the task queue.

A task is entered by a JMP instruction (rather than a JMS instruction, as in some other similar systems) and is subject to the following restrictions:

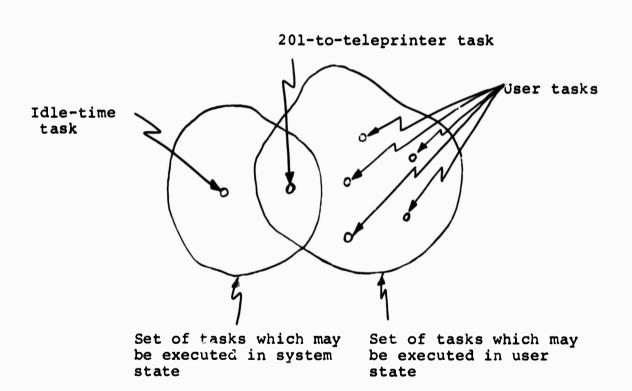
- 1) No user task may contain an IOT instruction.
- 2) No user task may store in core bank 0. (No user task should be loaded into core bank 0. Locations 12000_8 - 1777_8 are used by the System to store the display structure.)
- 3) A task which uses an allocatable I/O device (via system subroutines) must allocate the device before calling the system subroutine to use it, and must release the device before terminating. (The task may allocate and/or release the device implicitly by insuring that another task is scheduled to perform the function.)

2.3 States of the System

At any instant, the System is operating in one of two states:

- 1) System state--A special system task, called the idle-time task (Section 4), is executed. However, an incoming message from the 201A dataphone which is not directed to a user task will cause the 201-to-teleprinter task (Section 3.4.1) to be scheduled.
- 2) User state--All scheduled user tasks are executed and the idle-time task is not executed. The 201-to-tele-printer task is scheduled when necessary as in system state.

The states of the System may be depicted by the following diagram:



2.4 Entering System State

Whenever one of the following events occurs, the System is reinitialized (i.e., all I/O activity is stopped, the task queue and all buffers are cleared, and all I/O devices are

released), and system state is entered:

- 1) The System is reloaded.
- 2) The currently executing user task terminates with the ' _k queue empty, and all output buffers become empty.
 - 3) An unidentifiable interrupt occurs.
- 4) The manual interrupt button is pressed. (The manual interrupt is used by the operator to reinitialize the System in case of emergency.)
 - 5) The task queue overflows.
- 6) The program is started at location 22_8 via the panel switches.
- 7) An illegal instruction (operation code 60_8) is executed.

Immediately after system state is entered, a comment describing which one of the above events occurred is typed on the teletype, and, if enough free display storage remains, it is displayed on the screen. Reinitializing the System does not include clearing the display storage area, but it does cause the active structure to be detached from the highest active level (Section 3.9).

3. SYSTEM SUBROUTINES

Sections 3.1 through 3.11 describe the various system subroutines which are callable from user tasks. The entry point to each subroutine occupies a fixed position in a vector such that the actual code for the subroutine may be relocated (by some future modification of the System) without requiring user tasks to be reassembled. Since the System occupies core bank 0 and user tasks cannot be loaded into bank 0, system subroutines must be called via an indirect reference, i.e., if α is the symbolic name of a system subroutine, a call to α is written in the following form:

 $JMS* = \alpha$

Most of the system subroutines return immediately after the JMS instructions which call them. (Parameters are passed in the AC and MQ.) However, several subroutines have "failure returns," i.e., a return is made immediately after the location containing the JMS instruction if the function which the subroutine must perform cannot be performed. If the subroutine succeeds, return is made to the next location. The two types of calling sequences may be illustrated as follows:

Subroutine with no failure return:

 $JMS^* = \alpha$ ---- (return)

Subroutine with failure return:

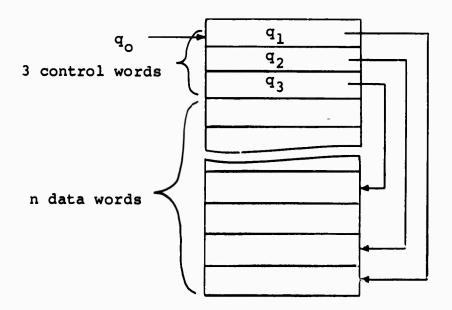
JMS* = α
----- (failure return)
----- (success return)

A subroutine which has a failure return is denoted by an asterisk (*) appended to its symbolic name in Sections 3.1 through 3.11. (The asterisk is not part of the symbolic name.)

3.1 Word Queues

The basic structure which supports cyclic I/O buffering and task scheduling in the System is a word queue. This structure consists of a block of three words, called control words, followed by n data words and has the properties of both a first-in first-out (FIFO) queue and a last-in first-out (LIFO) queue.

A word queue is represented in core as shown by the following diagram:



The symbols in the diagram are interpreted as follows:

- q_o = Address of the word queue. By convention, this
 is the address of the first control word.
- q₁ = Pointer to the physically last data word in the queue.
- q₂ = Pointer to the last word put into the queue (FIFO sense).
- q_3 = Pointer to the last word taken out of the queue.

The word queue is empty whenever $q_2=q_3$, and it is full whenever $q_3=q_2+1$ or $q_3=q_0+3$ and $q_2=q_1$. The maximum number of words which may be stored in the queue is then n-1.

The cyclic nature of the word queue requires that the terms incrementing and decrementing a pointer be defined for this structure. A pointer q is "incremented" if it is modified so that it takes on the value

$$q + 1$$
, if $q \neq q_1$
 $q' = q_0 + 3$, if $q = q_1$

A pointer q is "decremented" if it is modified so that it takes on the value

$$q - 1$$
, if $q \neq q_0 + 3$
 $q'' = q_1$, if $q = q_0 + 3$

The following system subroutines have been defined for managing word queues:

- Q.C The word queue whose address is given in bits 3-17 of the AC is cleared. (q $_2$ and q $_3$ are both set equal to q_1 .)
- Q.I*- The word given in the MQ is added in LIFO fashion to the word queue whose address is given in bits 3-17 of the AC. (The word to be queued is stored in the location which q_3 references, and q_3 is decremented.) A failure return is made if the queue is full before the operation is attempted.
- Q.A*- The word given in the MQ is added in FIFO fashion to the word queue whose address is given in bits 3-17 of the AC. (q_2 is incremented and the word to be queued is stored in the location which the resulting q_2 references.) A failure return is

made if the queue is full before the operation is attempted.

Q.F*- A word is fetched from the word queue whose address is given in bits 3-17 of the AC and is returned in the AC. (q₃ is incremented, and the word stored in the location which the resulting q₃ references is fetched.) A failure return is made if the word queue is empty before the operation is attempted.

A word queue may be constructed by defining only the pointers \mathbf{q}_0 and \mathbf{q}_1 , since, if the queue is cleared (via Q.C) before it is used, the pointers \mathbf{q}_2 and \mathbf{q}_3 will be automatically established. For example, the word queue whose address is Q may be constructed by the following two statements, where ϵ is an expression whose value is n+2:

Q \$DC *+ε \$DS ε

As an example of the manipulation (but not application) of word queues, consider a task, whose entry point is TASK, which stores sequential integers on a first-in, first-out basis in the word queue FIFO until the queue is full, and then copies words from FIFO into another word queue LIFO on a last-in, first-out basis. Both FIFO and LIFO will be assumed to have a capacity of X words, where X is a predefined symbol. An algorithm for this task is given below. (T.F is described in Section 3.2.)

TASK	LAC	=FIFO	GET ADDRESS OF FIFO QUEUE
	JMS*	≕Q.C	CLEAR FIFO QUEUE
	LAC	=LIFO	GET ADDRESS OF LIFO QUEUE
	JMS*	=Q.C	CLEAR LIFO QUEUE
	DZM	COUNT	START COUNTING AT ZERO
LOOP1	LAC	COUNT	GET VALUE OF INTEGER
	LMQ		SET UP PARAMETER
	LAC	=FIFO	GET ADDRESS OF FIFO OUEUE

	JMS*	=Q.A	ADD INTEGER TO QUEUE
	JMP	LOOP2	COPY INTO OTHER QUEUE
	ISZ	COUNT	INCREMENT COUNTER
	JMP	LOOP1	QUEUE NEXT INTEGER
LOOP2	LAC	=FIFO	GET ADDRESS OF FIFO QUEUE
	JMS*	=Q.F	FETCH WORD FROM QUEUE
	JMS*	=T.F	TERMINATE TASK
	LMQ		SET UP PARAMETER
	LAC	=LIFO	GET ADDRESS OF LIFO QUEUE
	JMS*	=Q.I	INSERT WORD ON QUEUE
	\$DC	0	PROGRAM SHOULD NEVER GET HERE
	JMP	LOOP2	COPY NEXT WORD
FIFO	\$DC	*+X+3	
	\$DS	X+3	
LIFO	\$DC	*+X+3	
	\$DS	X+3	

3.2 Task Scheduling and I/O Device Allocation

The following system subroutines have been defined for controlling task scheduling:

- T.S The task whose address appears in bits 3-17 in the AC is scheduled for execution.
- T.P The task whose entry point is the location immediately preceding the call to T.P is scheduled for execution, and execution of the task which called T.P is terminated.
- T.F Execution of the task which called T.F is terminated.

As an example of the use of these system subroutines, consider a task, whose entry point is SCHED, which schedules the two tasks TASK1 and TASK2 after a nonzero value is stored (by some other task) in location SWITCH. One algorithm for this task is the following:

SCHED	JMS	CHECK	SKIP IF SWITCH IS SET
	JMS*	=T.P	WAIT FOR SWITCH TO BE SET
	LAC	=TASK1	GET ADDRESS OF FIRST TASK
	JMS*	=T.S	SCHEDULE FIRST TASK
	LAC	=TASK2	GET ADDRESS OF SECOND TASK
	JMS*	=T.S	SCHEDULE SECOND TASK
	JMS*	=T.F	TERMINATE TASK
CHECK	\$DC	0	
	LAC	SWITCH	GET SWITCH VALUE
	SZA		SKIP IF SWITCH NOT SET
	ISZ	CHECK	INDICATE SUCCESS
	JMP*	CHECK	RETURN

The call to T.P is given whenever the subroutine CHECK produces a failure return (in the same sense that some system subroutines produce failure returns) to reschedule the call to CHECK. Because tasks are scheduled on a first-in first-out basis, the rescheduled call to CHECK is not executed until each other eligible task in the task queue has been executed.

A task allocates and releases I/O devices by calling appropriate system subroutines, supplying them with "allocation masks." An allocation mask is a representation of the set of I/O devices which are involved in an allocation operation. Each bit position in the mask is associated with one I/O device. If a bit position contains a 1, the corresponding I/O device is involved in the operation; otherwise, it is not. The bit position assignments are given by the following table:

Bit Position	I/O Device
9	201 Dataphone Input
10	201 Dataphone Output
11	Reader
12	Punch
13	Keyboard
14	Teleprinter
15	D/A Converter
16	Push Buttons
17	Display

The following system subroutines have been defined for controlling I/O device allocation:

- T.A The I/O devices specified by the allocation mask in bits 9-17 of the AC are allocated. The calling task is terminated, and the return from this subroutine is scheduled as a task to be executed after the specified devices become available. Bits 0-4 of the AC are ignored.
- T.R The I/O devices specified by the allocation mask in bits 9-17 of the AC are released. Bits 0-4 of the AC are ignored.

In order to guarantee that all scheduled user tasks become eligible for execution in a finite amount of time, I/O device allocation must be performed according to the following rule:

Whenever an I/O device is allocated, all other I/O devices which are to be allocated before it is released must also be allocated.

As an example of I/O device allocation, consider two tasks, which are scheduled one immediately after the other, whose I/O device allocation activity is summarized by the following tables (where $t_{i,k+1} > t_{i,k}$):

Task #1:

Time	Devices Allocated	Devices Released
t ₁₁	A	-
t ₁₂	В	-
t ₁₃	-	A
t ₁₄	С	-
t ₁₅	-	B,C

Task #2:

Time	Devices Allocated	Devices Released
^t 21	С	-
t ₂₂	В	-
^t 23	-	B,C

Assume the rule given above is ignored, and the I/O devices are allocated precisely as shown in the above tables. Then, if $t_{22} > t_{12} > t_{21}$ $t_{14} \to \infty$ and $t_{22} \to \infty$ because Task #1 will not release device B until it can allocate device C, and Task #2 will not release device C until it can allocate device B.

By applying the allocation rule to the above tables, the following new tables are obtained:

Task #1:

Time	Devices Allocated	Devices Released
t' ₁₁	A,B,C	-
t'12	-	B,C
t' ₁₃	B,C	-
t'14	-	A,C
t' ₁₅	С	-
t'16	-	B,C

Task #2:

Time	Devices Allocated	Devices Released
t' ₂₁	B,C	-
t'22	-	В
t'23	В	-
t'24	-	B,C

With this modification, all tasks will become eligible for execution. (A new task is scheduled and the calling task is terminated each time I/O devices are allocated.)

A subroutine which may be called by several concurrently executing tasks and which allows tasks other than the one
which called it to execute before it returns is in danger of
being reentered from one task while it is servicing another.
This event results in the loss of the return address for the
subroutine and perhaps some of the data upon which the subroutine operates. To facilitate the writing of reentrable subroutines (i.e., subroutines which are protected against reentry),
the following system subroutines have been defined:

- T.L Lock subroutine against reentry. If the location which immediately follows the call to T.L does not contain zero, the call to the subroutine whose entry point immediately precedes the call to T.L is rescheduled. Otherwise, the content of the location which immediately precedes the call to T.L is copied into the location which immediately follows the call to T.L.
- T.U Unlock reentrable subroutine. The location whose address is the address contained in the word which immediately follows the call to T.U plus 2 is zeroed, and a JMP to the address which was stored in that location before it was zeroed is executed.

Because both T.L and T.U must preserve the contents of the AC and MQ, these subroutines have the following special calling sequences:

Calling sequence for T.L:

---- \$DC 0 (reentrable subroutine entry point)

JMS* =T.L

\$DC 0 (save location for T.L)

---- (return)

Calling sequence for T.U:

JMS* = T.U

\$DC ---- (subroutine entry point)

As an example of the use of T.L and T.U, consider the reentrable subroutine WAIT which returns to its calling task after all tasks on the task queue have had a chance to execute. An algorithm for this subroutine is the following:

WAIT \$DC 0

JMS* =T.L SET REENTRY LOCK

\$DC 0 SAVE LOC FOR T.L

SKP		SCHEDULE NEXT LOC AS TASK
SKP		RETURN
JMS*	=T.P	SCHEDULE PREVIOUS LOC AS TASK
JMS*	=T.U	UNLOCK SUBROUTINE & RETURN
\$DC	WAIT	SUBROUTINE ENTRY POINT

3.3 Format Conversions

Characters are represented internally in the System by 6-bit codes to facilitate storage of three characters per word. Since ASCII character codes must be available for teletype, paper tape, and dataphone I/O, conversions between ASCII and 6-bit codes must be frequently performed. In addition, the ll-bit sign-magnitude coordinates required by the display control's vector mode must often be converted to and from 18-bit two's complement representation. To satisfy these requirements, the following system subroutines have been defined:

- C.B6 The binary number given in the AC is converted to its corresponding 6-bit octal representation, which is returned in the AC and MQ (high-order digits in AC, low-order digits in MQ).
- C.6A The 6-bit code given in bits 12-17 of the AC is converted to the corresponding ASCII code, which is returned in bits 10-17 of the AC, with bits 0-9 cleared and the parity bit of the ASCII code (i.e., bit 10 of the AC) set, regardless of the parity. Bits 0-11 of the AC are ignored on entry.
- C.A6 The ASCII code given in bits 10-17 of the AC is converted to the corresponding 6-bit code, which is returned in bits 12-17 of the AC, with bits 0-11 cleared. Bits 0-9 of the AC and the parity bit of the ASCII code (i.e., bit 10 of the AC) are ignored on entry.

- C.CB The vector mode sign-magnitude display coordinate given in bits 7-17 of the AC is converted to the corresponding two's complement representation, which is returned in the AC. Bits 0-6 of the AC are ignored on entry.
- C.BC The two's complement number in the AC is converted modulo 2¹⁰ to the corresponding vector mode sign-magnitude display coordinate representation, which is returned in bits 7-17 of the AC with bits 0-6 cleared.

The 6-bit codes used by the System may each be represented by two octal digits as shown by the following table:

				Sed	cond	Octa	l Di	git	
		0	1	. 2	3	4	5	6	7
بد	0	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Digi	1	8	9	A	В	С	D	E	F
Ö	2	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N
Octal	3	0	P	Q	R	S	T	U	V
	4	W	X	Y	Z	*	/	+	-
ů t	5	()	[]	<	=	>	†
Firs	6	+	•	,	:	;	?	1	•
щ	7	"	\$	#	&	cr	ℓf	sp	

cr = carriage return

 $\ell f \equiv line feed$

sp = space

All ASCII characters which do not appear in the table are mapped into 77_8 . The only printing characters which are treated in this manner are "%", "@", and " ".

3.4 Buffered I/O

Input data from the dataphone, the paper tape reader, and the keyboard, as well as output data to the dataphone,

paper tape punch, and teleprinter, are buffered by the System. In the event that an input buffer is empty or an output buffer is full and the system subroutine which transfers data between the buffer and a task is called, the return from the subroutine is scheduled as a task to be executed only after the state of the buffer changes, and execution of the calling task is terminated.

3.4.1 Dataphone I/O

The following system subroutines have been defined for managing the 201 dataphone buffers:

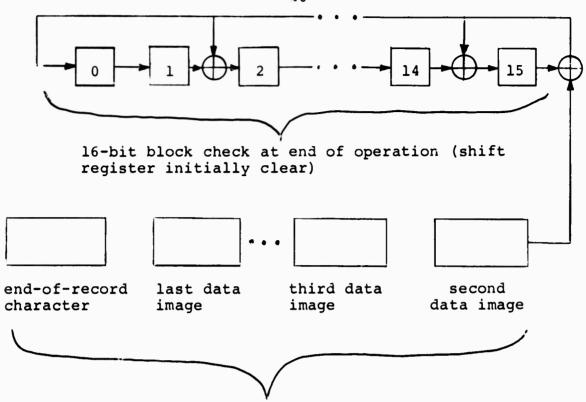
- B.FI* An image is fetched from the 201 dataphone input buffer and is returned in bits 10-17 of the AC. Bits 0-9 of the AC are cleared, unless the image is an end-of-record character in which case bits 0-4 are set and bits 5-9 are cleared. A failure return is made if the data set is not connected.
- B.FO* The image in bits 10-17 of the AC is sent to the 201 dataphone output buffer. If bit 0 of the AC is set, the image is interpreted as an end-of-record character, and transmission is begun. A failure return is made before the image is buffered if the data set is not connected.

Since actual dataphone transmission is record-oriented (although transfer of data between the dataphone buffers and tasks is not), the return from B.FI to the calling task is delayed until the dataphone input buffer contains a complete record, and the return from B.FO is delayed until the last record transmitted has been affirmatively acknowledged by the other party. In simpler terms, the dataphone input buffer is considered to be empty whenever it does not contain a complete record, and the dataphone output buffer is considered to be full whenever the last transmitted record has not been affirmatively acknowledged.

Dataphone records are formatted according to the conventions adorted by The University of Michigan Computing Center at the time of this report. Each record is formatted (if transmitted) or interpreted (if received) by the System and consists of the following sections:

- 1. Several synchronous idle (SYN) characters (026₈). (At least two are required when receiving; eight are transmitted.)
 - 2. A data link escape (DLE) character (220g).
- 3. Data. The 8-bit images in this section are arbitrary binary, with the exception that a DLE character (with either parity) is preceded by a DLE. The first DLE is ignored when the record is received, and serves only to cause the second one to be interpreted as data. (A pair of characters consisting of a DLE followed by a SYN is ignored when receiving, although this sequence is never transmitted.)
 - 4. A DLE character.
 - 5. An end-of-record character.
- 6. The high-order 8 bits of the block check (described below).
- 7. The low-order 8 bits of the block check (described below).
 - 8. A pad character (377_8) .

In order to facilitate detection of burst errors, a l6-bit cyclic block check is included in each dataphone record. For purposes of computing this block check, the data sequence (consisting of the concatenation of the second through the last data images, plus the end-of-record character) is regarded as a cyclic polynomial code. The block check is obtained by simultaneously multiplying the polynomial representation of the data sequence by \mathbf{x}^{16} and dividing it by $\mathbf{x}^{16} + \mathbf{x}^{15} + \mathbf{x}^2 + \mathbf{1}$ (where the coefficients of the polynomials are taken from the field of two elements). The following diagram illustrates this operation:



Data Sequence (low-order bits of each image used first)

Whenever a dataphone record is received by either party, the block check is computed and compared with the received block check. If the two block checks match, the dataphone record is assumed to have been received correctly, and an affirmative acknowledgment is returned when the receiving party is ready for the next record. However, if the two block checks do not match, a negative acknowledgment, which is a request for the record to be retransmitted, is returned, and the incorrectly received record is discarded. The System assumes complete responsibility for managing acknowledgments and retransmissions for the 339.

Whenever a dataphone record is received with a correct block check, the first data image is examined. If it is zero, user tasks are given access to it via the system subroutine B.FI. Otherwise, a special 201-to-teleprinter task is scheduled to type the record (interpreting it as a sequence of ASCII codes) as soon as the teleprinter becomes available. In

this way, unsolicited messages from the remote party are typed and routed clear of tasks which are using the dataphone.

Whenever the end-of-record character for either a transmitted or received record is an enquiry (005₈) or an end-of-transmission (204₈), both dataphone buffers (input and output) are cleared, and the last record transmitted is considered to have been affirmatively acknowledged. Note that transmitted records of this form will be processed normally by the System (except that immediate acknowledgment will be assumed), but received records of this form will be discarded once the end-of-record character is detected.

As an example of the use of B.FI and B.FO, consider the task MIRROR which receives 64 dataphone images in an arbitrary number of records (not including the zero images required to route records to tasks), transmits all of them in one dataphone output record, and ignores the remainder of the last dataphone input record which it examined. An algorithm for this task is the following (L.T is described in Section 3.11):

MIRROR	LAW	600	GET ALLOCATION MASK
	JMS*	=T.A	ALLOCATE 201 INPUT & OUTPUT
	LAW	17700	LOAD AC WITH -64
	DAC	COUNT	INITIALIZE IMAGE COUNT
START	JMS*	=B.FI	GET REDUNDANT IMAGE
	JMP	HELP	DATA SET NOT CONNECTED
READ	JMS*	=B.FI	GET INPUT IMAGE
	JMP	HELP	DATA SET NOT CONNECTED
	SPA		SKIP IF NOT END OF RECORD
	JMP	START	READ NEXT RECORD
	JMS*	=B.FO	PUT IN OUTPUT BUFFER
	JMP	HELP	DATA SET NOT CONNECTED
	ISZ	COUNT	SKIP IF RECORD LONG ENOUGH
	JMP	READ	READ NEXT IMAGE
	JMS*	=B.FI	GET INPUT IMAGE
	JMP	HELP	DATA SET NOT CONNECTED

	SMA		SKIP IF END OF RECORD
	JMP	*-3	READ ANOTHER IMAGE
	JMS*	=B. FO	TERMINATE OUTPUT RECORD
	JMP	HELP	DATA SET NOT CONNECTED
	LAW	600	GET ALLOCATION MASK
	JMS*	=T.R	RELEASE 201 INPUT & OUTPUT
	JMS*	$=T \cdot F$	TERMINATE TASK
HELP	LAW	600	GET ALLOCATION MASK
	JMS*	$=T \cdot R$	RELEASE 201 INPUT & OUTPUT
	LAW	10	GET ALLOCATION MASK
	JMS*	=T.A	ALLOCATE TELEPRINTER
	LAC	=TEXT	GET ADDRESS OF TEXT LIST
	JMS*	$=L \cdot T$	TYPE TEXT LIST
	LAW	10	GET ALLOCATION MASK
	JMS*	=T.R	RELEASE TELEPRINTER
	JMS*	=T.F	TERMINATE TASK
TEXT	\$DC	20	
	\$TEXT	' ATA SE	T NOT CONNECTED. 'MIRROR' TERMINATED."
	\$DC	747577	

3.4.2 Paper Tape I/O

The following system subroutines have been defined for managing the paper tape reader and punch buffers:

- B.R* An image is fetched from the reader buffer and returned in bits 10-17 of the AC. Bits 0-9 of the AC are cleared. Only one end-of-record character (zero) may be returned by two successive calls to B.R. A failure return is made if the reader is out of tape and the reader buffer is empty.
- B.P* The image in bits 10-17 in the AC is sent to the punch buffer. A failure return is made if the punch is out of tape and the punch buffer is full.

Paper tape formats are arbitrary, subject to the restriction that a zero image (i.e., a line of blank tape) which immediately follows a nonzero image is interpreted as an end-of-record character and all other zero images are ignored. However, the format which is read and punched by the data transfers of the idle-time task (Section 4.1) is recommended for compatibility reasons. In this format, the two high-order bits of each 8-bit tape image are interpreted as control information, and the remaining 6 bits are interpreted as data. The two control bits are interpreted as follows:

- 00 mode change
- 01 binary origin
- 10 binary data
- 11 alphanumeric data

There are 64 possible mode changes (designated by the low-order 6 bits of a mode change tape image), only one of which has been defined at the time of this writing, i.e., the end-of-record character 000₈. (An example of possible future mode change assignments is a set of relocation modes for relocatable binary records.)

A binary block consists of three binary origin images followed by a multiple of three binary data images. The block represents a set of 18-bit words to be loaded starting at the address indicated by the data bits of the three origin images. For example, the binary block which indicates that location 23572_8 should contain 621365_8 and that location 23573_8 should contain 176234_8 is the following:

A binary record is a concatenation of binary blocks, followed by the end-of-record character (000_8) .

An alphanumeric record consists of an arbitrary number of alphanumeric tape images (where the 6 data bits in each image represent a 6-bit character code), followed by an end-of-record character (000 $_8$).

As an example of the use of the paper tape I/O system subroutines, consider a task COPY which copies one record of paper tape:

COPY	LAW	140	GET ALLOCATION MASK
	JMS*	=T.A	ALLOCATE READER & PUNCH
	JMS*	=B.R	GET IMAGE FROM READER
	JMP	RERR	READER OUT OF TAPE
	SNA		SKIP IF NOT END OF RECORD
	JMP	*+4	END OF RECORD
	JMS*	=B.P	PUNCH IMAGE
	JMP	PERR	PUNCH OUT OF TAPE
	JMP	COPY+2	READ NEXT IMAGE
	JMS*	=B.P	PUNCH END OF RECORD
	JMP	PERR	PUNCH OUT OF TAPE
	LAW	140	GET ALLOCATION MASK
	JMS*	=T.R	RELEASE READER & PUNCH
	JMS*	=T.F	TERMINATE TASK
RERR	LAC	=RERRT	GET ADDRESS OF TEXT LIST
	SKP		TYPE DIAGNOSTIC
PERR	LAC	=PERRT	GET ADDRESS OF TEXT LIST
	DAC	TEXT	SAVE ADDRESS OF TEXT LIST
	LAW	140	GET ALLOCATION MASK
	JMS*	=T.R	RELEASE READER & PUNCH
	LAW	10	GET ALLOCATION MASK
	JMS*	=T.A	ALLOCATE TELEPRINTER
	LAC	TEXT	GET ADDRESS OF TEXT LIST
	JMS*	=L.T	TYPE DIAGNOSTIC
•	LAC	=END	GET ADDRESS OF TEXT LIST

JMS* =L.TTYPE TEXT LIST LAW 10 GET ALLOCATION MASK =T.RJMS* RELEASE TELEPRINTER JMS* =T.FTERMINATE TASK RERRT' \$DC 2 \$TEXT "READER" \$DC **PERRT** "PUNCH" \$TEXT \$DC **END** 15 \$TEXT "OUT OF TAPE" \$DC 747577 \$TEXT "COPY TASK TERMINATED" \$DC 747577

3.4.3 Teletype I/O

The following system subroutines have been defined for managing the keyboard and teleprinter buffers:

- B.K A 6-bit character is fetched from the keyboard buffer and returned in bits 12-17 of the AC. Bits 0-11 of the AC are cleared.
- B.T The three six-bit characters in bits 0-5, 6-11, and 12-17 of the AC are sent to the teleprinter buffer to be typed in respective order. (The null character 77₈ will not be typed, even as a non-printing character.)

As an example of the use of these subroutines, consider the task ENCODE which accepts characters from the keyboard and types the octal representation of the corresponding 6-bit codes. When a null character is typed, the task is terminated. An algorithm for this task is the following:

ENCODE	LAW	30	GET ALLOCATION MASK
	JMS*	=T.A	ALLOCATE KEYBOARD & TELEPRINTER
	JMS*	=B.K	GET CHARACTER FROM KEYBOARD
	SAD	=77	SKIP IF NOT NULL CHARACTER
	JMP	END	TERMINATE TASK

	JMS*	=C.B6	CONVERT TO 6-BIT OCTAL CODE
	LACQ		GET LOW-ORDER DIGITS
	XOR	=770000	REMOVE HIGH-ORDER ZERO
	JMS*	$=B \cdot T$	TYPE ENCODED CHARACTER
	LAW	17475	GET CARRIAGE RETURN, LINE FEED CODE
	JMS*	=B.T	TYPE CARRIAGE RETURN, LINE FEED
	JMP	ENCODE+2	PROCESS NEXT CHARACTER
END	LAW	30	GET ALLOCATION MASK
	JMS*	=T.R	RELEASE KEYBOARD & TELEPRINTER
	JMS*	=T.F	TERMINATE TASK

3.5 Nonbuffered I/O

Three devices which might appear to require buffering are not buffered: the clock, the A/D converter, and the D/A converter. The clock, which is normally used in an interactive system to check for the occurrence of certain events within specified time intervals, is often programmed in a multiprogramming system such that any task may use it at any time. This is accomplished through the use of a buffer into which entries (each consisting of a return pointer and a time interval) may be inserted at arbitrary points. Since the buffer required is considerably more complicated than those used by other devices, the cost of programming the clock in this manner was found to be excessive.

Since A/D converter data should be interpreted in real time, these data are not buffered. Instead, whenever a task calls the system subroutine to obtain data from the A/D converter, the device is selected, the return from the subroutine is scheduled as a task to be executed after the conversion is complete, and execution of the calling task is terminated.

The D/A converter requires only two microseconds to produce an output after it is selected, whereas the minimum time between selections of a particular D/A channel is four microseconds. Consequently, the System does not buffer D/A converter data.

The following system subroutines have been defined for nonbuffered I/O:

- N.C Execution of the calling task is terminated and the return from N.C is scheduled as a task to be executed at least the number of sixtieths of a second later which is the two's complement of the number given in the AC.
- N.A The channel of the A/D converter specified in bits 12-17 of the AC is selected, and the converted value, when obtained, is returned in bits 0-11 of the AC. Bits 12-17 of the AC are cleared. The returned value, if interpreted as an ordinary two's complement number, is -2 (1+V/5), where V is the applied input voltage (which ranges from 0 to -10 volts).
- N.Dl- D/A converter channel #1 is selected. The output of the channel is set to $-5(1+2^{-17}A)$ volts, where A is the content of the AC.
- N.D2- D/A converter channel #2 is selected. The output of the channel is set to $-5(1+2^{-17}A)$ volts, where A is the content of the AC.
- N.D3- D/A converter channel #3 is selected. The output of the channel is set to $-5(1+2^{-17}A)$ volts, where A is the content of the AC.

As an example of a use of N.C, consider the task PROMPT which types "PLEASE TYPE NOW" once about every eight seconds until the operator types something on the keyboard, and types "THANK YOU" when the operator finishes typing a line. An algorithm for this task is the following:

PROMPT	LAW	30	GET ALLOCATION MASK
	JMS*	$=T \cdot A$	ALLOCATE KEYBOARD & TELEPRINTER
	DZM	DONE	INDICATE NO KETBOARD RESPONSE
	LAC	=POLITE	GET ADDRESS OF KEYBOARD CHECKER

	JMS*	=T.S	SCHEDULE KEYBOARD CHECKER
	LAC	=TXT1	GET ADDRESS OF TEXT LIST
	JMS*	=L.T	TYPE "PLEASE TYPE NOW"
	LAW	-1000	GET TIME PARAMETER
	JMS*	=N.C	WAIT ABOUT 8 SECONDS
	LAC	DONE	GET KEYBOARD RESPONSE SWITCH
	SNA		SKIP IF RESPONSE OBTAINED
	JMP	PROMPT+5	PROMPT OPERATOR AGAIN
	JMS*	$=T \cdot F$	TERMINATE EXECUTION
POLITE	JMS*	=B.K	GET KEYBOARD CHARACTER
	XOR	=777700	PRECEDE WITH NULL CHARACTERS
	DAC	DONE	SET KEYBOARD RESPONSE SWITCH
	SAD	=777774	SKIP IF NOT CARRIAGE RETURN
	JMP	*+3	END OF INPUT LINE
	JMS*	$=B \cdot T$	ECHO CHARACTER ON TELEPRINTER
	JMP	POLITE	GET ANOTHER CHARACTER
	LAC	=TXT2	GET ADDRESS OF TEXT LIST
	JMS*	=L.T	TYPE "THANK YOU"
	LAW	30	GET ALLOCATION MASK
	JMS*	= T . R	RELEASE KEYBOARD AND TELEPRINTER
	JMS*	=T.F	TERMINATE EXECUTION
TXTl	\$DC	6	
	\$TEXT	"PLEASE T	YPE NOW"
	\$DC	747577	
TXT2	\$DC	5	
	\$DC	747577	
	\$TEXT	"THANK YO	"
	\$DC	747577	

As an example of the use of N.A, consider the task COMPAR which samples channels 0 and 1 of the A/D converter until the inputs on the two channels are close enough to each other that the same value is read from each channel. When this condition is satisfied, the comment "ANALOG INPUTS MATCH" is typed on the teletype. An algorithm for this task is the following:

COMPAR	CLA		GET CHANNEL 0 PARAMETER
	JMS*	=N.A	CONVERT CHANNEL 0 VALUE
	DAC	VALUE	SAVE CHANNEL 0 VALUE
	LAW	1	GET CHANNEL 1 PARAMETER
	JMS*	=N.A	CONVERT CHANNEL 1 VALUE
	CMA		FORM 1 COMPLEMENT
	TAD	VALUE	ADD CHANNEL 0 VALUE
	CMA		FORM DIFFERENCE IN VALUES
	SZA		SKIP IF VALUES EQUAL
	JMP	COMPAR	OBTAIN NEW SAMPLES
	LAW	10	GET ALLOCATION MASK
	JMS*	=T.A	ALLOCATE TELEPRINTER
	LAC	FOUND	GET ADDRESS OF TEXT LIST
	JMS*	=L.T	TYPE "ANALOG INPUTS MATCH"
	LAW	10	GET ALLOCATION MASK
	JMS*	=T.R	RELEASE TELEPRINTER
	JMS*	=T.F	TERMINATE EXECUTION
FOUND	\$DC	10	
	\$TEXT	"ANALOG I	NPUTS MATCH"
	\$DC	747577	

3.6 Push-Button Processing

The following system subroutines have been defined for managing the push buttons which are associated with the display control:

- P.T The task whose address is given in bits 3-17 of the AC is declared to be the service task for manual operation of the push buttons (i.e., this task is scheduled whenever the state of the push buttons is altered by the operator).

 If the AC contains zero when P.T is called, a null service task (i.e., one which calls P.E and terminates) is used.
- P.E Manual operation of the push buttons is enabled
 (i.e., the state of the push buttons may be
 changed by the operator).

- P.D Manual operation of the push buttons is disabled (i.e., the state of the push buttons may not be changed by the operator). A call to P.D is effected whenever the operator changes the state of the push buttons.
- P.R Push buttons 0-11 are read into bits 6-17 of the AC, and bits 0-5 of the AC are cleared.
- P.S Push buttons 0-11 are set according to bit 6-17 of the AC.

As an example of the use of these subroutines, consider the task BUTTON which enables manual operation of the push buttons and sets the button numbered one greater (modulo 12) than the number of the one pushed by the operator. The procedure is terminated and all push buttons are cleared when a keyboard character is struck. An algorithm for this task is the following:

BUTTON	LAW	22	GET ALLOCATION MASK
	JMS*	=T.A	ALLOCATE KEYBOARD & PUSH BUTTONS
	LAC	=SERV	GET ADDRESS OF SERVICE TASK
	JMS*	=P.T	DECLARE SERVICE TASK
	CLA		GET INITIAL PUSH BUTTON STATE
	DAC	STATE	SAVE FOR USE BY SERV
	JMS*	=P.S	SET INITIAL PUSH BUTTON STATE
	JMS*	=P.E	ENABLE MANUAL OPERATION
	JMS*	=B.K	GET KEYBOARD CHARACTER
	JMS*	=P.D	DISABLE MANUAL OPERATION
	CLA		GET FINAL PUSH BUTTON STATE
	JMS*	=P.S	CLEAR PUSH BUTTONS
	CLA		GET NULL SERVICE PARAMETER
	JMS*	=P.T	DECLARE NULL SERVICE TASK
	LAW	22	GET ALLOCATION MASK
	JMS*	=T.R	RELEASE KEYBOARD & PUSH BUTTONS
	JMS*	=T.F	TERMINATE TASK
SERV	JMS*	=P.R	READ PUSH BUTTONS

XOR	STATE	ISOLATE LAST BUTTON PUSHED
RCR		FORM MASK FOR SETTING BUTTONS
SNA		SKIP JF NOT BUTTON #11
LAC	=4000	SET BUTTON #0 BIT
DAC	STATE	SAVE NEW PUSH BUTTON STATE
JMS*	-∵.S	SET NEW PUSH BUTTON STATE
JMS*	=P.F	ENABLE MANUAL OPERATION
JMS*	$=\mathbf{T}\cdot \mathbf{T}$	TERMINATE TASK

3.7 Display Control Communication

The following system subroutines have been defined for communicating with the display control:

- D.E Display interrupts are enabled (i.e., a light pen flag interrupt or an internal stop interrupt will cause the System to read the display status information required for D.A, D.Y, D.X, and D.O and to schedule the appropriate service task).
- D.D Display interrupts are disabled (i.e., the System will ignore light pen flag and internal stop interrupts). A call to D.D is effected whenever a display interrupt occurs.
- D.P The task whose address is given in bits 3-17 of the AC is declared to be the service task for light pen flags. This task is scheduled whenever the light pen sees an intensified portion of the display on which the light pen is enabled (see Section 3.10), providing that display interrupts are enabled (via D.E). If the AC contains zero when D.P is called, a null service task (i.e., one which calls D.E and terminates) is used.
- D.A The address of the display on the last display interrupt is returned in bits 3-17 of the AC with bits 0-2 clear.

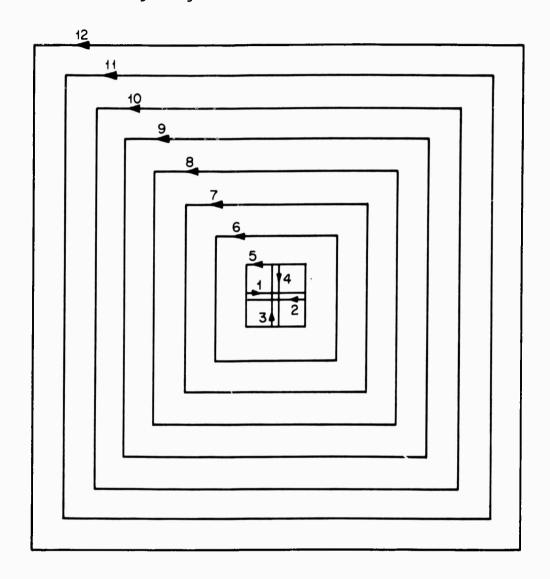
- D.Y The y coordinate of the display (measured relative to the center of the screen in scale x1) on the last display interrupt is returned in the AC as a two's complement number.
- D.X The x coordinate of the display (measured relative to the center of the screen in scale x1) on the last display interrupt is returned in the AC as a two's complement number.
- D.O*- The address which is the operand of the push jump instruction which was the number of entries given in bits 12-17 of the AC above the last entry in the display control's push-down list or the last display interrupt is returned in bits 3-17 of the AC with bits 0-2 clear. (A more meaningful interpretation of this subroutine may be obtained from the examples in Section 3.10.) A failure return is made if the indicated push jump instruction does not exist.

The external stop interrupt and the edge flag interrupt are not used. The function of the external stop interrupt may be performed via an unconditional internal stop interrupt (via S.LU, which is described in Section 3.10). Since the virtual display area established by the System is 75 inches by 75 inches, the edge flags, if used, would occur on the left and lower edges of the screen, but not on the upper or right edges. Because of this inconsistency, the edge flags are not used.

3.8 Light Pen Tracking

A light pen tracking algorithm is supplied with the System to enable user tasks to follow the motion of the light pen. This algorithm has been empirically determined to track the light pen at any attainable speed, and it is insensitive to changes in direction because it does not involve prediction.

The tracking algorithm may be described with the aid of the following diagram:



When the display for the tracking algorithm is begun, strokes 1 and 2 are drawn. (Strokes 1 and 2 are actually coincident.) The x coordinate of the first light pen hit on each stroke is recorded. If both x coordinates are obtained, a new x coordinate for the tracking cross is computed as their average. Strokes 3 and 4 are then drawn, and a new y coordinate for the tracking cross is computed in similar manner if both y coordinates are obtained.

If any one of the four coordinates required to compute a new position of the tracking cross is not obtained, a search pattern consisting of concentric squares 5 through 12 is drawn. When a light pen hit is detected on any one of these squares, the search pattern is terminated, and the tracking cross is placed at the coordinates of the hit. If square 12 is completed and no light pen hit is detected, the tracking process is terminated.

whenever the tracking cross is positioned via the search pattern, rather than by averaging coordinates, the tracking display is immediately repeated. The remainder of the active display structure (Section 3.9) is not displayed until the tracking cross can be positioned by averaging coordinates. In this way, the tracking display is given priority over all other displays whenever the light pen is being moved rapidly and tracking is in process.

The following system subroutines have been defined for controlling the tracking process:

- X.I The tracking cross is placed at the y coordinate given in the AC and the x coordinate given in the MQ, and the tracking process is begun. The coordinates, which are given as two's complement numbers, are interpreted modulo 2¹⁰ measured in scale xl relative to the center of the screen.
- X.R The tracking process is resumed with the tracking cross at the coordinates where tracking was last terminated (by X.T or by completion of square 12).
- X.T The tracking process is terminated. (The tracking cross is removed from the screen.)
- X.S*- A failure return is made if tracking is in
 process.
- x.y The y tracking coordinate is returned in the AC as a two's complement number measured in scale xl relative to the center of the screen. If tracking

is not in process, the y coordinate where tracking was last terminated is returned.

X.X - The x tracking coordinate is returned in the AC as a two's complement number measured in scale xl relative to the center of the screen. If tracking is not in process, the x coordinate where tracking was last terminated is returned.

The tracking algorithm is independent of D.E and D.D.

3.9 Display Structure Topology

Each entity to be displayed is represented in the display structure provided by the System as a position in the hierarchy of the entities which constitute the picture. Each position in the hierarchy is implemented as a display subroutine which is called a <u>level</u>. A level which is being executed by the display control at least once on every frame is called an <u>active</u> level. One particular level, which is always active and is an integral part of the system, represents the 75 inch by 75 inch virtual display area of the display control and is called the highest active level.

A display subroutine which is not itself a level and which contains no calls to levels is called a leaf. All of the drawing of visible portions of the picture is accomplished by leaves. A leaf is subject to the restriction that the state of the display (coordinates, light pen status, scale, intensity, blink status, light pen sense indicator) must be the same when the subroutine returns as when it is entered. Consequently, because the display control's POP instruction does not restore coordinates, the only data modes which are useful in leaves are vector mode, short vector mode, and increment mode.

The set L of all levels and leaves (both active and non-active) is partially ordered, i.e., there exists a relation "<" defined on L such that

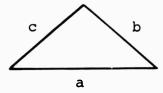
(1) $\forall x \in L$ x < x

(2) $\forall x, y \in L$ $x \leq y \text{ and } y \leq x = > x = y$

(3) $\forall x, y, z \in L$ $x \leq y$ and $y \leq z = > x \leq z$

The semantic interpretation of the expression $x \le y$ is that any modification of the entity represented by the level x (or in the drawing produced by the leaf x, if x is a leaf) will effect a corresponding modification in the entity represented by the level y. When $x \le y$, the level y is said to \underline{own} the level or leaf x. An $\underline{attribute}$ of a level y is a level or leaf x such that $x \le y$ and there does not exist a level z different from x and y such that x < z and z < y.

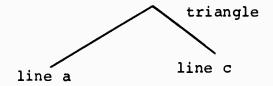
As an example of this interpretation of the relation "<", consider a triangle which is to be represented internally as a set of three lines:



A display structure for this triangle may be represented by the following diagram. (In the diagram, $x \le y$ is represented by a line joining x and y such that y appears above x in the diagram.)

line a line b line c

Note from the diagram that the triangle owns each of its sides (lines a, b, and c). If line b is now deleted, the display structure assumes the following form:



The triangle is obviously modified by this operation (in fact, it is no longer a triangle). However, the fact that the triangle has been modified does not imply that all of its attributes have been modified. In this example, lines a and c remain unchanged.

The set X of all active levels and the leaves which they own is also partially ordered, since $X \subseteq L$ and L is partially ordered. Because the highest active level represents the virtual display area of the display control, it owns every element of X. Consequently, if the operator "+" is defined by the conditions

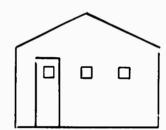
(1) $\forall x, y \in X$ $x + y \in X$

(2) $\forall x$, $y \in X$ $x \leq x + y$ and $y \leq x + y$

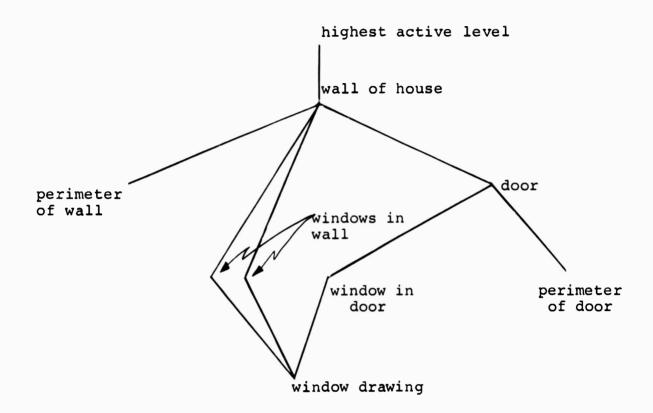
and (3) $\forall x, y, z \in X$ x < z and $y < z \implies x + y < z$,

the pair (X,+) is a semilattice. The semantic interpretation of the expression x+y is that x+y is a level which represents the most primitive entity which owns both of the entities represented by the levels x and y.

As an example of the interpretation of the operator "+", consider the following drawing of one exterior wall of a house:



For purposes of illustration, assume that all three windows in the picture are identical, each instance of each entity in the drawing is represented by a separate level, and the drawing shown is the only one being displayed. The display structure, then, assumes the following form:



Assume that a task which records two references to the picture with the light pen is being executed, and that the most primitive entity which owns both items referenced is to be deleted. Clearly, the portion of the structure which should be removed consists of everything which x+y owns, where x and y are the two levels which represent the entities referenced with the light pen. For example, if the door perimeter and a window in the wall of the house are referenced, the entire wall of the house is deleted, but if the door perimeter and the window in the door are referenced, only the door is deleted.

A level is implemented as the data structure shown by the following diagram (all numbers are octal):

Head	clear LPSI or no operation count parameters or no operation set parameters enter vector mode y coordinate (no intensity bit) x coordinate and escape bit jump instruction pointer to first node or tail	76 0 761121 762001 0
Node	<pre>push jump instruction pointer to attribute jump instruction pointer to next node or tail</pre>	76201- 0 762001 0
Tail	conditional skip internal stop address of service task blink off or no operation enter vector mode -y coordinate (no intensity bit) -x coordinate and escape bit pop instruction	76 761400 0 761121 763000

The following system subroutines have been defined for managing the display structure topology. (Examples of their use are given in Section 3.10.)

- S.TL*- A level is created and its address (i.e., the address of the first location in its head) is returned in bits 3-17 of the AC with bits 0-2 clear. A failure return is made if the level cannot be created because of insufficient free display storage.
- S.TD*- The non-active level whose address is given in bits 3-17 of the AC is destroyed. A failure return is made if the level has attributes.
- S.TI*- The level or leaf whose address is given in bits 3-17 of the MQ is inserted into (i.e., made an attribute of) the level whose address is given in bits 3-17 of the AC. The created node is inserted immediately after the head

in the level data structure. A failure return is made if the required node cannot be created because of insufficient free display storage.

S.TR*- The attribute whose address is given in bits 3-17 of the MQ is removed from the level whose address is given in bits 3-17 of the AC. This subroutine does not return until the display control has completed the current frame. (Tasks other than the calling task are executed during this delay.) A failure return is made if the specified attribute is not found in the specified level.

3.10 Level Modification

The following system subroutines have been defined for modifying existing levels:

- S.LH The address of the highest active level is returned in bits 3-17 of the AC with bits 0-2 clear.
- S.LY The y coordinate of the level whose address is given in bits 3-17 of the AC is set to the value given in the MQ. The given coordinate is interpreted as a two's complement number in the scale of the specified level, measured relative to the y coordinate of each level of which the specified level is an attribute. This subroutine has no effect on the highest active level, where the coordinates are at the center of the screen.
- S.LX The x coordinate of the level whose address is given in bits 3-17 of the AC is set to the value given in the MQ. The given coordinate is interpreted as a two's complement number in

the scale of the specified level, measured relative to the x coordinate of each level of which the specified level is an attribute. This subroutine has no effect on the highest active level, where the coordinates are at the center of the screen.

S.LP - The scale, intensity, and light pen status are set on the level whose address is given in bits 3-17 of the AC according to bits 9-17 of the MQ. The content of the MQ is interpreted as follows:

This subroutine has no effect on the highest active level, where the scale is x8, the intensity is 7, and the light pen is disabled.

- S.LBE- The displays generated by calls (either direct or indirect) to leaves from the level whose address is given in bits 3-17 of the AC are caused to blink with a 0.5-second period. Because the 339 POP instruction does not restore the blink status, care must be taken to insure that this blink is not simultaneously effective on any level of which the given level is an owner. This subroutine has no effect on the highest active level, where blink is disabled.
- S.LBD- Blinking of the level whose address is given in bits 3-17 of the AC is disabled (i.e., the effect of a call to S.LBE is removed).

S.LC - The scale and/or intensity is counted up or down one unit on the level whose address is given in bits 3-17 of the AC according to bits 12-15 of the MQ, which are interpreted as follows:

Bit Interpretation

- 12 Count scale according to bit 13
- 14 Count intensity according to bit 15
- 15 l = increment intensity by unity,
 - 0 = decrement intensity by unity.
 - This subroutine has no effect on the highest active level.
 - S.LU In unconditional scheduling of the task whose address is given in bits 3-17 of the MQ is effected whenever display interrupts are enabled (via D.E) and the tail of the level whose address is given in bits 3-17 of the AC is executed. This subroutine has no effect on the highest active level.
 - S.LS The task whose address is given in bits 3-17 of the MQ is scheduled whenever display interrupts are enabled (via D.E), the tail of the level whose address is given in bits 3-17 of the AC is executed, and the coordinates of that level are on the screen. This subroutine has no effect on the highest active level.
 - S.LL The task whose address is given in bits 3-17 of the MQ is scheduled whenever display interrupts are enabled (via D.E), the tail of the level whose address is given in bits 3-17 of the AC is executed, and the light pen sense indicator has been set during execution of that level. This subroutine has no effect on the highest active level.

S.LN - The effect of S.LU, S.LS, or S.LL is removed from the level whose address is given in bits 3-17 of the AC.

Whenever the scale, light pen status, intensity, blink status, or coordinates are not set on a level, the quantities which are not set on that level are the same as those on the level of which it is an attribute.

Some user subroutines which call these system subroutines, as well as those in Section 3.9, are given below. generates a level, inserts a specified attribute into it, sets the x and y coordinates and display parameters on the generated level, and inserts the generated level into a specified owner BUTN calls on LVL, and then establishes a task to be level. scheduled whenever the light pen sense indicator is set while the display control is executing the generated level. generates a text leaf from a specified text list, and then calls on BUTN, using the generated text leaf as the attribute parameter. CHEW (which calls on ATTR to find the first attribute of a level) destroys a given display structure, and salvages all storage from the destroyed levels and text leaves. display structure on which CHEW operates must satisfy two conditions:

- (1) It must assume the form of a semilattice.
- (2) The maximum element of the display structure must not be owned by any level (other than itself, if it itself is a level). (L.D and L.L are described in Section 3.11.)

*CALLING SEQUENCE:

*	JMS	LVL	
*	\$DC		(LOC CONTAINING POINTER TO OWNER)
*	\$DC		(Y COORDINATE)
*	\$DC		(X COORDINATE)
*	\$DC		- (DISPLAY PARAMETER)
*			(RETURN IF DISPLAY STORAGE EXCEEDED)
*			(RETURN)

*AC CONTENT ON ENTRY:

POINTER TO ATTRIBUTE

*AC CONTENT ON RETURN:

POINTER TO CREATED LEVEL \$DC LVL 0 JMS* =T.L SET REENTRY LOCK \$DC 0 SAVE POINTER TO ATTRIBUTE DAC LVL4 JMS* =S.TL CREATE A LEVEL JMP LVL3 DISPLAY STORAGE EXCEEDED DAC LVL5 SAVE POINTER TO LEVEL LVL4 GET POINTER TO ATTRIBUTE LAC SET UP PARAMETER LMQ LAC LVL5 GET POINTER TO LEVEL JMS* =S.TI INSERT ATTRIBUTE DISPLAY STORAGE EXCEEDED JMP LVL2 LAC* GET FIRST PARAMETER LVL+2 DAC LVL4 SAVE FIRST PARAMETER ADVANCE TO NEXT PARAMETER ISZ LVL+2 LAC* LVL+2 GET Y COORDINATE LMQ SET UP PARAMETER LAC LVL5 GET POINTER TO LEVE JMS* =S.LY SET Y COORDINATE ISZ ADVANCE TO NEXT PARAMETER LVL+2 LAC* LVL+2 GET X COORDINATE SET UP PARAMETER LMQ LV1.5 GET POINTER TO LEVEL LAC JMS* =S.LX SET X COORDINATE ISZ LVL+2 ADVANCE TO NEXT PARAMETER LAC* LVL+2 GET DISPLAY PARAMETER LMO SET UP PARAMETER GET POINTER TO LEVEL LAC LVL5 JMS* SET DISPLAY PARAMETER =S.LP LAC GET POINTER TO LEVEL LVL5 LMQ SET UP PARAMETER

	LAC*	T 37T A	CEM DOINMED MO OUNED
			GET POINTER TO OWNER
	JMS*		INSERT CREATED LEVEL
	JMP		DISPLAY STORAGE EXCEEDED
	LAC	LVL5	
	JMP	LVL3+2	RETURN .
LVLl	LAC	LVL5	GET POINTER TO LEVEL
	JMS	ATTR	GET FIRST ATTRIBUTE
	\$DC	0	LVL PROGRAMMING ERROR
	LMQ		SET UP PARAMETER
	LAC	LVL5	GET POINTER TO LEVEL
	JMS*	=S.TR	REMOVE ATTRIBUTE
	\$DC	0	LVL PROGRAMMING ERROR
	LAC	LVL5	GET POINTER TO LEVEL
	JMS*	=S.TD	DESTROY LEVEL
	\$DC	0	LVL PROGRAMMING ERROR
	JMP	LVL3+3	RETURN
LVL2	LAC	LVL5	GET POINTER TO LEVEL
	JMS*	=S.TD	DESTROY LEVEL
	\$DC	0	LVL PROGRAMMING ERROR
LVL3	ISZ	LVL+2	INCREMENT RETURN POINTER
	ISZ	LVL+2	INCREMENT RETURN POINTER
	ISZ	LVL+2	INCREMENT RETURN POINTER
	ISZ	LVL+2	INCREMENT RETURN POINTER
	JMS*	=T.U	UNLOCK LVL & RETURN
	\$DC	LVL	
*CALLING	SEQUENC	E:	
*	JMS	BUTN	
*	\$DC		(LOC CONTAINING POINTER TO OWNER)
*	\$DC		(Y COORDINATE)
*	\$DC		(X COORDINATE)
*	\$DC		(DISPLAY PARAMETER)
*	\$DC		(SERVICE TASK ADDRESS)
*			(RETURN IF DISPLAY STORAGE EXCEEDED)
* _		-	(RETURN IF SUCCESSFUL)

*AC CONTENT ON ENTRY:

* POINTER TO STRUCTURE FOR BUTTON DISPLAY

*AC	CONTENT	ON	RETURN	

* POINTER TO LIGHT BUTTON LEVEL

		-	
BUTN	\$DC	0	
	JMS*	=T.L	SET REENTRY LOCK
	\$DC	0	
	DAC	BUTN3	SAVE POINTER TO STRUCTURE
	LAW	-4	GET LVL PARAMETER COUNT
	DAC	BUTN4	INITIALIZE COUNTER
	LAC	=BUTN1	GET ADDRESS OF FIRST LVL PARAMETER
	DAC	BUTN5	INITIALIZE POINTER
	LAC*	BUTN+2	GET BUTN PARAMETER
	DAC*	BUTN5	STORE AS LVL PARAMETER
	ISZ	BUTN+2	INCREMENT BUTN PARAMETER POINTER
	ISZ	BUTN5	INCREMENT LVL PARAMETER POINTER
	ISZ	BUTN4	INCREMENT COUNTER & SKIP IF DONE
	JMP	*- 5	COPY NEXT PARAMETER
	LAC	BUTN3	GET POINTER TO STRUCTURE
	JMS	LVL	GENERATE INTERMEDIATE LEVEL
BUTN1	\$DC	0	LOC CONTAINING POINTER TO OWNER
	\$DC	0	Y COORDINATE
	\$DC	0	X COORDINATE
	\$DC	0	DISPLAY PARAMETER
	JMP	BUTN2	DISPLAY STORAGE EXCEEDED
	DAC	BUTN3	SAVE POINTER TO LEVEL
	LAC*	BUTN+2	GET ADDRESS OF SERVICE TASK
	LMQ		SET UP PARAMETER
	LAC	BUTN3	GET POINTER TO LEVEL
	JMS*	=S.LL	SENSITIZE LEVEL TO LPSI
	LAC	BUTN3	GET POINTER TO LEVEL
	ISZ	BUTN+2	INCREMENT RETURN POINTER
BUTN2	ISZ	BUTN+2	INCREMENT RETURN POINTER
	JMS*	=T.U	UNLOCK BUTN & RETURN
	\$DC	BUTN	
			•

```
*CALLING SEQUENCE:
          JMS
                 BUTX
          $DC
                           (ADDRESS OF TEXT LIST)
                           (LOC CONTAINING POINTER TO OWNER)
          $DC
          $DC
                           (Y COORDINATE)
                           (X COORDINATE)
          $DC
          $DC
                           (DISPLAY PARAMETER)
                           (SERVICE TASK ADDRESS)
          $DC
                           (RETURN IF DISPLAY STORAGE EXCEEDED)
                           (RETURN IF SUCCESSFUL)
*AC CONTENT ON RETURN:
          POINTER TO LIGHT BUTTON LEVEL
BUTX
                 0
          $DC
          JMS*
                 =T.L
                           SET REENTRY LOCK
          $DC
                0
          LAC*
                BUTX+2
                           GET ADDRESS OF TEXT LIST
          JMS*
               =L.D
                           CREATE TEXT LEAF
          JMP
                BUTX4
                           DISPLAY STORAGE EXCEEDED
                           SAVE POINTER TEXT LEAF
          DAC
                BUTX7
                           LOAD AC WITH -6
          LAW
                -6
          DAC
                BUTX5
                           SET PARAMETER COUNTER
                           GET ADDRESS OF BUTN CALL
          LAC
                =BUTX2
          DAC
                 BUTX6
                           SET PARAMETER POINTER
BUTX1
          ISZ
                 BUTX+2
                           ADVANCE TO NEXT PARAMETER
          ISZ
                 BUTX6
                           INCREMENT PARAMETER POINTER
          ISZ
                 BUTX5
                           SKIP IF NOT PARAMETER
          SKP
                           MOVE PARAMETER
          JMP
                 BUTX2-1
                           CALL BUTN
          LAC*
                BUTX+2
                           GET PARAMETER
          DAC*
                BUTX6
                           STORE PARAMETER
                           MOVE NEXT PARAMETER
          JMP
                 BUTX1
          LAC
                 BUTX7
                           GET POINTER TO TEXT LEAF
BUTX2
          JMS
                 BUTN
                           CREATE LIGHT BUTTON
          $DC
                         LOC CONTAINING POINTER TO OWNER
                 0
```

Y COORDINATE

\$DC

0

	\$DC	0	X COORDINATE
	\$DC	0	DISPLAY PARAMETER
	\$DC	0	SERVICE TASK ADDRESS
	JMP	BUTX3+2	DISPLAY STORAGE EXCEEDED
	ISZ	BUTX+2	INDICATE SUCCESS
BUTX3	JMS*	=T.U	UNLOCK BUTX & RETURN
	\$DC	BUTX	
	LAC	BUTX7	GET POINTER TO TEXT LEAF
	JMS*	=S.LL	DESTROY TEXT LEAF
	JMP	BUTX3	RETURN
BUTX4	LAC	BUTX+2	GET RETURN POINTER
	TAD	=6	ADVANCE PAST PARAMETER LIST
	DAC	BUTX+2	SET FAILURE RETURN POINTER
	JMP	BUTX3	RETURN
*CALLING	SEQUENC	E:	
*	JMS CH	EW	
*			(RETURN)

*TO BE CHEWED

*THE MAXIMUM ELEMENT SPECIFIED MUST OWN ALL LEVELS *WHICH OWN ELEMENTS OF THE STRUCTURE.

CHEW	\$DC	n	
•	JMS*	=T.L	SET REENTRY LOCK
	\$DC	0	
	DAC	CHEW6	SAVE POINTER TO STRUCTURE
	LAC	=CHEWQ	GET ADDRESS OF WORD QUEUE
	JMS*	=Q.C	CLEAR WORD QUEUE
CHEW1	LAC*	CHEW6	GET FIRST WORD FROM STRUCTURE
	SNA		SKIP IF ITEM NOT ALREADY DELETED
	JMP	CHEW5	GET NEXT ITEM FROM QUEUE
	JMP SAD	CHEW5 =762010	GET NEXT ITEM FROM QUEUE SKIP IF NOT TEXT LEAF
		_	- -
	SAD	=762010	SKIP IF NOT TEXT LEAF
	SAD JMP	=762010 CHEW4	SKIP IF NOT TEXT LEAF DESTROY TEXT LEAF
	SAD JMP LAC	=762010 CHEW4 CHEW6	SKIP IF NOT TEXT LEAF DESTROY TEXT LEAF GET POINTER TO STRUCTURE GET BREAK FIELD BITS

^{*}AC CONTENT ON ENTRY:

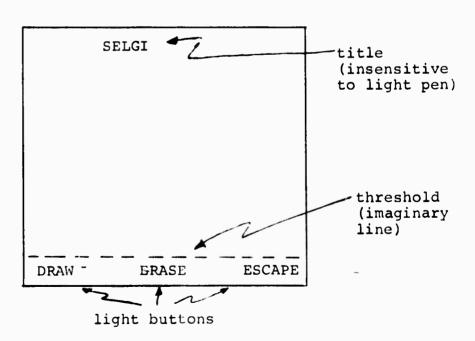
POINTER TO MAXIMUM ELEMENT IN THE STRUCTURE

	SKP		DESTROY LEVEL
	JMP	CHEW5	GET NEXT ITEM FROM QUEUE
CHEW2	LAC	CHEW6	GET POINTER TO LEVEL
	JMS	ATTR	GET FIRST ATTRIBUTE FROM LEVEL
	JMP	CHEW3	LEVEL IS EMPTY
	DAC	CHEW7	SAVE POINTER TO ATTRIBUTE
	LMQ		SET UP PARAMETER
	LAC	CHEW6	GET POINTER TO LEVEL
	JMS*	=S.TR	REMOVE ATTRIBUTE
	\$DC	0	CHEW PROGRAMMING ERROR
	LAC	CHEW7	GET POINTER TO ATTRIBUTE
	LMQ		SET UP PARAMETER
	LAC	=CHEWQ	GET ADDRESS OF WORD QUEUE
	JMS*	=Q.A	ADD ATTRIBUTE TO QUEUE
	\$DC	0	WORD QUEUE NOT LARGE ENOUGH
	JMP	CHEW2	PUT NEXT ATTRIBUTE IN QUEUE
CHEW3	LAC	CHEW6	GET POINTER TO LEVEL
	JMS*	=S.TD	DESTROY LEVEL
	\$DC	0	CHEW PROGRAMMING ERROR
	JMP	CHEW5	CHEW UP NEXT ITEM
CHEW4	LAC	CHEW6	GET POINTER TO TEXT LEAF
	JMS*	=L.L	DESTROY TEXT LEAF
CHEW5	LAC	=CHEWQ	GET ADDRESS OF WORD QUEUE
	JMS*	=Q.F	GET NEXT ITEM FROM QUEUE
	JMP	*+3	QUEUE EMPTY
	DAC	CHEW6	SAVE POINTER TO ITEM
	JMP	CHEWl	CHEW UP ITEM FROM QUEUE
	JMS*	=T.U	UNLOCK CHEW & RETURN
	\$DC	CHEW	
CHEWQ	\$DC	*+200	
	\$DC	200	
*CALLING	SEQUENC	E:	
*	JMS	ATTR	
*		-	(RETURN IF NO MORE ATTRIBUTES)
*			(RETURN IF ATTRIBUTE FOUND)

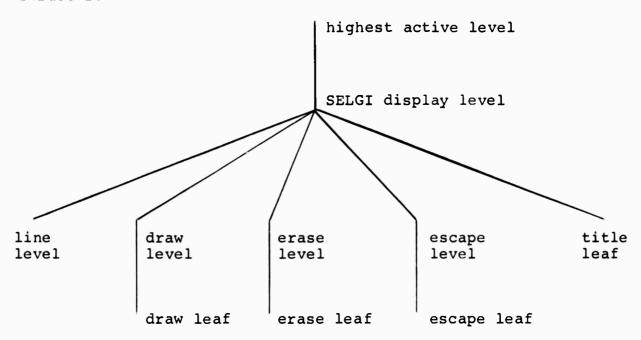
*AC CONTENTS ON ENTRY:

*	ADDRES	S OF LEVEL	
ATTR	\$DC	0	
	TAD	=7	FORM POINTER TO POINTER TO NODE
	DAC	ATTR2	SAVE POINTER TO POINTER TO NODE
	LAC*	ATTR2	GET POINTER TO NODE (OR TAIL)
	DAC	ATTR2	SAVE POINTER TO NODE (OR TAIL)
	LAC*	ATTR?	GET FIRST WORD FROM NODE (OR TAIL)
	AND	=777770	TRUNCATE BREAK FIELD
	SAD	=762010	SKIP IF NOT NODE
	SKP		NODE FOUND
	JMP*	ATTR	NO MORE ATTRIBUTES
	ISZ	ATTR2	FORM POINTER TO SECOND LOC IN NODE
	LAC*	ATTR2	GET POINTER TO ATTRIBUTE
	ISZ	ATTR	INDICATE SUCCESS
	JMP*	ATTR	RETURN

As an example of how these subroutines might be used, consider a task called SELGI which allows the operator to draw unrelated straight lines on the display with the light pen. More specifically, when the task is begun, it allocates the display and displays the following:



The elements of this display are arranged in the following structure:



The SELGI display level is set to scale x2, each light button level is sensitized to the light pen sense indicator, and the line level (into which all lines drawn by the operator will be inserted) has coordinates at the center of the screen.

When the light pen is pointed at the DRAW light button, the task DRAW is scheduled. The task DRAW then starts tracking on the DRAW light button, and waits (through the use of T.P) until the operator loses tracking. Then, if the Y tracking coordinate is above the threshold line, a line of length one point (which appears as a point on the display) is inserted into the line level such that it appears at the coordinates where tracking was lost. Otherwise, no line is generated. (The DRAW light button blinks while tracking is in process for this operation.) Up to 64 lines may be created in this manner.

If the light pen is now pointed at any of the unitlength lines (points) on the screen, tracking is started, and one end of the line is affixed to the tracking cross. The line then may be stretched by moving the affixed end point to some other position on the screen. If the light pen is now pointed at any line which is longer than one point, tracking is started, and the end point of the line which is closer to the tracking cross is affixed to the tracking cross and may be moved to any position on the screen.

If the light pen is pointed at the ERASE light button, this light button starts blinking. If, while the ERASE light button is blinking, the light pen is pointed at some line on the screen, the line is removed from the line level, the storage which it occupied is salvaged, and the blinking of the ERASE light button is stopped.

If the light pen is pointed at the ESCAPE light button, the entire display structure created by SELGI is destroyed via the subroutine CHEW. The task SELGI then releases the display and terminates.

Lines are represented internally in this program by leaves which have the following format:

VEC ENTER VECTOR MODE

--- Y DISPLACEMENT (NONINTENSIFIED)

--- X DISPLACEMENT (NO ESCAPE)

--- Y DISPLACEMENT (INTENSIFIED)

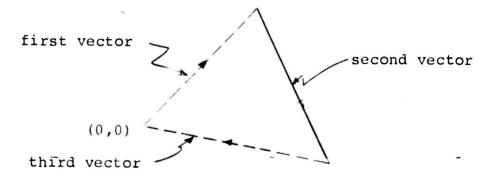
---- X DISPLACEMENT (NO ESCAPE)

--- Y DISPLACEMENT (NONINTENSIFIED)

---- X DISPLACEMENT (ESCAPE)

POP END OF LEAF

Each leaf actually represents a triangle with two nonintensified sides. This scheme permits the end points of the line to occur anywhere on the screen:



SELGI	LAW	1	GET DISPLAY ALLOCATION MASK
	JMS*	=T.A	ALLOCATE DISPLAY
	LAC	=LINES	GET ADDRESS OF LINE STORAGE AREA
	DAC	DIS	SET STORAGE POINTER
	LAW	-1.000	LOAD AC WITH -512
	DAC	FRM	SET STORAGE COUNTER
	DZM*	DIS	CLEAR STORAGE LOCATION
	ISZ	DIS	INCREMENT STORAGE POINTER
	ISZ	FRM	SKIP IF STORAGE AREA CLEARED
	JMF	*-3	CLEAR NEXT STORAGE LOCATION
	JMS*	=S.LH	GET ADDRESS OF HIGHEST ACTIVE LEVEL
	DAC	HAL	SAVE ADDRESS OF HIGHEST ACTIVE LEVEL
	LAC	=TXT	GET ADDRESS OF TITLE TEXT LIST
	JMS*	=L.D	CREATE TEXT LEAF
	JMP	END	DISPLAY STORAGE EXCEEDED
	DAC	DIS	SAVE POINTER TO TITLE LEAF
	JMS	LVL	GENERATE SELGI DISPLAY LEVEL
	\$DC	HAL	POINTER TO HIGHEST ACTIVE LEVEL
	\$DC	360	Y COORDINATE
	\$DC	-34	X COORDINATE
	\$DC	500	SCALE X2
	JMP	FAIL	DISPLAY STORAGE EXCEEDED
	DAC	FRM	SAVE POINTER TO SELGI DISPLAY LEVEL
	JMS	BUTX	GENERATE DRAW LIGHT BUTTON
	\$DC	TXTl	DRAW TEXT LIST
	\$DC	FRM	POINTER TO SELGI DISPLAY LEVEL
	\$DC	- 750	Y COORDINATE
	\$DC	-344	X COORDINATE
	\$DC	0	NULL DISPLAY PARAMETER
	\$DC	DRAW	DRAW SERVICE TASK
	JMP	END	DISPLAY STORAGE EXCEEDED
	JMS	BUTX	GENERATE ERASE LIGHT BUTTON
	\$DC	TXT2	ERASE TEXT LIST
	\$DC -	FRM	POINTER TO SELGI DISPLAY LEVEL
	\$DC	-750	Y COORDINATE

\$DC	10	X COORDINATE
\$DC	0	NULL DISPLAY PARAMETER
\$DC	ERASE	ERASE SERVICE TASK
JMP	END	DISPLAY STORAGE EXCEEDED
JMS	BUTX	GENERATE ESCAPE LIGHT BUTTON
\$DC	TXT3	ESCAPE TEXT LIST
\$DC	FR4	POINTER TO SELGI DISPLAY LEVEL
\$DC	-75 0	Y COORDINATE
\$DC	354	X COCRDINATE
\$DC	0	NULL DISPLAY PARAMETER
\$DC	ESCAPE	ESCAPE SERVICE TASK
JMP	END	DISPLAY STORAGE EXCEEDED
JMS*	=S.TL	CREATE LINE LEVEL
JMP	END	DISPLAY STORAGE EXCEEDED
DAC	DIS	SAVE POINTER TO LINE LEVEL
LMQ		SET UP PARAMETER
LAC	FPM	GET POINTER TO SELGI DISPLAY LEVEL
JMS*	=S.TI	INSERT LINE LEVEL
JMP	FAIL	DISPLAY STORAGE EXCEEDED
LAW	60	GET LIGHT PEN ON PARAMETER
LMQ		SET UP PARAMETER
LAC	LIS	GET POINTER TO LINE LEVEL
JMS*	=S.LP	ENABLE LIGHT PEN ON LINE LEVEL
LAW	-360	GET Y COORDINATE
LMQ		SET UP PARAMETER
LAC	DIS	GET POINTER TO LINE LEVEL
JMS*	=S.I.Y	SET Y COORDINATE OF LINE LEVEL
LAC	- 34	GET X COORDINATE
LMQ		SET UP PARAMETER
LAC	DIS	GET POINTER TO LINE LEVEL
JMS*	=S.IX	SET X COORDINATE OF LINE LEVEL
LAC	=MOVE	GET ADDRESS OF LINE MOVING TASK
JMS*	=D.P	SET LIGHT PEN FLAG SERVICE
JMS*	=D.E	ENABLE DISPLAY INTERRUPTS
DZM	FSC:\PE+1	CLEAR ESCAPE SWITCH

	LAC	ESCAPE+1	GET ESCAPE SWITCH
	SZA		SKIP IF ESCAPE NOT PENDING
	JMP	END	TERMINATE SELGI
	SKP		PREPARE TO SCHEDULE NEXT LOCATION
	JMP	*-4	CHECK ESCAPE SWITCH
	JMS*	=T.P	SCHEDULE PREVIOUS LOCATION
FAIL	LAC	DIS	GET POINTER TO NONACTIVE STRUCTURE
	ĴΜS	CHEW	DESTROY NONACTIVE STRUCTURE
END	LAC	HAL	GET POINTER TO HIGHEST ACTIVE LEVEL
	JMS	CHEW	DESTROY ACTIVE STRUCTURE
	CLA		GET NULL LIGHT PEN FLAG SERVICE
	JMS*	=D.P	SET NULL LIGHT PEN SERVICE
	LAW	1	GET DISPLAY ALLOCATION MASK
	JMS*	=T.R	RELEASE DISPLAY
	JMA*	=T.F	TERMINATE
DRAW	LAW	-720	GET INITIAL X TRACKING COORDINATE
	LMQ		SET UP PARAMETER
	LAW	-730	GET INITIAL Y TRACKING COORDINATE
	JMS*	=X.I	INITIALIZE TRACKING
	CLA		PREPARE TO READ OWNER 0 LEVELS BACK
	JMS*	=D.O	READ ADDRESS OF DRAW LEVEL
	\$DC	0	PROGRAMMING ERROR IF D.O FAILS
	JMS*	=S.LBE	ENABLE BLINK ON DRAW LIGHT BUTTON
	JMS*	=X.S	SKIP IF TRACKING HAS BEEN LOST
	JMS*	=T.P	CHECK TRACKING AGAIN
	JMS*	=X.Y	READ Y TRACKING COORDINATE
	TAD	=700	FORM THRESHOLD CHECK
	SPA		SKIP IF LINE IS TO BE CREATED
	JMP	DRAWl	IGNORE ATTEMPT TO CREATE LINE
	LAC	=LINES	GET POINTER TO LINE STORAGE
	DAC	FRM	SET STORAGE POINTER
	LAW	-100	GET MAXIMUM LINE COUNT
	DAC	CNT	SET LINE COUNTER
	LAC*	FRM	GET FIRST WORD OF LINE BLOCK
	SNA		SKIP IF LINE BLOCK IN USE

	JMP	*+7	LINE BLOCK IS AVAILABLE
	LAC	FRM	GET STORAGE POINTER
	TAD	=10	FORM ADDRESS OF NEXT LINE BLOCK
	DAC	FRM	SET STORAGE POINTER TO NEXT BLOCK
	ISZ	CNT	SKIP IF NO MORE LINE STORAGE
	JMP	*-7	CHECK AVAILABILITY OF LINE BLOCK
	JMP	DRAWl	IGNORE ATTEMPT TO CREATE LINE
	I.AW	1121	GET VEC INSTRUCTION
	DAC*	FRM	STORE IN FIRST LOCATION OF LINE BLOCK
	LAC	FRM	GET POINTER TO LINE BLOCK
	TAD	=7	FORM POINTED TO LAST WORD IN BLOCK
	DAC	CNT	SAVE POINTER TO LAST WORD IN BLOCK
	LAW	3000	GET POP INSTRUCTION
	DAC*	CNT	STORE IN LAST WORD IN BLOCK
	LAC	FRM	GET POINTER TO LINE BLOCK
	JMS	FIXBGN	SET 1ST END POINT TO TRACKING COORD
	LAC	FRM	GET POINTER TO LINE BLOCK
	JMS	FIXEND	SET 2ND END POINT TO TRACKING COORD
	LAC	FRM	GET POINTER TO LINE BLOCK
	LMQ		SET UP PARAMETER
	LAC	DIS	GET POINTER TO LINE LEVEL
	JMS*	=S.TI	INSERT LINE BLOCK
	NOP		DISPLAY STORAGE EXCEEDED
DRAW1	CLA		PREPARE TO READ OWNER 0 LEVELS BACK
	JMS*	=D.O	READ ADDRESS OF DRAW LEVEL
	\$DC	0	PROGRAMMING ERROR IF D.O FAILS
	JMS*	=S.LBD	STOP BLINK OF DRAW LIGHT BUTTON
	JMS*	=D.E	ENABLE DISPLAY INTERRUPTS
	JMS*	=T.F	TERMINATE
MOVE	JMS*	=D.Y	READ Y DISPLAY COORDINATE
	DAC	MOVEY	SAVE Y DISPLAY COORDINATE
	JMS*	=D.X	READ X DISPLAY COORDINATE
	LMQ		SET UP PARAMETER
	LAC	MOVEY	GET Y DISPLAY COORDINATE
	JMS*	=X.I	INITIALIZE TRACKING

	CLA		PREPARE TO READ OWNER 0 LEVELS BACK
	JMS*	=D.O	READ ADDRESS OF LINE LEAF
	\$DC	0	PROGRAMMING ERROR IF D.O FAILS
	DAC	MOVEl	SAVE POINTER TO LINE LEAF
	DAC	MOVE 2	SAVE COFY OF POINTER TO LINE LEAF
	ISZ	MOVE 2	FORM POINTER TO FIRST Y DISPLACEMENT
	TAD	=5	FORM POINTER TO THIRD Y DISPLACEMENT
	DAC	MOVE3	SAVE POINTER TO THIRD Y DISPLACEMENT
	LAC*	MCVE2	GET FIRST Y DISPLACEMENT
	XOR	=2000	INVERT SIGN BIT
	JMS*	-C.CB	CONVERT TO TWO'S COMPLEMENT
	LLSS	1	MULTIPLY BY 2
	TAD	MOVEY	ADD Y DISPLAY COORDINATE
	GSM		FORM ABSOLUTE VALUE
	DAC	MOVE4	SAVE FOR LATER COMPARISON
	LAC*	MOVE3	GET THIRD Y DISPLACEMENT
	JMS*	=C.CB	CONVERT TC TWO'S COMPLEMENT
	LLSS	1	MULTIPLY BY 2
	TAD	MOVEY	ADD Y DISPLAY COORDINATE
	GSM		FORM ABSOLUTE VALUE
	CMA		FORM NEGATIVE OF ABSOLUTE VALUE
	TAD	MOVE4	ADD DISPLACEMENT FROM OTHER END
	SMA		SKIP IF CLOSER TO FIRST Y DISPLACEMENT
	JMP	*+3	CLOSER TO SECOND Y DISPLACEMENT
	JMS	WATCH	ENTER UPDATING TASK
	JMS	FIXBGN	PARAMETER FOR UPDATING TASK
	JMS	WATCH	ENTER UPDATING TASK
	JMS	FIXEND	PARAMETER FOR UPDATING TASK
WATCH	\$DC	0	
	LAC	MOVEl	GET POINTER TO LINE LEAF
	XCT*	WATCH	UPDATE AFFIXED END POINT
	JMS*	=X.S	SKIP IF TRACKING NOT IN PROCESS
	JMP	* +6	SCHEDULE NEXT UPDATING
	LAW	-40	LOAD AC WITH -32
	JMS*	=N.C	WAIT ABOUT HALF A SECOND

	JMS* ≔D.E	ENABLE DISPLAY INTERRUPTS
	JMS* = T.F	TERMINATE
	JMP WATCH	H+1 UPDATE END POINT
	JMS* =T.P	SCHEDULE PREVIOUS LOCATION
ERASE	LAC =DELI	ETE GET ADDRESS OF LINE DELETE TASK
	JMS* = D.P	SET LIGHT PEN FLAG SERVICE
	CLA	PREPARE TO READ OWNER 0 LEVELS BACK
	JMS* =D.O	GET POINTER TO ERASE LEVEL
	\$DC 0	PROGRAMMING ERROR IF D.O FAILS
	DAC ERS	SAVE FOINTER TO ERASE LEVEL
	JMS* =S.LB	E START BLINKING ERASE LIGHT BUTTON
	JMS* = D.E	ENABLE DISPLAY INTERRUPTS
	JMS* =T.F	TERMINATE
DELETE	LAC ERS	GET POINTER TO ERASE LEVEL
	JMS* =S.LB	D STOP BLINKING ERASE LIGHT BUTTON
	CLA	PREPARE TO READ OWNER 0 LEVELS BACK
	JMS* = D.O	GET POINTER TO LINE LEAF
	\$DC 0	PROGRAMMING ERROR IF D.O FAILS
	DAC FRM	SAVE POINTER TO LINE LEAF
	LMQ	SET UP PARAMETER
	LAC DIS	GET POINTER TO LINE LEVEL
	JMS* =S.TR	REMOVE LINE LEAF
	\$DC 0	PROGRAMMING ERROR IF S.TR FAILS
	DZM* FRM	DESTROY LINE LEAF
	LAC =MOVE	GET ADDRESS OF LINE MOVING TASK
	JMS* = D.P	SET LIGHT PEN SERVICE
	LAW -40	LOAD AC WITH -32
	JMS* = N.C	WAIT ABOUT HALF A SECOND
	JMS* = D.E	ENABLE DISPLAY INTERRUPTS
	JMS* = T.F	TERMINATE
ESCAPE	JMS *+1	SET ESCAPE SWITCH
	\$DC 0	ESCAPE SWITCH
	JMS* = T.F	TERMINATE
FIXBGN	\$DC 0	
	JMS FIXRD	SET UP POINTERS FOR FIXING LEAF

	LAC	FIXY	GET Y TRACKING COORDINATE
	DAC*	FIX1	SET FIRST Y DISPLACEMENT
	LAC	FIXX	GET X TRACKING COORDINATE
	DAC*	FIX2	SET FIRST X DISPLACEMENT
	JMS	FIXFIX	CORRECT INTENSIFIED VECTOR
	JMP*	FIXBGN	RETURN
FIXEND	\$DC	0	
	JMS	FIXRD	SET UP POINTERS FOR FIXING LEAF
	LAC	FIXY	GET Y TRACKING COORDINATE
	XOR	=2000	INVERT SIGN BIT
	DAC*	F1X5	SET THIRD Y DISPLACEMENT
	LAC	FIXX	GET X TRACKING COORDINATE
	XOR	=6000	INVERT SIGN BIT, SET ESCAPE BIT
	DAC*	FIX6	SET THIRD X DISPLACEMENT
	JMS	FIXFIX	CORRECT INTENSIFIED VECTOR
	JMP*	FIXEND	RETURN
FIXRD	\$DC	0	
	TAD	=1	FORM POINTER TO FIRST Y DISPLACEMENT
	DAC	FIX1	SAVE
	TAD	=1	FORM POINTER TO FIRST X DISPLACEMENT
	DAC	FIX2	SAVE
	TAD	=1	FORM POINTER TO SECOND Y DISPLACEMENT
	DAC	FIX3	SAVE
	TAD	=1	FORM POINTER TO SECOND X DISPLACEMENT
	DAC	FIX4	SAVE
	TAD	=1	FORM POINTER TO THIRD Y DISPLACEMENT
	DAC	FIX5	SAVE
	TAD	=1	FORM POINTER TO THIRD X DISPLACEMENT
	DAC	FIX6	SAVE
	JMS*	=X.Y	READ Y TRACKING COORDINATE
	LRSS	1	DIVIDE BY 2
	JMS*	=C.BC	CONVERT TO DISPLAY COORDINATE
	DAC	FIXY	SAVE
	JMS*	=X.X	READ X TRACKING COORDINATE
	LRSS	1	DIVIDE BY 2

	JMS*	=C.BC	CONVERT TO DISPLAY COORDINATE
	DAC	FIXX	SAVE
	JMP*	FIXRD	RETURN
FIXFIX	\$DC	0	
	LAC*	FIX1	GET FIRST Y DISPLACEMENT
	JMS*	=C.CB	CONVERT TO TWOS COMPLEMENT
	DAC	FIXY	SAVE
	LAC*	FIX5	GET THIRD Y DISPLACEMENT
	JMS*	=C.CB	CONVERT TO TWOS COMPLEMENT
	TAD	FIXY	ADD FIRST Y DISPLACEMENT
	JMS*	=C.BC	CONVERT TO DISPLAY COORDINATE
	SZÄ		SKIP IF Y DISPLACEMENTS WERE EQUAL
	JMP	*+7	CONVERTED VALUE IS NONZERO
	LAC*	FIX5	GET THIRD Y DISPLACEMENT
	JMS*	=C.CB	CONVERT TO TWOS COMPLEMENT
	TAD	=1	MAKE DIFFERENT FROM 1ST Y DISPLACEMENT
	JMS*	=C.BC	CONVERT TO DISPLAY COORDINATE
	DAC*	FIX5	STORE MODIFIED THIRD Y DISPLACEMENT
	LAW	1	GET DISPLACEMENT OF 1
	XOR	=6000	SET ESCAPE BIT, INVERT SIGN BIT
	DAC*	FIX3	STORE SECOND Y DISPLACEMENT
	LAC*	FIX2	GET FIRST X DISPLACEMENT
	JMS*	=C.CB	CONVERT TO TWOS COMPLEMENT
	DAC	FIXX	SAVE
	LAC*	FIX6	GET THIRD X DISPLACEMENT
	JMS*	=C.CB	CONVERT TO TWOS COMPLEMENT
	TAD	FIXX	ADD FIRST X DISPLACEMENT
	JMS*	=C.BC	CONVERT TO DISPLAY COORDINATE
	XOR	=2000	INVERT SIGN BIT
	DAC*	FIX4	SET SECOND X DISPLACEMENT
	JMP*	FIXFIX	RETURN
TXT	\$DC	2	
	\$TEXT	"SELGI"	
TXTl	\$DC	2	
	\$TEXT	"DRAW"	

TXT2 \$DC 2

STEXT "ERASE"

TXT3 \$DC 2

\$TEXT "ESCAPE"

LINES \$DS 1000

\$END

3.11 Text List Manipulation

A structure which may be used to represent efficiently strings of text in core is called a "text list." A text list consists of a word which contains a number m which represents the length of the list, followed by m words, each of which contains three 6-bit characters. As an example, a text list which represents the string

A SIMPLE EXAMPLE

is the following (in octal form):

000006

127634

222631

251676

164112

263125

167777

This text list may easily be represented in assembly language via the TEXT pseudo-op:

LIST \$DC 6

STEXT "A SIMPLE EXAMPLE"

The address of the text list is the address of its first word. In this example, LIST is a symbol whose value is the address of the text list.

A "text leaf" is a representation of a text list as a display leaf. The leaf is composed of a series of push jumps to various character generation subroutines within the System.

A carriage return, however, is represented explicitly in the text leaf by three words which generate a vector which restores the X coordinate to its value just before the display control enters the text leaf. An additional vector is included at the end of the text leaf to restore both the X and Y coordinates. The high-order six bits of the second word of each push jump contain the 6-bit code for the character which the push jump represents. Each character is drawn in increment mode and is 7 points high by 5 points wide. The trailing space, which is produced by each character generation subroutine, is 3 points wide.

As an example of a text leaf, consider the following text list:

LEAF \$DC 10

STEXT "EXAMPLE OF"

\$DC 747577

STEXT "2 LINES"

The text leaf which would be produced from this text list is the following:

762010

16----762010 41----762010 12----762010 26----762010 31----762010 25----762010 16----762010 76----762010 30----762010 17----761121 400000 006120

762010 75----762010 02----762010 76----762010 25----762010 22----762010 27----762010 16----762010 34----761121 400020 006070 763000

The following system subroutines have been defined for manipulating text lists and text leaves:

- L.T The text list whose address is given in bits 3-17 of the AC is typed on the teletype.
- L.D*- A text leaf is generated from the text list whose address is given in bits 3-17 of the AC. The address of the generated text leaf is returned in bits 3-17 of the AC. A failure return is made if the text leaf cannot be generated because of insufficient free display storage.
- L.L The text leaf whose address is given in bits 3-17 of the AC is destroyed, and the storage which it occupied is salvaged by the System.

4. IDLE-TIME TASK

The idle-time task, which is executed whenever the System is in system state (Section 2.3), interprets various keyboard commands which provide some functions which are useful for testing and modifying user tasks. These commands are described in Sections 4.1 through 4.5. Each command is given by typing only the underlined characters; the System will type all other characters shown.

4.1 Copy Functions

The command

FROM
$$\left\{\begin{array}{l} \underline{\mathtt{T}}\mathtt{ELETYPE} \\ \underline{\mathtt{P}}\mathtt{APER} \ \mathtt{TAPE} \end{array}\right\}$$
 TO $\left\{\begin{array}{l} \underline{\mathtt{T}}\mathtt{ELETYPE} \\ \underline{\mathtt{P}}\mathtt{APER} \ \mathtt{TAPE} \\ \underline{\mathtt{C}}\mathtt{ORE} \end{array}\right\}$

allows the operator to transfer data from teletype, paper tape, or core to teletype, paper tape, core, or the display. Many of these copy functions normally are specified by other names. For example, a copy from paper tape to core is called Loading, a copy from core to teletype or from core to display is called a dump, a copy from teletype to core is called altering, etc.

When a transfer from teletype to any device other than core is specified, everything typed on the teletype up to the next character which maps into a 6-bit null character (Section 3.3) is transferred to the device specified. After a null character is typed, the idle-time task is ready for a new command. When copying from teletype to core, the following sequence of events occurs:

(1) The operator types a 5-digit octal address on the keyboard. If one character which he types is not an octal digit, it is interpreted as the first character of a new command, and the copy from teletype to core is terminated.

- (2) The idle-time task types the content of the location specified on the current line of text.
- (3) The operator types a 6-digit octal content to replace the content of the location specified on the current line of text. If he types a carriage return in place of one of the octal digits, the content of the location is left unchanged. If he types a character which is neither an octal digit nor a carriage return, the copy task proceeds with Step 1.
- (4) The address of the location which immediately follows the one which was just examined (and perhaps modified) is typed. The copy task then proceeds with Step 2.

As an example of a copy from teletype to core, consider setting the content of location 23571_8 to 547521_8 and the content of location 23574_8 to 607213_8 . This may be accomplished by either of the following procedures:

FROM TELETYPE TO CORE

<u>F</u> ROM			(new command)
23575	127123		(rubout)
23574	760001	607213	
23573	601241		(carriage return)
23572	543125		(carriage return)
23571	172356	<u>547521</u>	

FROM TELETYPE TO CORE

FROM			(new command)
23575	127123		(rubout)
23574	760001	607213	
23572	543125		(rubout)
23571	172356	547521	

When a copy from paper tape to any device other than core is specified, the next alphanumeric record (Section 3.4.2) is read, and all binary records which are encountered before it

are ignored. (However, if the alphanumeric record is too long for the display, and a copy from paper tape to display is specified, only part of the alphanumeric record is read. The next part of the record may be displayed by another copy from paper tape to display.) Similarly, whenever a copy from paper tape to core is specified, the next binary record is read, and all alphanumeric records which are encountered before it are ignored.

When a copy from core to any device is specified, the specification of a block of core locations is requested from the operator. For example, the operator may dump locations 23571_8 through 23602_8 on the teletype as follows:

FROM CORE TO TELETYPE

BLOCK (23571, 23602)

23571 172356 543125 601241 760001 127123 127124 000200 000001 23601 000236 777777

A copy from core to core will also request the address of the first location in the block into which the information is to be moved. For example, locations 20052₈ through 20056₈ may be moved into locations 21521₈ through 21525₈ by the following command:

FROM CORE TO CORE

BLOCK (20052, 20056) TO 21521

Since the words in a block to be moved by a copy from core to core are moved one at a time, starting with the lowest address of the specified block, the following sequence of commands may be used to store zeros in all of core bank 1. (This is sometimes a useful operation to perform before loading a program to be debugged, since it stores illegal instructions througout core bank 1.)

FROM TELETYPE TO CORE

<u>20000</u> 172132 <u>000000</u>

20001 172312 (rubout)

FROM CORE TO CORE BLOCK (20000, 37776) TO 20001

The copy from core to core in this example moves the zero from location 20000_8 into location 20001_8 , then it moves the zero from location 20001_8 into location 20002_8 , etc.

Copy functions to the display are constrained to a maximum of 64 characters per line and to 10 lines. For this reason, a maximum of 100_8 locations may be dumped on the screen at one time, and a copy from paper tape or teletype to display will be terminated $\varepsilon\varepsilon$ the end of 10 lines.

4.2 Scheduling of User Tasks

User tasks may be scheduled while in system state, but they will not be executed until user state is entered (Section 4.5). The command which accomplishes this is the following:

SCHEDULE

In the blanks after the word "schedule" the operator should type a 5-digit octal address where the task which he is scheduling begins. For example, a user task which starts at location 205718 may be scheduled by the following command:

SCHEDULE 20571

4.3 Clearing the Task Queue or Display Storage

The command

allows the operator to remove all user tasks scheduled by the command described in Section 4.2 from the task queue, or to clear the display storage area. When a copy function to the display is performed, the comment

NOT ENOUGH DISPLAY STORAGE

may be printed on the teletype, and the copy function will not be completed. The facility of clearing the display storage area is provided to allow the operator to destroy all display structures to provide display storage for copy functions to the display.

4.4 Teletype to Dataphone Transmission

Since most messages to be sent over the 201A dataphone to a remote computer from the teletype are record-oriented, rather than character-oriented, and since ASCII codes are accepted as standards for this type of communication, a copy from the teletype to the dataphone is handled in a different manner from other copy functions. If the command "#" is typed, all succeeding characters typed on the keyboard, up to the first carriage return, are sent over the dataphone as one record of ASCII characters. (Of course, any response to such a record which does not begin with the 8-bit character 000, will be typed by the 201-to-teleprinter task.) However, a rubout will delete a partially typed line, and the character "+" will delete the previous character on the line, if it exists. This command is terminated when the line is terminated or deleted. A record consisting of an enquiry (used as an end-of-record character) may be sent from the teletype by striking the "WRU" key when the idle-time task is expecting a new command.

4.5 Entering User State

The command

RUN

causes all user tasks which have been scheduled by the command described in Section 4.2 to become eligible for execution, and the idle-time task to be terminated. This causes the System to enter user state (Section 2.3),

5. SYSTEM CAPABILITY

The System was designed primarily to support user tasks which provide communication between the operator and the 339 via network diagrams and between the 339 and a large time-sharing system. As can be determined by examination of the display structure, the display support provided by the System is easily applied to almost any display-oriented task which is two-dimensional in nature (e.g., network diagrams, two-dimensional Sketchpad programs, line-oriented text editing, etc.). The System offers no support for tasks which involve three-dimensional projection in that: (1) floating point arithmetic (which is almost essential for this type of task) is not provided, and (2) the display structure has no provision for storing the extra information required for three-dimensional projection.

Because a timesharing system is not always available to support preparation and testing of remote terminal programs, the philosophy behind the design of the system was to consider the remote terminal as an independent unit which considers the large timesharing system to be an I/O device. This differs from the philosophy, which is commonly applied to the design of remote terminal software systems, that the large timesharing system must be available to support the remote terminal system whenever the remote system is operating.

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APPENDIX A -- LISTING OF THE EXECUTIVE SYSTEM

	SORG 17732 STITLE SOPDM 700000 SOPD 740040	SEL EXECUTIVE SYSTEM LOADER
	10T 3302	CLEAR ALL FLAGS
• 1	JMS .4	READ FIRST LINE OF 3-LINE BLOCK
	SNA	SKIP IF NONBLANK TAPE
	JMP +-2	BLANK TAPE TFY AGAIN
	DAC • 5	SAVE FIRST LINE IMAGE
	AND .7	REMOVE DATA BITS
	SAD .8	SKIP IF DATA LINE
	SKP	ORIGIN LINE
	JMP •2	DATA LINE
	JMS •3	FINISH ORIGIN WORD
	DAC • 6	SET LOCATION COUNTER
	JMP • 1	READ NEXT BLOCK
•2	JMS .3	FINISH DATA WORD
	DAC* •6	LOAD DATA WORD
	ISZ •6	INCREMENT LOCATION COUNTER
	JMP • 1	START SYSTEM READ FIRST LINE OF 3-LINE BLOCK SKIP IF NONBLANK TAPE BLANK TAPE TFY AGAIN SAVE FIRST LINE IMAGE REMOVE DATA BITS SKIP IF DATA LINE ORIGIN LINE DATA LINE FINISH ORIGIN WORD SET LOCATION COUNTER READ NEXT BLOCK FINISH DATA WORD LOAD DATA WORD INCREMENT LOCATION COUNTER READ NEXT BLOCK
	JMS • 4	READ SECOND LINE SHIFT DATA BITS INTO MQ LOAD AC WITH FIRST LINE IMAGE SHIFT CONCATENATED IMAGE INTO AC
	LRS 6	SHIFT DATA BITS INTO MQ
	LAC • 5	LOAD AC WITH FIRST LINE IMAGE
		SHIFT CONONIENTED INFIGE INTO HO
	DAC •5	SAVE CONCATENATED FIRST TWO LINES
	JMS • 4	READ THIRD LINE
	LRS 6	SHIFT DATA BITS INTO MO
	LAC •5	LOAD AC WITH CONCATENATED IMAGE
		SHIFT COMPLETED WORD INTO AC
	JMP* •3	RETURN
•4	SDC Ø	
	IOT 104	SELECT READER
	IOT 101	SKIP IF LINE READY

	JMP +-1 IOT 112 JMP+ •4	WAIT FOR FLAG OVERRIDDEN "JMP • 1-2" WHEN LOADED RETURN
•5	SDC 0	
• 6	SDC 0	
• 7	SDC 300	
•8	SDC 100	
	JMP +1	OVERRIDES BOOTSTRAP LOCATION 0

	STITLE	CONTROL DISPATCHER
	SORG 1	
	JMP I	INTERRUPT TRAP
	SORG 21	
	JMP ET Jmp es	ILLEGAL INSTRUCTION TRAP SYSTEM RESTART
	\$0RG 100	
Q.C	SDC Ø	
	JMP QC	CLEAR QUEUE
Q.A	SDC Ø	
	JMP QA	ADD WORD TO BOTTOM OF QUEUE (F)
9. I	SDC Ø	
	JMP QI	INSERT WORD ON TOP OF QUEUE (F)
Q.F	SDC Ø	
	JMP QF	FETCH WORD FROM TOP OF QUEUE (F)
T.S	\$DC 0	
	JMP TS	SCHEDULE TASK
T.P	SDC Ø	
	JMP TP	SCHEDULE PREVIOUS LOC 4 TERMINATE
T.F	SDC 0	
	JMP TF	TERMINATE CURRENT TASK
T.A	SDC Ø	
	JMP TA	ALLOCATE I/O DEVICES UNDER MASK
T•R	\$DC 0	
<u>.</u> .	JMP TR	RELEASE I/O DEVICES UNDER MASK
T.L	\$DC 0	
	JMP TL	LOCK REENTRABLE SUBROUTINE
T.U	SDC Ø	
	JMP TU	UNLOCK REENTRABLE SUBROUTINE
C•B6	SDC Ø	
	JMP CB6	CONVERT BINARY TO 6-BIT OCTAL
C• 6A	SDC Ø	00WWDDR 4 DIR R0 40011
0 44	JMP C6A	CONVERT 6-BIT TO ASCII
C.A6	\$DC Ø	COMMENT ACCULATO A DIT
C CB	JMP CA6 SDC 0	CONVERT ASCII TO 6-BIT
U• UB	JMP CCB	CONVERT DISPLAY COORDINATE TO DIMARY
	JMF CCB	CONVERT DISPLAY COORDINATE TO BINARY

_ 11_		
C.BC	SDC Ø	
u 2.	JMP CBC	CONVERT BINARY TO DISPLAY COORDINATE
B.FI	SDC 6	
	JMP BFI	GET IMAGE FROM 201 INPUT BUFFER (F)
B.FO	SDC Ø	
	JMP BFO	SEND IMAGE TO 201 OUTPUT BUFFER (F)
B• K	SDC Ø	ACT THACK FROM DEADER DUFFER ARY
B.P		GET IMAGE FROM READER BUFFER (F)
B• F	SDC 6	SEND IMAGE TO PUNCH BUFFER (F)
D V	SDC 0	SEND IMAGE TO PUNCH BUFFER (F)
D+ N	JMP BK	GET 6-BIT CHAR FROM KEYBOARD BUFFER
B.T	SDC Ø	GEI 6-BII CHAK FROM KEIBUAKU BUFFEK
54.	JMP BT	SEND 3 PACKED 6-BIT CHARS TO TP BUF
N. A	SDC Ø	SEAR & LACKER G-BIT CHARS TO IT DOL
*****	JMP NA	CONVERT ANALOG TO DIGITAL
N.C	SDC Ø	
	JMP NC	SET CLOCK INTERVAL & SERVICE TASK
N.DI	SDC 0	
	JMP ND1	SELECT D/A CONVERTER #1
N. D2	SDC Ø	
	JMP ND2	SELECT D/A CONVERIER #2
N. D3		
	JMP ND3	SELECT D/A CONVERTER #3
P.T	SDC Ø	
	JMP PT	SET PUSH BUTTON SERVICE TASK
P•E	SDC Ø	
	JMP PE	ENABLE MANUAL OPN OF PUSH BUTTONS
P•D	SDC Ø JMP PD	DICADI E MANUAL ADM DE BUEU BUTTONE
D D	SDC 0	DISABLE MANUAL OPN OF PUSH BUTTONS
r•K	JMP PR	READ PUSH BUTTONS
P.S	SDC 0	KEND FUSH BUTTONS
7.5	JMP PS	SET PUSH BUTTONS
D.E	SDC 0	52. 7 65.1 501.10115
	JMP DE	ENABLE DISPLAY INTERRUPTS
D•D	SDC Ø	
_	JMP DD	DISABLE DISPLAY INTERRUPTS
D.P	SDC Ø	
	JMP DP	SET LIGHT PEN FLAG SERVICE TASK

D•A		
	JMP DA	READ DISPLAY ADR ON LAST INTERRUPT
D•Y	SDC Ø	
	JMP DY	READ Y DPY COORD ON LAST INTERRUPT
D•X	SDC Ø	
		READ X DPY COORD ON LAST INTERRUPT
D•0	SDC Ø	
	JMP DO	READ OWNER ON LAST INTERRUPT (F)
X.I	SDC Ø	
	JMP XI	INITIALIZE TRACKING AT GIVEN COORDS
X.R	SDC Ø	
	JMP XR	RESUME TRACKING
X.T	SDC Ø	
	JMP XT	TERMINATE TRACKING
X • S	SDC Ø	
	JMP XS	SKIP IF TRACKING NOT IN PROCESS (F)
X•Y	SDC Ø	
	JMP XY	READ Y TRACKING COORDINATE
X•X	SDC Ø	
	JMP XX	READ X TRACKING COORDINATE
S.TL	SDC Ø	
	JMP STL	CREATE A LEVEL (F)
S.TD	SDC Ø	
	JMP STD	DESTROY A LEVEL (F)
S.TI		
	JMP STI	INSERT SUBSTRUCTURE INTO LEVEL (F)
S.TR	SDC Ø	
	JMP STR	REMOVE SUBSTRUCTURE FROM LEVEL (F)
S.LH	SDC Ø	
	JMP SLH	GET ADDRESS OF HIGHEST ACTIVE LEVEL
S.LY	SDC Ø	
	JMP SLY	TRANSLATE LEVEL IN Y DIRECTION
S.LX	SDC Ø	
	JMP SLX	TRANSLATE LEVEL IN X DIRECTION
S.LP	SDC Ø	
	JMP SLP	SET LEVEL PARAMETERS
S.LBE		
		ENABLE BLINK ON LEVEL
S.LBD	SDC Ø	
	JMP SLBD	DISABLE BLINK ON LEVEL

S- C	SDC	_
S.LU	SDC	
S.LS	JMP	
	JMP	SLS
S.LL	SDC	_
S.LN	SDC	
L.T	SDC	0
L.D	JMP	7.0
L•L	JMP SDC	177
L•L	JMP	
PDP1	SDS	204
PDP2	SDS	204

COUNT SCALE AND/OR INTENSITY

INTERRUPT UNCONDITIONALLY ON LEVEL

INTERRUPT ON LEVEL IF ON SCREEN

INTERRUPT ON LEVEL IF LPSI SET

DISABLE INTERRUPT ON LEVEL

SEND TEXT LIST TO TP BUFFER

GENERATE TEXT LEAF (F)

DESTROY TEXT LEAF

STITLE D00 INCR SDC 1272 SDC 6251 \$DC 6057 SDC 7516 **\$DC 1570** SDC 5172 **SDC 3726** SDC Ø POP DØ 1 INCR \$DC 5160 SDC 1472 SDC 7255 SDC 3737 SDC Ø POP D02 INCR SDC 5271 \$DC 5152 **SDC 5364** \$DC 5537 \$DC 2774 \$DC 5417 \$DC 3020 \$DC 0 POP DØ3 INCR \$DC 1252 \$DC 5760 \$DC 5152 SDC 5354 \$DC 1051 \$DC 5253

\$DC 6455 \$DC 3737 \$DC 1000

POP

DISPLAY CHARACTER GENERATOR

```
DØ 4
       INCR
       SDC 1110
       SDC 5072
       SDC 7275
       SDC 6010
       SDC 5037
       SDC 1600
       POP
DØ 5
       INCR
       SDC 1252
       SDC 5760
       SDC 5162
       SDC 5374
       SDC 6270
       SDC 5037
       SDC 3616
       SDC Ø
       POP
DØ6
       INCR
       SDC 1252
       SDC 5760
       SDC 5152
       SDC 5364
       SDC 5572
       SDC 5170
       SDC 3736
       SDC 1600
       POP
DØ 7
       INCR
       SDC 5271
       SDC 5162
       SDC 7454
       SDC 5637
       SDC 3710
       SDC Ø
       POP
D10
       INCR
       SDC 1252
       SDC 5760
```

SDC 5152

```
SDC 5364
           SDC 5512
           SDC 6251
           SDC 6057
           SDC 5637
SDC 2600
           POP
D1 1
           INCR
           SDC 5270
SDC 5162
           SDC 5162
SDC 7453
SDC 5251
SDC 6057
SDC 5637
SDC 2600
           POP
D12
           INCR
           SDC 7272
SDC 5160
            SDC 5766
            SDC 7632
           SDC 7437
SDC 1720
            SDC Ø
           POP
           INCR
D13
            SDC 7272
            SDC 5270
            SDC 5756
            SDC 5564
           SDC 2057
SDC 5655
SDC 6430
SDC 1720
            SDC Ø
            POP
D14
            INCR
           SDC 1272
SDC 6251
SDC 6057
```

```
SDC 3656
SDC 5564
SDC 3020
        SDC 1700
        POP
D15
        INCR
        SDC 7272
        SDC 58:60
        SDC 6766
SDC 6554
SDC 3020
SDC 1700
        POP
D16
        INCR
        SDC 7272
        SDC 5270
        SDC 5625
        SDC 5550
        SDC 2516
        SDC 7656
        SDC 1726
        SDC 6
        POP
D17
        INCR
        SDC 7272
        SDC 5270
        SDC 5025
        SDC 5550
        SDC 3717
        SDC 1000
        POP
D20
        INCR
        SDC 1272
        SDC 6251
        SDC 6057
        SDC 3576
        SDC 5655
        SDC 6430
        SDC 1720
        SDC Ø
```

```
POP
D2 1
         INCR
         SDC 7272
SDC 5236
SDC 7050
SDC 7236
SDC 7620
SDC 1700
         POP
D22
         INCR
         SDC 5160
         SDC 1472
         SDC 7254
SDC 1050
         SDC 3736
         SDC 1700
         POP
D23
         INCR
         $DC 2252
         SDC 5657
         SDC 6051
         SDC 7262
         SDC 3636
         SDC 1720
         SDC Ø
         POP
         INCR
D24
         SDC 7272
SDC 5230
         SDC 5075
         SDC 7720
         SDC 1700
         POP
         INCR
D25
         SDC 7272
         SDC 5236
         SDC 3670
         SDC 5020
         SDC 1700
         POP
```

```
D26
       INCR
       SDC 7272
       SDC 5267
       SDC 6176
       SDC 7626
       SDC 1766
       POP
D27
       INCR
       SDC 7272
       SDC 5277
       SDC 3250
       SDC 7676
       SDC 1720
       SDC 0
       POP
D30
       INCR
       SDC 1272
       SDC 6251
       SDC 6057
       SDC 7656
       SDC 5564
       SDC 3020
       SDC 1700
       POP
       INCR
D31
       SDC 7272
       SDC 5270
       SDC 5756
       SDC 5564
       SDC 3720
       SDC 1700
       POP
       INCR
D32
       SDC 1272
       SDC 6251
       SDC 6057
       SDC 7656
       SDC 5564
       SDC 1022
       SDC 7720
```

```
SDC Ø
       POP
D33
       INCR
       SDC 7272
       SDC 5270
       SDC 5756
       SDC 5564
       SDC 7720
       SDC 1700
       POP
D34
       INCR
       SDC 1252
       SDC 5760
       SDC 5152
       SDC 5364
       $DC 5352
       SDC 5160
       SDC 5737
       SDC 3600
       POP
D35
       INCR
       SDC 1150
       SDC 7272
       SDC 6420
       SDC 6036
       SDC 1637
       SDC Ø
       POP
D36
       INCR
       5DC 1272
       SDC 7230
       $DC 5076
       $DC 6655
       SDC 6430
       SDC 1720
       SDC Ø
       POP
       INCR
D37
       SDC 2272
       SDC 6230
```

```
SDC 5076
         SDC 5665
         SDC 5327
SDC 3010
          SDC Ø
         POP
         INCR
D40
         SDC 7272
SDC 5230
         SDC 5076
SDC 7663
SDC 5527
SDC 3010
         SDC Ø
         POP
         INCR
D41
         SDC 6271
SDC 5152
         SDC 3454
SDC 5657
SDC 1767
SDC 5617
         SDC 2000
         POP
D42
         INCR
         SDC 1150
         SDC 7261
         SDC 5234
         SDC 5456
         SDC 5737
         SDC 2710
         SDC Ø
         POP
D43
         INCR
         SDC 6271
         SDC 5152
         SDC 7454
         SDC 3727
         SDC 5574
         SDC 3020
```

```
SDC 1700
       POP
D44
       INCR
       $DC 1251
       SDC 7151
       SDC 3454
       SDC 5717
       SDC 6727
       SDC Ø
       POP
D45
       INCR
       $DC 1252
       SDC 7151
       SDC 3736
       SDC Ø
       POP
D46
       INCR
       5DC 1151
       SDC 7252
       SDC 1555
       SDC 5010
       SDC 6037
       SDC 1600
       POP
D47
       INCR
       $DC 3252
       SDC 7050
       SDC 3716
       SDC Ø
       POP
D50
       INCR
       SDC 1150
       $DC 5372
       $DC 5251
       SDC 3727
       SDC 2600
       POP
D51
       INCR
       SDC 1150
       SDC 5172
```

```
SDC 5253
        SDC 3727
        SDC 2600
        POP
D52
        INCR
        SDC 5172
        SDC 7260
        SDC 3636
        SDC 5450
        SDC 1736
        SDC Ø
        POP
        INCR
D53
        SDC 5160
SDC 7272
        SDC 6437
SDC 3716
        SDC Ø
        POP
D54
        INCR
        SDC 3051
SDC 7371
        $DC 3736
        SDC 1600
        POP
D55
        INCR
        SDC 3150
SDC 7454
        SDC 1252
        SDC 7050
        SDC 3726
        SDC Ø
        POP
D56
        INCR
        SDC 5271
        SDC 7337
        SDC 3717
        SDC Ø
        POP
        INCR
D57
```

```
SDC 1150
         SDC 7272
         SDC 6520
         SDC 5157
         SDC 3726
         SDC Ø
        POP
 D60
        INCR
        SDC 1151
        SDC 6361
        SDC 1655
        SDC 7037
        SDC 1600
        POP
D61
        INCR
        SDC 6250
SDC 5630
        SDC 1720
        SDC Ø
        POP
D62
        INCR
        SDC 6250
        SDC 6655
        $DC 1130
        SDC 3000
       POP
D63
       INCR
        SDC 1262
       SDC 1262
       SDC 5056
       SDC 1666
       SDC 2710
       SDC 3000
       POP
D64
       INCR
       SDC 1262
       SDC 1262
       SDC 5056
       $DC 1676
       SDC 5530
```

```
SDC 3010
SDC 0
          POP
D65
          INCR
          SDC 1150
SDC 1262
          SDC 5051
          SDC 5253
SDC 6455
SDC 3737
SDC 1000
          POP
D66
          INCR
          SDC 1150
          SDC 1272
          SDC 6237
SDC 2726
          SDC Ø
          POP
D67
          INCR
         SDC 2122
SDC 7237
SDC 2726
          SDC Ø
          POP
D70
          INCR
         SDC 1132
SDC 7210
         SDC 5066
          SDC 3717
          SDC 1600
         POP
D71
         INCR
         SDC 1252
         SDC 5760
         SDC 5152
         SDC 5364
         SDC 5352
         SDC 5160
         SDC 5714
```

```
$DC 5456
$DC 1666
$DC 2730
$DC 0
         POP
D72
         INCR
         $DC 5172
$DC 7210
$DC 5076
         SDC 7612
         SDC 5314
         SDC 5412
         SDC 5210
         SDC 5010
         SDC 5016
         SDC 5637
         SDC Ø
         POP
D73
         INCR
         SDC 5153
         SDC 5261
         SDC 5355
        SDC 1777
         SDC 1454
        SDC 1151
        SDC 3700
        POP
D75
        VEC
        SDC 2020
        SDC 4000
        POP
D76
        SVEC
        $DC 50
        POP
```

STITLE LAW 3000 XP SDC 1105 SDC 1000 **XPY** SDC 5000 XPX SDC 1400 SDC X1 SDC 60 SVEC SDC 24 SDC 4047 SDC 1400 SDC X2 SDC 60 SVEC SDC 1 SDC 4067 SDC 1400 SDC X3 SDC 60 SVEC SDC 2403 SDC 4740 SDC 1400 SDC X2 SDC 60 SVEC SDC 100 SDC 6700 SDC 340 SDC 1400 SDC X4 XPS POP SVEC SDC 404 SDC 4030 SDC 7000 SDC 4010

SDC 5040

TRACKING PATTERN GENERATOR

VEC SDC 4 SDC 4 SDC 4000 SDC 2020 SDC 6020 SDC Ø SDC 4000 SDC 20 SDC 4020 SDC Ø SDC 4 SDC 4 SDC 4000 SDC 2030 SDC 6030 SDC Ø SDC 4000 SDC 30 SDC 4030 SDC Ø SDC 4 SDC 4 SDC 4000 SDC 2040 SDC 6040 SDC 0 SDC 4000 SDC 40 SDC 4040 SDC Ø SDC 4 SDC 4 SDC 4000 SDC 2050 SDC 6050 SDC Ø SDC 4000 SDC 50 SDC 4050

SDC 0 SDC 4 SDC 4 SDC 4000 SDC 2060 SDC 6060 SDC Ø SDC 4000 SDC 60 SDC 4060 SDC 0 SDC 4 SDC 4 SDC 4000 SDC 2070 SDC 6070 SDC Ø SDC 4000 SDC 70 SDC 4070 SDC 0 SDC 4 SDC 4 SDC 4000 SDC 2100 SDC 6100 SDC Ø SDC 4000 SDC 100 SDC 4100 SDC 4000 SDC 1400 SDC X5 POP

	STITLE	INTERRUPT DISPATCHER
1	DAC 6 LACQ DAC 3 LACS DAC 2 IOT 1441 SKP JMP IFI IOT 1401	SAVE AC CONTENTS
	LACO	GET MO CONTENTS
	DAC 3	SAVE MO CONTENTS
	LACS	GET SC CONTENTS
	DAC 2	SAVE SC CONTENTS
	IOT 1441	SKIP ON DATAPHONE RECEIVE FLAG
	SKP	TEST NEXT FLAG
	JMP IFI	SERVICE DATAPHONE INPUT INTERRUPT SKIP ON DATAPHONE TRANSMIT FLAG
	IOT 1401	SKIP ON DATAPHONE TRANSMIT FLAG
	SKP	TEST NEXT FLAG
	JMP IFO	SERVICE DATAPHONE OUTPUT INTERRUPT SKIP ON READER FLAG
	IOT 101	SKIP ON READER FLAG
	SKP	TEST NEXT ELAC
	JMP IRD IOT 1301	SERVICE READER INTERRUPT
	101 1301	SKIP ON A/D CONVERTER FLAG
	SKP	TEST NEXT FLAG
	JMP IAD	SERVICE A/D CONVERTER INTERRUPT
	IOT 301	SERVICE A/D CONVERTER INTERRUPT SKIP ON KEYBOARD FLAG
	SNE	IESI NEXI PLAG
	JMP IKB	SERVICE KEYBOARD INTERRUPT
	IOT 201	SKIP ON PUNCH FLAG
	SKP	TEST NEXT FLAG
	JMP IPC	SERVICE PUNCH INTERRUPT
	IOT 401	SKIP ON TELEPRINTER FLAG
	SKP	TEST NEXT FLAG
	JMP ITP IOT I SKP JMP ICK IOT 612 DAC DSS	SERVICE TELEPRINTER INTERRUPT
	IOT 1	SKIP ON CLOCK FLAG
	SKP	TEST NEXT FLAG
	JMP ICK	SERVICE CLOCK INTERRUPT
	IOT 612	READ DISPLAY STATUS
	DAC DSS	SAVE DISPLAY STATUS WORD 1
	7110 -CD	GET PUSH BUTTON FLAG
	SZA	SKIP ON NO PUSH BUTTON FLAG
	JMP IPB	SERVICE PUSH BUTTON INTERRUPT
	IOT 702	SKIP ON EDGE FLAG
	JMP *+3	TEST NEXT FLAG
	IOT 724	RESUME DISPLAY
	JMP IR	RETURN FROM INTERRUPT

	IOT 642	SKIP ON LIGHT PEN FLAG
	SKP	TEST NEXT FLAG
	JMP ILP	SERVICE LIGHT PEN INTERRUPT
	IOT 721	SKIP ON INTERNAL STOP FLAG
	SKP	TEST NEXT FLAG
	JMP IIS	SERVICE INTERNAL STOP INTERRUPT
	IOT 722	SKIP ON MANUAL INTERRUPT FLAG
	JMP EI	INVALID INTERRUPT
	JMP EM	EMERGENCY REINITIALIZATION
IR	LAC 2	GET SC CONTENTS
	XOR =77	COMPLEMENT SHIFT COUNT
	TAD =640402	FORM NORM INSTRUCTION
	AND =640477	TRUNCATE CARRY
	DAC ++1	STORE NORM INSTRUCTION
	HLT	RESTORE SC CONTENTS
	LAC 3	GET MO CONTENTS
	LMO	RESTORE MO CONTENTS
	LAC 6	RESTORE AC CONTENTS
	IOT 42	ENABLE INTERRUPTS
	IOT 3344	DEBREAK AND RESTORE
	JMP+ Ø	RETURN TO INTERRUPTED PROGRAM

STITLE SYSTEM DIAGNOSTICS SYSTEM LAW 4400 GET BREAK FIELD 1 PARAMETER IOT 705 LOAD BREAK FIELD LAW = 1400 GET ADDRESS OF INTERNAL STOP IOT 1605 INITIALIZE DISPLAY GET ADDRESS OF TEXT LIST LAC =++2 JMP E INITIALIZE SYSTEM SDC 5 STEXT "SYSTEM RELOADED" EE IOT 42 **ENABLE INTERRUPTS** LAC BP3 GET PUNCH STATUS SWITCH SZA SKIP IF PUNCH IS IDLE JMP +-2 WAIT FOR PUNCH TO FINISH LAC BT1 GET TELEPRINTER STATUS SWITCH SKIP IF TELEPRINTER IS IDLE SZA JMP +-2 WAIT FOR TELEPRINTER TO FINISH IOT 1412 READ 201 STATUS GET TRANSMIT STATE BIT AND =2 SKIP IF NOT TRANSMITTING SZA JMP +-3 WAIT FOR END OF TRANSMISSION 10T 2 DI SABLE INTERRUPTS LAC =++2 GET ADDRESS OF TEXT LIST JMP E REINITIALIZE SYSTEM SDC 6 STEXT "TASK QUEUE EMPTY" EI LAC =++2 GET ADDRESS OF TEXT LIST JMP E REINITIALIZE SYSTEM **\$DC 6** STEXT "INVALID INTERRUPT" FM LAC =++2 GET ADDRESS OF TEXT LIST JMP E REINITIALIZE SYSTEM SDC 6 STEXT "MANUAL INTERRUPT" EQ LAC = ++2 GET ADDRESS OF TEXT LIST

REINITIALIZE SYSTEM

JMP E

SDC 7 STEXT "TASK QUEUE OVERFLOW"

ES DZM BP3 CLEAR PUNCH STATUS SWITCH CLEAR TELEPRINTER STATUS SWITCH DZM BT1 GET BREAK FIELD 1 PARAMETER LAW 4400 IOT 705 LOAD BREAK FIELD LAW =1400 GET ADDRESS OF INTERNAL STOP IOT 1605 INITIALIZE DISPLAY GET ADDRESS OF TEXY LIST LAC =++2 JMP E REINITIALIZE SYSTEM SDC 5

STEXT "PANEL RECOVERY"

DISABLE INTERRUPTS ET IOT 2 LOAD AC WITH -1 CLC TAD 20 ADD PROGRAM COUNTER DURING TRAP JMS C.B6 CONVERT TO 6-BIT CODE AND =7777 TRUNCATE HIGH ORDER DIGIT USE BLANK AS HIGH ORDER CHARACTER TAD = 760000 DAC ETI STORE HIGH ORDER CHARACTERS LACO GET LOW ORDER DIGITS DAC ET2 STORE LOW ORDER DIGITS LAC =++2 GET ADDRESS OF TEXT LIST JMP E REINITIALIZE SYSTEM

SDC 13 STEXT "ILLEGAL INSTRUCTION AT LOC"

ET1 SDC Ø

	STITLE	SYSTEM INITIALIZER
Ε	DAC 25	SAVE ADDRESS OF DIAGNOSTIC
	IOT 7702	ENTER EXTEND MODE
		READ 201 STATUS
	AND =1	GET RECEIVE STATE BIT
	SZA	SKIP IF NOT RECEIVING
	JMP *-3	WAIT FOR END OF RECORD
	IOT 1444	CLEAR 201 INTERFACE
	LAC =440	GET TERM RDY BIT & FRAME SIZE 8
		SET INITIAL 201 INTERFACE STATE
		GET PUNCH STATUS SWITCH
	SNA	SKIP IF PUNCH ACTIVE
	JMP *+3	PUNCH NOT ACTIVE
	IOT 201	SKIP ON PUNCH FLAG
	JMP +-1	WAIT FOR PUNCH FLAG GET TELEPRINTER STATUS SWITCH
	LAC BT1	GET TELEPRINTER STATUS SWITCH
	SNA	SKIP IF TELEPRINTER ACTIVE
	JMP ++3	TELEPRINTER NOT ACTIVE
	IOT 401	GET TELEPRINTER STATUS SWITCH SKIP IF TELEPRINTER ACTIVE TELEPRINTER NOT ACTIVE SKIP ON TELEPRINTER FLAG WAIT FOR TELEPRINTER FLAG READ DISPLAY STATUS GET DISPLAY FLAG BITS SKIP IF DISPLAY STOPPED
	JMP +-1	WAIT FOR TELEPRINTER FLAG
	IOT 612	READ DISPLAY STATUS
	AND = 7400	GET DISPLAY FLAG BITS
	SNA+CLA	SKIP IF DISPLAY STOPPED
	JMP +-3	WAIT FOR DISPLAY TO STOP
	JMS PS1	CLEAR PUSH BUTTONS
	IOT 4	DISABLE CLOCK
	10T 3302	CLEAR ALL FLAGS
	DZM BP3	INDICATE PUNCH IDLE
	DZM BT1	INDICATE TELEPRINTER IDLE
	· - · - ·	DISABLE OPERATION OF PUSH BUTTONS
	DZM DE+1	DISABLE DISPLAY INTERRUPTS
	DZM DWV	CLEAR TRANSLATION VALUE
	DZM NA+2	UNLOCK N.A
	DZM NC+2	UNLOCK N.C
	DZM STRD+2	UNLOCK S.TRD
	DZM STRR+2	UNLOCK S.TRR
	DZM SLY+2	UNLOCK S.LY
	DZM SLX+2	UNLOCK S.LX
	LAW 10	GET TELEPRINTER MASK

DAC STATUS	ALLOCATE TELEPRINTER ONLY
DAC BFTTY2	SET BFTTY ALLOCATION MASK
LAC TO	GET POINTER TO END OF TASK QUEUE
DAC TQ+1	RESET INPUT POINTER
DAC TQ+2	RESET OUTPUT POINTER
DAC BRS	SET RECORD SEEK SWITCH
DZM BRO	INDICATE NEW RECORD NEEDED
LAC BPQ	GET POINTER TO END OF PUNCH BUFFER
DAC BPQ+1	RESET INPUT POINTER
DAC BPQ+2	RESET OUTPUT POINTER
LAC BKO	GET POINTER TO END OF KB BUFFER
DAC BKQ+1	RESET INPUT POINTER
DAC BKQ+2	RESET OUTPUT POINTER
LAC BTO	GET POINTER TO END OF TP BUFFER
DAC BTQ+1	RESET INPUT POINTER
DAC BTQ+2	RESET OUTPUT POINTER
LAC =DN	GET ADDRESS OF NULL DISPLAY SERVICE
DAC DPT	SET NULL LIGHT PEN SERVICE
LAC =PN	GET ADDRESS OF NULL PB SERVICE
DAC PTT	SET NULL PUSH BUTTON SERVICE
LAW 3000	GET POP INSTRUCTION
DAC XP	INHIBIT TRACKING PROCESS
LAC =D	GET ADDRESS OF HIGHEST ACTIVE LEVEL
DAC DHAL+7	REMOVE EVERYTHING FROM HAL
LAW PDP1	GET ADDRESS OF PUSH DOWN LIST
IOT 645	SET PUSH DOWN POINTER
LAW 7763	GET INITIAL DISPLAY CONDITIONS
IOT 665	SET INITIAL DISPLAY CONDITIONS
LAW 4400	GET BREAK FIELD 1 PARAMETER
IOT 705	LOAD BREAK FIELD
LAW D	GET ADDRESS OF SYSTEM DISPLAY FILE
IOT 1605	START DI SPLAY
LAC =BFENQ	GET ENQUIRY CHARACTER
JMS BFENOS	INITIALIZE 201 TASKS
IOT 42	ENABLE INTERRUPTS
LAW BEENO	GET ENQUIRY CHARACTER
JMS B.FO	SEND ATTENTION INTERRUPT
NOP	DATA SET NOT CONNECTED
DZM 26	CLEAR POINTER TO DIAGNOSTIC LEVEL
DZM 27	ALLOCATE TELEPRINTER ONLY SET BFTTY ALLOCATION MASK GET POINTER TO END OF TASK QUEUE RESET INPUT POINTER RESET OUTPUT POINTER SET RECORD SEEK SWITCH INDICATE NEW RECORD NEEDED GET POINTER TO END OF PUNCH BUFFER RESET INPUT POINTER GET POINTER TO END OF KB BUFFER RESET OUTPUT POINTER GET POINTER TO END OF TP BUFFER RESET INPUT POINTER GET POINTER TO END OF TP BUFFER RESET OUTPUT POINTER GET ADDRESS OF NULL DISPLAY SERVICE SET NULL LIGHT PEN SERVICE GET ADDRESS OF NULL PB SERVICE GET ADDRESS OF NULL PB SERVICE GET POP INSTRUCTION INHIBIT TRACKING PROCESS GET ADDRESS OF HIGHEST ACTIVE LEVEL REMOVE EVERYTHING FROM HAL GET ADDRESS OF PUSH DOWN LIST SET PUSH DOWN POINTER GET INITIAL DISPLAY CONDITIONS SET INITIAL DISPLAY CONDITIONS SET INITIAL DISPLAY CONDITIONS GET BREAK FIELD GET ADDRESS OF SYSTEM DISPLAY FILE START DISPLAY GET ENQUIRY CHARACTER INITIALIZE 201 TASKS ENABLE INTERRUPTS GET ENQUIRY CHARACTER SEND ATTENTION INTERRUPT DATA SET NOT CONNECTED CLEAR POINTER TO DIAGNOSTIC LEVEL CLEAR POINTER TO DIAGNOSTIC LEVEL
	Jesim Folition is bringly with white

EI

JMS	S S.TL	CREATE TITLE LEAF
JMF	5 ES	USE TELETYPE ONLY
DAC	E3	SAVE POINTER TO TITLE LEAF
LAC	=EF	GET ADDRESS OF TEXT LIST
JMS	S L.D	CREATE TITLE LEAF
JMF	E3 C = EF S L.D P E2	USE TELETYPE ONLY
1 14 6	1	SET UP PARAMETER
1.AC		GET POINTER TO TITLE LEVEL
JMS	S S.TI	INSERT TITLE LEAF
JMP	E2	USE TELETYPE ONLY
		GET Y TITLE COORDINATE
		SET UP PARAMETER
I.AC	F3	GET POINTER TO TITLE LEVEL
.IM S	S S . I Y	SET Y TITLE COORDINATE
1 4 6	J - 1 4 4	GET X TITLE COORDINATE
IMO)	SET UP PARAMETER
LAC		GET POINTER TO TITLE LEVEL
IMS	, 50 5 5.1 X	SET X TITLE COORDINATE
1 4 6	V 500	GET SCALE X2 PARAMETER
LMG		SET UP PARAMETER
		GET POINTER TO TITLE LEVEL
		SET TITLE SCALE
LAC	E3	GET POINTER TO TITLE LEVEL
1.40	`	CET UD DADAMETED
LAC	= DHAI	GET ADDRESS OF HIGHEST ACTIVE LEVEL INSERT TITLE LEVEL
IM S	S. TI	INSERT TITLE LEVEL
IMP	, 5 	USE TELETYPE ONLY
IM S		CREATE DIAGNOSTIC LEVEL
IMP	E2	USE TELETYPE ONLY
		SET POINTER TO DIAGNOSTIC LEVEL
		GET Y DIAGNOSTIC DISPLACEMENT
LMQ		SET UP PARAMETER
		GET ADDRESS OF DIAGNOSTIC LEVEL
IMC	. C. I V	TRANSLATE LEVEL IN Y DIRECTION
1 4	26 5 S.LY 7 - 400	GET X DIAGNOSTIC DISPLACEMENT
LMO	- 400	SET UP PARAMETER
LMG		GET ADDRESS OF DIAGNOSTIC LEVEL
IMC		TRANSLATE LEVEL IN X DIRECTION
JMS	. 3.LA . Egg	
LAW	ששכ	GET SCALE X2 PARAMETER
LMQ		SET UP PARAMETER

	LAC 26	GET ADDRESS OF DIAGNOSTIC LEVEL
	JMS S.LP	SET DIAGNOSTIC SCALE
	LAC 26	GET ADDRESS OF DIAGNOSTIC LEVEL
	LMO	SET UP PARAMETER
	LAC =DHAL	GET ADDRESS OF HIGHEST ACTIVE LEVEL
	JMS S.TI	INSERT DIAGNOSTIC LEVEL
	JMP E2	DISPLAY STORAGE EXCEEDED
	LAC 25	GET ADDRESS OF TEXT LIST
	SZA	SKIP IF DISP STORAGE BEING CLEARED
	JMS L.D	CREATE DIAGNOSTIC LEAF
	JMP E2	USE TELETYPE ONLY
	DAC 27	SET POINTER TO DIAGNOSTIC LEAF
	LMO	SET UP PARAMETER
	LAC 26	GET ADDRESS OF DIAGNOSTIC LEVEL
		INSERT DIAGNOSTIC LEAF
		USE TELETYPE ONLY
E2	- ·	GET POINTER TO TEXT LIST
		SKIP IF COMMENT TO BE TYPED
	JMP IDLE	BEGIN IDLE-TIME TASK
		GET TELEPRINTER POSITIONING CODE
	JMS B.T	POSITION TELEPRINTER
	LAC 25	GET ADDRESS OF TEXT LIST
	JMS L.T	TYPE DIAGNOSTIC
	LAC =747575	GET TELEPRINTER POSITIONING CODE
		POSITION TELEPRINTER
	JMP IDLE	BEGIN IDLE-TIME TASK
	···· 1000	
EF	SDC 11	
_,	STEXT "SEL EXECUTIVE	SYSTEM (01)"

	STITLE	DISPLAY STRUCTURE STORAGE MANAGER
STORE	SEQU 12000	LOWER LIMIT OF DISPLAY STORAGE
В	SDC Ø	FORM 1'S COMP OF NUMBER OF BLOCKS FORM 2'S COMP OF NUMBER OF BLOCKS INITIALIZE COUNTER STORE VALUE FOR RESETTING COUNTER
	CMA	FORM 1'S COMP OF NUMBER OF BLOCKS
	TAD = 1	FORM 2'S COMP OF NUMBER OF BLOCKS
	DAC TI	INITIALIZE COUNTER
	DAC T2	STORE VALUE FOR RESETTING COUNTER GET LOWER LIMIT OF DISPLAY STORAGE SET POINTER TO CANDIDATE SET POINTER TO NEW BLOCK
	LAC =STORE	GET LOWER LIMIT OF DISPLAY STORAGE
B1	DAC T3	SET POINTER TO CANDIDATE
	DAC T4	SET POINTER TO NEW BLOCK
	SAD =20000	SKIP IF STORAGE NOT EXCEEDED
	JMP* B	NOT ENOUGH FREE STORAGE
	LAC* T4	GET FIRST WORD FROM BLOCK
	SNA	SKIP IF BLOCK NOT AVAILABLE
	JMP B2	ADD BLOCK TO CANDIDATE
	LAC T2	GET INITIAL VALUE OF COUNTER
	DAC T1	REINITIALIZE COUNTER
	LAC T4	GET ADDRESS OF UNAVAILABLE BLOCK
	TAD =4	FORM ADDRESS OF NEXT BLOCK
	JMP B1	PROCEED WITH NEXT CANDIDATE
B2	ISZ T1	INCREMENT COUNTER & SKIP IF DONE
	JMP ++4	PREPARE TO ADD ANOTHER BLOCK
	LAC T3	GET ADDRESS OF ACQUIRED STORAGE
	ISZ B	INDICATE SUCCESS
	JMP* B	RETURN
	LAC T4	GET ADDRESS OF BLOCK JUST ADDED
	TAD =4	FORM ADDRESS OF NEXT BLOCK
	SAD = 20000 JMP* B LAC* T4 SNA JMP B2 LAC T2 DAC T1 LAC T4 TAD = 4 JMP B1 ISZ T1 JMP *+4 LAC T3 ISZ B JMP* B LAC T4 TAD = 4 JMP B1	ADD ANOTHER BLOCK
	ADO 0	
	LAC =1	GET SINGLE BLOCK PARAMETER
	JMS B	FIND SINGLE BLOCK
	JMP+ B3	NO SINGLE BLOCK AVAILABLE
	LAC =1 JMS B JMP* B3 ISZ B3 JMP* B3	INDICATE SUCCESS
	JMP* B3	RETURN
B4	\$DC 0	
•	LAC =2	GET DOUBLE BLOCK PARAMETER

JMS B JMP+ B4 ISZ B4 JMP+ B4 FIND DOUBLE BLOCK NO DOUBLE BLOCK AVAILABLE INDICATE SUCCESS RETURN

	STITLE	WORD QUEUE MANAGER
QC	DAC+ QOP	DISABLE INTERRUPTS SET CONTROL POINTERS GET POINTER TO END OF QUEUE SET INPUT POINTER SET OUTPUT POINTER ENABLE INTERRUPTS RETURN
QA	IOT 2 JMS 9A1 SKP ISZ 9.A IOT 42 JMP* 9.A	DISABLE INTERRUPTS ADD WORD TO GUEUE OVERFLOW INDICATE SUCCESS ENABLE INTERRUPTS RETURN
OI	IOT 2 JMS QS LAC* QOP DAC 23 TAD =-3 SAD QP LAC* QP SAD+ QP SAD+ QP SKP TAD =2 SAD* QIP JMP *+5 DAC* QOP LACQ DAC* 23 ISZ Q. T	DISABLE INTERRUPTS SET CONTROL POINTERS GET OUTPUT POINTER SAVE OUTPUT POINTER SUBTRACT 3 SKIP IF NO WRAP-AROUND GET POINTER TO END OF QUEUE SKIP IF NO WRAP-AROUND CHECK FOR OVERFLOW FORM NEW OUTPUT POINTER SKIP IF NO OVERFLOW OVERFLOW SET NEW OUTPUT POINTER GET VALUE TO BE STORED STORE VALUE IN QUEUE INDICATE SUCCESS ENABLE INTERRUPTS RETURN
QF	SKP	DISABLE INTERRUPTS FETCH WORD FROM QUEUE QUEUE EMPTY INDICATE SUCCESS

	10T 42 JMP* Q.F	ENABLE INTERRUPTS RETURN SET CONTROL POINTERS GET INPUT POINTER INCREMENT SKIP IF NO OVERFLOW OVERFLOW SET NEW INPUT POINTER SAVE COPY OF POINTER
QA 1	SDC Ø Jms Qs	SET CONTROL POINTERS
	LAC+ GIP	GET INPUT POINTER
	JMS QINC	INCREMENT
	SAD+ OOP	SKIP IF NO OVERFLOW
	JMP+ QA1	OVERFLOW
	DAC+ QIP	SET NEW INPUT POINTER
	DAC 23	SAVE COPY OF POINTER GET WORD TO BE STORED STORE WORD IN QUEUE
	LACO	GET WORD TO BE STORED
	DAC+ 23	STORE WORD IN QUEUE
	ISZ QA1	INDICATE SUCCESS
	JMP+ OAI	RETURN
QF 1	SDC Ø	
	JMS QS	SET CONTROL POINTERS
	LAC+ QOP	GET OUTPUT POINTER
	SAD+ QIP	SKIP IF QUEUE NOT EMPTY
	JMP+ QF1	QUEUE EMPTY
	JMS QINC	INCREMENT
	DAC+ GOP	SET NEW OUTPUT POINTER
		SAVE COPY OF POINTER
	LAC+ 23	GET WORD FROM QUEUE
	ISZ OF1	INDICATE SUCCESS
	JMP+ QF1	RETURN
QS	SDC Ø	
		SET POINTER TO QUEUE
	TAD =1	COMPUTE ADDRESS OF NEXT LOCATION
		SET POINTER TO INPUT POINTER
		COMPUTE ADDRESS OF NEXT LOCATION
	DAC GOP	SET POINTER TO OUTPUT POINTER
	JMP+ QS	RETURN
OINC	\$DC 0	
	SAD+ QP	SKIP IF NOT END OF QUEUE
	LAC OOP	WRAP AROUND TO BEGINNING OF QUEUE
	TAD =1	INCREMENT

JMP+ QINC

RETURN

	STITLE	TASK SCHEDULER
TS	JMS TII	DISABLE INTERRUPTS TRUNCATE HIGH ORDER BITS PUT TASK ADDRESS ON QUEUE ENABLE INTERRUPTS RETURN
TP	LAW 17776 TAD T.P JMS T.S	LOAD AC WITH -2 FORM ADDRESS OF NEW TASK SCHEDULE NEW TASK
TF	JMS TIO DAC 23 RAL SZL JMP TF1 SPA JMP TF2 IOT 42	DISABLE INTERRUPTS READ WORD FROM TASK QUEUE SAVE TASK ADDRESS SHIFT TYPE BITS INTO LINK & SIGN SKIP IF NOT REENTRY DELAY RESTORE MQ & AC AND EXECUTE SKIP IF NOT ALLOCATION DELAY CHECK ELIGIBILITY ENABLE INTERRUPTS
TF 1	JMP* 23 JMS TIO LMQ JMS TIO JMP TF1-2	EXECUTE TASK READ WORD FROM TASK QUEUE RESTORE MQ READ WORD FROM TASK QUEUE EXECUTE TASK READ WORD FROM TASK QUEUE FORM ELIGIBILITY CHECK SKIP IF TASK NOT ELIGIBLE
TF2	JMP TF3 LAC 23 JMS TII LAC* T0+2	READ WORD FROM TASK QUEUE FORM ELIGIBILITY CHECK SKIP IF TASK NOT ELIGIBLE MODIFY STATUS & EXECUTE GET ADDRESS OF TASK PUT BACK ON TASK QUEUE GET ALLOCATION MASK PUT BACK ON TASK QUEUE ENABLE INTERRUPTS GET ANOTHER TASK GET ALLOCATION MASK OR WITH STATUS WORD
TF3	LAC* TO+2 XOR STATUS DAC STATUS JMP TF1-2	GET ALLOCATION MASK OR WITH STATUS WORD STORE NEW STATUS WORD EXECUTE TASK

TA	AND = 17777	TRUNCATE HIGH ORDER BITS
	AND =17777 IOT 2	DISABLE INTERRUPTS
	DAC 23	SAVE ALLOCATION MASK
	LAC T.A	GET ADDRESS OF RETURN
	AND =77777	TRUNCATE HIGH ORDER BITS
	XOR =200000	INDICATE ALLOCATION DELAY
	JMS TII	SAVE ALLOCATION MASK GET ADDRESS OF RETURN TRUNCATE HIGH ORDER BITS INDICATE ALLOCATION DELAY PUT TASK ADDRESS ON QUEUE GET ALLOCATION MASK
	LAC 23	GET ALLOCATION MASK
	LAC 23 JMS TII	PUT ALLOCATION MASK ON QUEUE
	JMS TII JMP TF+1	GET ANOTHER TASK
70		
TR	CMA	COMPLEMENT RELEASE MASK MODIFY ALLOCATION STATUS
	AND STATUS	MUDIFY ALLUCATION STATUS
		STORE NEW ALLOCATION STATUS
	JMP* T.R	RETURN
TL	DAC TI	SAVE AC CONTENTS LOAD AC WITH -2
	LAW 17776	LOAD AC WITH -2
	TAD T.L DAC T2	FORM ADDRESS OF SUBROUTINE ENTRY
	DAC T2	SAVE ADDRESS OF SUBROUTINE ENTRY
	LAC+ T.L	GET SAVED RETURN POINTER
	SZA	SKIP IF SUBROUTINE ENTERABLE
	JMP TL1	RESCHEDULE SUBROUTINE CALL
	SZA JMP TL1 LAC+ T2 DAC+ T.L LAC T1 ISZ T.L	GET RETURN POINTER
	DAC* T.L	SAVE AND LOCK SUBROUTINE
	LAC T1	RESTORE AC CONTENTS
	ISZ T.L	RESTORE AC CONTENTS ADVANCE PAST SAVED RETURN POINTER
	IMD+ T I	DE TI IDAI
TL 1	CLC	LOAD AC WITH -1 FORM ADDRESS OF SUBROUTINE CALL TRUNCATE HIGH ORDER BITS INDICATE REENTRY DELAY
	TAD+ T2	FORM ADDRESS OF SUBROUTINE CALL
	AND = 77777	TRUNCATE HIGH ORDER BITS
	XOR = 400000	INDICATE REENTRY DELAY
	10T 2	DISABLE INTERRUPTS
	JMS TII	PUT TASK ADDRESS ON QUEUE
	LACO	GET CONTENTS OF MO
	LACO JMS TII	PUT ON TASK QUEUE
		RESTORE AC CONTENTS
	JMS TII	PUT ON TASK QUEUE
	JMP TF+1	GET A NEW TASK

TU	DAC T1 LAC* T.U TAD =2 DAC T2 LAC* T2	SAVE AC CONTENTS
	LAC* T.U	GET ADDRESS OF SUBROUTINE
	TAD =2	FORM ADDRESS OF SAVED RETURN
	DAC T2	SAVE ADDRESS OF SAVED RETURN
	LAC* T2	GET SAVED RETURN
	DAC T3	SAVE TEMPORARILY
	DZM* T2	UNLOCK SUBROUTINE
	LAC T1 JMP* T3	RESTORE AC CONTENTS
	JMP* T3	RETURN FROM SUBROUTINE
TV	SDC Ø	
	DAC TI	SAVE AC CONTENTS
	DAC TI LAC* TV	GET POINTER TO SUBROUTINE
	DAC T2	SAVE POINTER TO SUBROUTINE
	ISZ TV	FORM POINTER TO SAVED RETURN
	LAC TV	GET POINTER TO SAVED RETURN
	DAC T.L	SIMULATE CALL TO T.L
	JMP TL+4	FAKE AN ENTRY TO T.L
OIT	SDC Ø	
	LAC TQ+2	GET OUTPUT POINTER
	SAD TQ+1	GET OUTPUT POINTER SKIP IF TASK QUEUE NOT EMPTY
	JMP EE	TASK QUEUE EMPTY
	JMS TI	INCREMENT
	DAC TQ+2	STORE NEW OUTPUT POINTER
	LAC+ TQ+2	GET WORD FROM TASK QUEUE
٠	JMP* TIO	RETURN
I IT	\$DC 0	
	DAC 24	SAVE VALUE TO BE STORED
	DAC 24 LAC TQ+1	GET INPUT POINTER
	JMS TI	INCREMENT
	DAC TQ+1	STORE NEW INPUT POINTER
	SAD TQ+2	SKIP IF NO TASK QUEUE OVERFLOW
	JMP EQ	TASK QUEUE OVERFLOW
	LAC 24	GET VALUE TO BE STORED
	DAC+ TQ+1	
	JMP* TII	RETURN
TI	\$DC 0	

SAD TO LAC =TG+2 TAD =1 JMP+ TI SKIP IF NO WRAP-AROUND
GET ADDRESS BEFORE FIRST DATA WORD
INCREMENT POINTER
RETURN

TQ \$DC ++200 \$DS 200

	STITLE	FORMAT CONVERTER
CB6	LLS 6 ALS 3 LRS 6 ALS 3	USE ZEROS TO FILL HOLES SHIFT DIGITS 2, 3, 4, & 5 INTO MQ CONVERT DIGIT 2 SHIFT DIGIT 2 INTO MQ CONVERT DIGIT 1 SHIFT DIGITS 0, 1, & 2 INTO AC STORE HIGH ORDER DIGITS SHIFT DIGITS 3 & 4 INTO AC CONVERT DIGIT 5 SHIFT DIGIT 4 INTO MQ CONVERT DIGIT 4 CONVERT DIGIT 3 SHIFT LOW ORDER DIGITS INTO MQ GET HIGH ORDER DIGITS RETURN
C6A	AND =77 TAD =C6A1 DAC T1	TRUNCATE HIGH ORDER BITS ADD ADDRESS OF TABLE
C6A1	SDC 260 SDC 261 SDC 262 SDC 263 SDC 264 SDC 265 SDC 266 SDC 267 SDC 270 SDC 270 SDC 271 SDC 301 SDC 302 SDC 303 SDC 304 SDC 305 SDC 306	

SDC 307 SDC 310 SDC 311 SDC 312 **SDC 313** SDC 314 SDC 315 SDC 316 SDC 317 SDC 320 SDC 321 **SDC 322 SDC 323** SDC 324 SDC 325 **SDC 326 SDC 327 SDC 330 SDC 331 SDC 332 \$DC 252** SDC 257 \$DC 253 \$DC 255 **SDC 250** SDC 251 **SDC 333 SDC 335** SDC 274 SDC 275 **SDC 276 SDC 336 SDC 337** SDC 256 SDC 254 SDC 272 **SDC 273 SDC 277** SDC 241 SDC 247

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$DC 242
$DC 244
$DC 243
$DC 246
$DC 215
$DC 212
$DC 240
$DC 377
CA6
         AND =177
                                     TRUNCATE HIGH ORDER BITS
         TAD =CA61
                                     ADD ADDRESS OF TABLE
        DAC TI
                                     SAVE TEMPORARILY
        LAC* T1
JMP* C.A6
                                     GET CONVERTED VALUE
                                     RETURN
CA61
         SDC 77
         SDG 77
         SDC 77
        SDC 77
SDC 77
SDC 77
         SDC 77
         SDC 77
         SDC 77
         SDC 77
         $DC 75
         SDC 77
         SDC 77
         SDC 74
         SDC 77
         SDC 77
         SDC 77
        SDC 77
         SDC 77
        SDC 77
        SDC 77
        SDC 77
        SDC 77
        SDC 77
        SDC 77
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\$DC 77 \$DC 77 SDC 77 SDC 77 SDC 77 SDC 77 SDC 76 SDC 76 SDC 76 SDC 70 SDC 72 SDC 71 SDC 77 SDC 73 SDC 67 SDC 67 SDC 50 SDC 51 SDC 44 **SDC 46** SDC 62 SDC 47 SDC 61 SDC 45 SDC 00 SDC 01 SDC 02 SDC 03 SDC 04 **SDC 05** \$DC 06 SDC 07 **\$DC 10 SDC 11 \$DC** 63 **\$DC 64** SDC 54 **\$DC** 55 **\$DC** 56 **\$DC** 65 **SDC 77**

SDC 12 **SDC 13 SDC 14** SDC 15 SDC 16 **SDC 17** SDC 20 SDC 21 \$DC 22 **SDC 23** SDC 24 \$DC 25 SDC 26 SDC 27 **SDC 30** SDC 31 **\$DC 32 SDC 33 SDC 34 SDC 35 SDC 36** SDC 37 SDC 40 SDC 41 SDC 42 **SDC 43** SDC 52 SDC 77 **\$DC 53** SDC 57 SDC 60 **SDC 77 SDC 77 SDC 77 SDC 77** SDC 77 **SDC 77 SDC 77** SDC 77 SDC 77

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SDC 77
        SUC 77
        SDC 77
        SDC 77
        SDC 77
        SDC 77
        SDC 77
        SDC 77
CCB
       DAC T1
                               SAVE VALUE TO BE CONVERTED
       AND =1777
                               GET MAGNITUDE
       DAC T2
                               SAVE MAGNITUDE
       LAC T1
                               GET VALUE TO BE CONVERTED
                               GET SIGN BIT
        AND =2000
                               SKIP IF NEGATIVE
        SNA
       JMP CCB1
LAC T2
                               DO NOT MODIFY MAGNITUDE
                               GET MAGNITUDE
       CMA
                               FORM 1'S COMPLEMENT
                               FORM 2'S COMPLEMENT
        TAD =1
       JMP+ C.CB
LAC T2
                               RETURN
CCB<sub>1</sub>
                               GET CONVERTED VALUE
       JMP* C.CB
                               RETURN
CBC
       SMA
                               SKIP IF NEGATIVE
       JMP CBC1
                               DO NOT FORM NEGATIVE
```

CMA
AND =1777
GET MAGNITUDE
TAD =2001
AND =3777
CLEAR ESCAPE/INTENSITY BIT
JMP+ C.BC
CBC1
AND =1777
CONVERT TO MODULO 2+10
JMP+ C.BC
RETURN

STITLE 201 DATAPHONE BUFFER MANAGER BFDLE SEQU 220 DATA LINK ESCAPE BFSYN \$EQU 26 SYNCHRONOUS IDLE BFACK SEQU 6 POSITIVE ACKNOWLEDGEMENT BFNAK **SEQU 225** NEGATI VE ACKNOWLEDGEMENT BFEOT SEQU 204 END OF TRANSMISSION BFENO SEQU 5 **ENQUIRY** END OF TEXT BLOCK END OF TEXT BFETB SEQU 27 BFETX SEQU 3 * STATE BITS (LOW ORDER 5 BITS OF BFS): ACK OUTSTANDING 01 LAST INPUT RECORD COMPLETELY RECEIVED 02 ACK OUTPUT PENDING 04 NAK OUTPUT PENDING 10 20 DATA OUTPUT PENDING IOT 1412 BFI **READ 201 STATUS** GET SET READY BIT AND = 1000 SNA SKIP IF DATA SET CONNECTED JMP* B.FI DATA SET NOT CONNECTED LAC BFS GET 201 TASK STATE GET INPUT RECORD AVAILABLE BIT AND =2 SKIP IF INPUT RECORD AVAILABLE SNA WAIT FOR INPUT RECORD JMP BFI2 LAC BFIB GET FIRST RECEIVED CHARACTER SKIP IF USER RECORD SZA JMP BFI2 WAIT FOR RECORD TO BE TYPED GET CHARACTER FROM INPUT BUFFER LAC* BFIO DAC BFI3 SAVE INPUT CHARACTER ISZ BFIO INCREMENT INPUT POINTER SKIP IF END OF RECORD SMA JMP BFI1 RETURN LAC BFS GET 201 TASK STATE FORM ACK PENDING STATE XOR =6 DAC BFS SET NEW STATE

GET ADDRESS OF TRANSMISSION TASK

SCHEDULE TRANSMISSION TASK

GET END OF RECORD CHARACTER

LAC =BFXMT

JMS T.S

LAC BFI3

BFII	ISZ B.FI JMP* B.FI JMP BFI JMS T.P	INDICATE SUCCESS
	JMP* B.FI	RETURN
	JMP BFI	GET CHARACTER FROM INPUT BUFFER
BF12	JMS T.P	SCHEDULE PREVIOUS LOC 4 TERMINATE
BFO	DAC BF03 IOT 1412 AND =1000	SAVE CHARACTER TO BE BUFFERED
	IOT 1412	READ 201 STATUS
	AND =1000	GET SET READY BIT
	SNA	SKIP IF DATA SET CONNECTED
	JMP+ B.FO	DATA SET NOT CONNECTED
	LAC BFS	GET 201 TASK STATE GET DATA OUTPUT & ACK EXP BITS
	AND =21	GET DATA OUTPUT & ACK EXP BITS
	C7 A	CUID IN AUTHUR BURNED IC PROC
	JMP BF02	PUT CHARACTER INTO BUFFER LATER GET CHARACTER TO BE BUFFERED PUT CHARACTER IN OUTPUT BUFFER
	LAC BF03	GET CHARACTER TO BE BUFFERED
	DAC+ BFOI	PUT CHARACTER IN OUTPUT BUFFER
	ISZ BFOI	INCREMENT INPUT POINTER
	SMA	SKIP IF END-OF-RECORD CHARACTER
	JMP BF01	RETURN
	LAC BFS	
	XOR =20	GÉT 201 TASK STATE SET DATA OUTPUT PENDING BIT
	220 220	COT MOU OOA TACK CTATO
	LAC =BFXMT	GET ADDRESS OF TRANSMISSION TASK
	JMS T.S	GET ADDRESS OF TRANSMISSION TASK SCHEDULE TRANSMISSION TASK
BF01		INDICATE SUCCESS
	JMP+ B.FO	RETURN
		PUT CHARACTER IN BUFFER
BF02	JMS T.P	SCHEDULE PREVIOUS LOC & TERMINATE
BFXMT	IOT 1412	READ 201 STATUS
	AND =60100	GET CAR DET, XMT REQ, CLR SEND BITS
	SZA	SKIP IF ABLE TO TRANSMIT
		RESCHEDULE BFXMT
	LAC BFS	GET 201 TASK STATE
	RAR	SHIFT ACK EXPECTED BIT INTO LINK
	SZL+RAR	SKIP IF ACK NOT EXPECTED
	JMP BFXMT4	RESCHEDULE BFXMT
		SKIP IF INPUT BUFFER EMPTY
	JMP BFXMT4	RESCHEDULE BFXMT
	SNL+RAR	SKIP IF ACK OUTPUT PENDING

	JMP	BFXMT1	CHECK FOR NAK OUTPUT PENDING GET 201 TASK STATE CLEAR ACK OUTPUT PENDING BIT SET NEW 201 TASK STATE GET ADDRESS OF INPUT BUFFER RESET INPUT POINTER GET POINTER TO ACK RECORD
	LAC	BFS	GET 201 TASK STATE
	AND	=33	CLEAR ACK OUTPUT PENDING BIT
	DAC	BFS	SET NEW 201 TASK STATE
	LAC	=BFIB	GET ADDRESS OF INPUT BUFFER
	DAC	BFII	RESET INPUT POINTER
	DAC	BFIO	RESET OUTPUT POINTER
	LAC	=BFACKR	GET POINTER TO ACK RECORD
	JMP	BFXMT3	TRANSMIT ACK
BFXMT1	SNL	+RAR	SKIP IF NAK OUTPUT PENDING
	JMP	BFXMT2	CHECK FOR DATA OUTPUT PENDING
	LAC	BFS	GET 201 TASK STATE
	AND	=27	CLEAR NAK OUTPUT PENDING BIT
	DAC	BFS	SET NEW 201 TASK STATE
	LAC	=BFNAKR	TRANSMIT ACK SKIP IF NAK OUTPUT PENDING CHECK FOR DATA OUTPUT PENDING GET 201 TASK STATE CLEAR NAK OUTPUT PENDING BIT SET NEW 201 TASK STATE GET POINTER TO NAK RECORD
	JMP	BFXMT3	TRANSMIT NAK
BFXMT2	SNL		TRANSMIT NAK SKIP IF DATA OUTPUT PENDING NO OUTPUT PENDING GET 201 TASK STATE CLEAR DATA BIT, SET ACK EXP BIT SET NEW 201 TASK STATE GET POINTER TO OUTPUT BUFFER SET OUTPUT POINTER LOAD AC WITH -8 SET SYN COUNT GET SYN CHARACTER SET TRANSMIT IMAGE GET LAC 5 INSTRUCTION
	JMS	T•F	NO OUTPUT PENDING
	LAC	BFS	GET 201 TASK STATE
	XOR	=21	CLEAR DATA BIT, SET ACK EXP BIT
	DAC	BFS	SET NEW 201 TASK STATE
	LAC	=BFOB	GET POINTER TO OUTPUT BUFFER
BFXMT3	DAC	BF00	SET OUTPUT POINTER
	LAW	-10	LOAD AC WITH -8
	DAC	BFC	SET SYN COUNT
	LAW	BFSYN	GET SYN CHARACTER
	DAC	5	SET TRANSMIT IMAGE
	LAC	=200005	GET LAC 5 INSTRUCTION
	DAC	IFO	INITIALIZE XMT INTERRUPT SERVICE
	LAC	=20000	GET XMT REQ BIT MASK
	IOT	1404	SET XMT REQ BIT
	JMS	T•F	TERMINATE
	JMP	BFXMT	START TRANSMISSION, IF APPLICABLE
BFXMT4	JMS	T.P	INITIALIZE XMT INTERRUPT SERVICE GET XMT REQ BIT MASK SET XMT REQ BIT TERMINATE START TRANSMISSION, IF APPLICABLE SCHEDULE PREVIOUS LOC & TERMINATE
DENAUR	LAW	BFACK BFNAK	NAK RECORD
BFTTY	LAC	BFTTY2	GET CONDITIONAL TELEPRINTER MASK ALLOCATE TELEPRINTER, IF NECESSARY
	JMS	T•A	ALLOCATE TELEPRINTER, IF NECESSARY

	DZW DETTYO	DDEDADE COD DOCCIDIE ENGLIEV
	DZM BFTTY2	PREPARE FOR POSSIBLE ENQUIRY
	LAC+ BFIO	GET CHARACTER FROM BUFFER SKIP IF NOT END-OF-RECORD CHARACTER
	SPA JMP BFTTY1	
	JMS C.A6	TERMINATE LINE CONVERT TO 6-BIT CODE
	XOR =777700	PRECEDE WITH NULL CHARACTERS
	JMS B.T	TYPE CHARACTER
	ISZ BFIO	INCREMENT INPUT POINTER TYPE NEXT CHARACTER
0.077		
Brill		GET CARRIAGE RETURN, LINE FEED CODE
	JMS B.T	TYPE CARRIAGE RETURN, LINE FEED
	LAC BFS	GET 201 TASK STATE FORM ACK PENDING STATE
	XOR = 6 DAC BFS	
		SET NEW 201 TASK STATE
		GET ALLOCATION MASK
		SET BETTY ALLOACTION MASK
	JMS T.R JMP BFXMT	RELEASE TELEPRINTER
		ACKNOWLEDGE RECORD
IFI	LAC 4	GET RECEIVED CHARACTER
	LRS 4	SHIFT INTO POSITION
	AND =377	TRUNCATE HIGH ORDER BITS
	HLT	STATE VARIABLE
	SAD =BFSYN	SKIP IF NOT SYN
	SKP	FIND NEXT SYN & CHANGE STATE
	JMP IF16	
	IOT 1412	READ 201 STATUS
	AND =2000	
	IOT 1404	CLEAR TEXT BIT
		GET JMP IFI1 INSTRUCTION
	DAC IFI+3	MODIFY INTERRUPT SERVICE
	IOT 1442	CLEAR 201 FLAGS
	JMP IR	RETURN FROM INTERRUPT
IFI 1		SKIP IF NOT SYN
	JMP IFI1-2	IGNORE SYN
	SAD =BFDLE	SKIP IF NOT DLE (EVEN PARITY)
	JMP *+3	BUFFER RECEIVED RECORD
		GET NOP INSTRUCTION
	JMP IFI1-3	MODIFY INTERRUPT SERVICE
	LAC =600000+1F12	GET JMP IFI2 INSTRUCTION

```
MODIFY INTERRUPT SERVICE
       JMP IFI1-3
IFI2
       SAD =BFDLE
                            SKIP IF NOT DLE (EVEN PARITY)
                            CHANGE STATE FOR NEXT CHARACTER
       JMP IFI3-2
                            SKIP IF NOT DLE (ODD PARITY)
       SAD =BFDLE-200
                            CHANGE STATE FOR NEXT CHARACTER
       JMP IFI3-2
       JMS BFIS
                            PUT CHARACTER IN BUFFER
       JMP IFI1-2
                            CLEAR FLAGS AND RETURN
       LAC =600000+1F13
                            GET JMP IFI3 INSTRUCTION
       JMP IFI1-3
                            MODIFY INTERRUPT SERVICE
                            SKIP IF NOT DLE (EVEN PARITY)
IFI3
       SAD =BFDLE
       JMP IFI31-3
                            PUT DLE IN BUFFER
                           SKIP IF NOT DLE (ODD PARITY)
       SAD =BFDLE-200
                            PUT DLE IN BUFFER
       JMP IF131-3
                            SKIP IF NOT SYN
       SAD =BFSYN
       JMP IFI31-2
                            IGNORE SYN
                            SAVE END-OF-RECORD CHARACTER
       DAC BFEOR
       SAD =BFACK
                            SKIP IF NOT ACK
       JMP IFI31
                            CLEAR OUTPUT BUFFER
       SAD =BFNAK
                            SKIP IF NOT NAK
       JMP IFI32
                            RETRANSMIT LAST DATA RECORD
                            INDICATE END-OF-RECORD CHARACTER
       XOR = 760000
                            PUT CHARACTER IN BUFFER
       JMS BFIS
       LAC =600000+1F14
                            GET JMP IFI4 INSTRUCTION
       JMP IFI1-3
                            MODIFY INTERRUPT SERVICE
       JMS BFIS
                            PUT DLE CHARACTER IN BUFFER
       LAC =600000+1F12
                            GET JMP IFI2 INSTRUCTION
       JMP IFI1-3
                            MODIFY INTERRUPT SERVICE
      LAC =BFOB
                            GET ADDRESS OF OUTPUT BUFFER
IFI 31
       DAC BFOI
                            RESET INPUT POINTER
       LAC BFS
                            GET 201 TASK STATE
       AND =56
                            INDICATE ACK NOT EXPECTED
                            STORE NEW TASK STATE
       DAC BFS
       LAC =740000
                           GET NOP INSTRUCTION
       JMP IFI1-3
                           MODIFY INTERRUPT SERVICE
IFI 32 LAC BFS
                           GET 201 TASK STATE
       XOR =21
                            FORM STATE FOR RETRANSMISSION
       DAC BFS
                            STORE NEW TASK STATE
                            GET ADDRESS OF TRANSMISSION TASK
       LAC =BFXMT
       JMS TII
                            SCHEDULE TRANSMISSION
       JMP IFI32-2
                            MODIFY INTERRUPT SERVICE
```

```
PREPARE TO SHIFT ZEROS INTO AC
IFI4
      CLL
      ALS 10
                          SHIFT HIGH ORDER CHECK INTO POSITION
      DAC BFCKR
                          SAVE HIGH ORDER BLOCK CHECK
      LAC =600000+1F15
                         GET JMP IFIS INSTRUCTION
      JMP IFI1-3
XOR BFCKR
                          MODIFY INTERRUPT SERVICE
IFI 5
                          FORM COMPLETE BLOCK CHECK
      SAD BFCK
                          SKIP IF BAD RECORD
                          INDICATE INPUT BUFFER FULL
      JMP IFI51
      LAC =BFIB
                          GET ADDRESS OF INPUT BUFFER
                         RESET INPUT POINTER
      DAC BFII
      DAC BFIO
                         RESET OUTPUT POINTER
      LAC BFS
                         GET 201 TASK STATE
      XOR =10
                         INDICATE NAK PENDING
      DAC BFS
                         SET NEW 201 TASK STATE
      JMP IFI4-3
                         SCHEDULE TRANSMISSION TASK
IFI51 LAC BFS
                          GET 201 TASK STATE
                         INDICATE INPUT BUFFER FULL
      XOR =2
                         SET NEW 201 TASK STATE
      DAC BFS
      LAC BFEOR
                         GET END-OF-RECORD CHARACTER
      JMS BFENOS
                         PROCESS ENGUIRY, IF PRESENT
                          GET FIRST RECEIVED CHARACTER
      LAC BFIB
                          SKIP IF UNSOLICITED RECORD
      SNA
                          MODIFY INTERRUPT SERVICE
      JMP IFI32-2
      LAC =BFTTY
                          GET ADDRESS OF BYPASS TASK
      JMP IFI4-2
                          SCHEDULE BYPASS TASK
IFI 6
      IOT 1412
                          READ 201 STATUS
                          GET TEXT BIT
      AND =2000
      IOT 1404
                          CLEAR TEXT BIT
      JMP IFI1-2
                          CLEAR FLAGS AND RETURN
I FO
      HLT
                          STATE VARIABLE
      SAD = 760000+BFSYN
                          SKIP IF NOT SYN
                          SYN SENT LAST TIME
      JMP IF01
      SAD = 760000+BFDLE
                          SKIP IF NOT DLE
      JMP IF03
                          DLE SENT LAST TIME
      SMA
                          SKIP IF END-OF-RECORD CHARACTER
      JMP IF04
                          TEXT CHARACTER SENT LAST TIME
      JMP IF05
                         ENTER BLOCK CHECK PROCEDURE
IF01
      ISZ BFC
                         SKIP IF LAST SYN SENT
      JMP IF02+2
                          CLEAR FLAGS AND RETURN
```

	LAC =BFDLE	GET INITIAL DLE
	SKP	SET TRANSMIT IMAGE
I F02		GET DLE CHARACTER
1702	DAC 5	SET TRANSMIT IMAGE
	IOT 1442	CLEAR 201 FLAGS
	JMP IR	RETURN FROM INTERRUPT
I F03		GET CHARACTER FROM BUFFER
1703		UPDATE BLOCK CHECK
	LAC BFOO	GET OUTPUT POINTER
	SAD =BFOB	SKIP IF NOT FIRST CHARACTER
	DZM BFCK	CLEAR BLOCK CHECK
	LAC+ BFOO	GET CHARACTER FROM OUTPUT BUFFER
	ISZ BFOO	INCREMENT OUTPUT POINTER
		TRANSMIT CHARACTER
IF04		GET CHARACTER FROM BUFFER
1704	SAD =BFDLE	SKIP IF NOT DLE (EVEN PARITY)
	JMP IFO2	PRECEDE WITH DLE
	SAD =BFDLE-200	SKIP IF NOT DLE (ODD PARITY)
	JMP IFO2	PRECEDE WITH DLE
	SMA	SKIP IF END OF RECORD
	JMP IFO3+1	SEND CHARACTER FROM BUFFER
	AND =377	TRUNCATE HIGH ORDER BITS
	JMS BFENGS	PROCESS ENQUIRY, IF PRESENT
	JMP IFO2	PRECEDE WITH DLE
1F05	LAC = 600000+1F06	
2.00	DAC IFO	MODIFY INTERRUPT SERVICE
	LAC BFCK	GET BLOCK CHECK
	LRS 10	SHIFT HIGH ORDER PART INTO POSITION
	JMP IFO2+1	TRANSMIT HIGH ORDER BLOCK CHECK
IF06	LAC = 600000+1F07	GET JMP INSTRUCTION
-	DAC IFO	MODIFY INTERRUPT SERVICE
	LAC BFCK	GET BLOCK CHECK
	JMP IF02+1	TRANSMIT LOW ORDER PART
IF07	LAC =600000+1F08	
	DAC IFO	MODIFY INTERRUPT SERVICE
	CLC	GET PAD CHARACTER
	JMP IFO2+1	TRANSMIT PAD
IF08		READ 201 STATUS
	AND =20000	GET XMT REQ BIT
	IOT 1404	CLEAR XMT REQ BIT

JMP 1F02+2 CLEAR 201 FLAGS AND RETURN BFENGS SDC 0 SKIP IF NOT ENGUIRY SAD =BFENQ PROCESS ENQUIRY JMP ++4 SKIP IF NOT END-OF-TRANSMISSION SAD =BFEOT REGARD AS ENQUIRY SKP RETURN JMP+ BFENOS GET ADDRESS OF OUTPUT BUFFER LAC =BFOB DAC BFOI RESET INPUT POINTER GET ADDRESS OF INPUT BUFFER LAC =BFIB DAC BFII RESET INPUT POINTER RESET OUTPUT POINTER DAC BFIO DZM BFIB DO NOT SCHEDULE BYPASS TASK DZM BFS STOP 201 TASK ACTIVITY LAC =740000 GET NOP INSTRUCTION DAC IFI+3 MODIFY INTERRUPT SERVICE JMP* BFENOS RETURN SDC 0 BFIS DAC* BFII PUT CHARACTER IN INPUT BUFFER JMS EFCKS UPDATE BLOCK CHECK LAC BFII GET INPUT POINTER SAD =BFIB SKIP IF IMPUT BUFFER NON-EMPTY DZM BFCK CLEAR BLOCK CHECK INCREMENT INPUT POINTER ISZ BFII JMP* BFIS RETURN BFCKS SDC 0 SAVE CHARACTER DAC 23 LAW -10 LOAD AC WITH -8 DAC 24 SET COUNTER LAC BFCK GET FORMER BLOCK CHECK BFCKS1 RCR ROTATE LOW ORDER BIT INTO LINK STORE NEW LOW ORDER 15 BITS DAC BFCK PREPARE TO GET LOW ORDER CHAR BIT CLO GET CHARACTER REMAINS LAC 23 SHIFT LOW ORDER BIT INTO MO LRS 1 **DAC 23** STORE CHARACTER REMAINS LACO

GET LOW ORDER CHARACTER BIT

SZA
CML
LAC BFCK
SZL
XOR =120001
ISZ 24
JMP BFCKS1
DAC BFCK
JMP+ BFCKS

OR CHECK BIT WITH CHARACTER BIT GET LOW ORDER 15 BITS OF CHECK SKIP IF LOW ORDER BIT WAS 0 INVERT FEEDBACK BITS INCREMENT COUNT & SKIP IF DONE PROCESS NEXT CHARACTER BIT STORE NEW BLOCK CHECK RETURN

BFIB SDS 200

BFOB SDS 200

	STITLE	READER BUFFER MANAGER
BR	LAC BRO	GET OUTPUT POINTER
	SNA	SKIP IF NOT START OF NEW RECORD
	JMP BR2	CLEAR BUFFER & START READER
	SAD BRI	SKIP IF BUFFER NOT EMPTY
	JMP BR1	WAIT FOR MORE INPUT
	LAC+ BRO	GET IMAGE FROM BUFFER
	ISZ BRO	INCREMENT OUTPUT POINTER
	SNA	SKIP IF NOT END OF RECORD
	DZM BRO	INDICATE NEW RECORD NEEDED
	ISZ B.R	INDICATE SUCCESS
	JMP* B.R	RETURN
BR1	SAD =BRQ+200	SKIP IF NOT END OF BUFFER
	JMP BR2	CLEAR BUFFER & START READER
	IOT 314	READ STATUS
	AND = 1000	GET READER OUT-OF-TAPE FLAG
	SNA	SKIP IF READER OUT OF TAPE
	JMP BR2-1	SCHEDULE NEW ATTEMPT
	DZM BRO	INDICATE NEW RECORD NEEDED
	IOT 314 AND =1000 SNA JMP BR2-1 DZM BRO JMP+ B.R	RETURN
	JMP BR	TRY AGAIN TO GET IMAGE
	JMS T.P	SCHEDULE NEW ATTEMPT
BR2	LAC =BRQ	GET ADDRESS OF READER BUFFER
	DAC BRI	SET INPUT POINTER
	DAC BRO	SET OUTPUT POINTER
	IOT 104	SELECT READER
	JMP BR2-1	SCHEDULE NEW ATTEMPT
IRD	IOT 314 AND =1000	READ STATUS
	AND = 1000	
	SZA	SKIP IF TAPE IS IN READER
	JMP IRD1	READER OUT OF TAPE
	IOT 112	READ READER BUFFER
	SZA	SKIP IF BLANK TAPE
	JMP IRD2	PUT IMAGE IN BUFFER
	LAC BRS	GET RECORD SEEK SWITCH
	SZA	SKIP IF END OF RECORD
	JMP IRD3	I GNORE BLANK TAPE
	JMS BRS	SET RECORD SEEK SWITCH

BRS	SDC Ø	RECORD SEEK SWITCH
	DZM* BRI	STORE END-OF-RECORD IMAGE
	ISZ BRI	INCREMENT INPUT POINTER
	JMP IR	RETURN FROM INTERRUPT
IRDI	107 102	CLEAR READER FLAG
	JMP IR	RETURN FROM INTERRUPT
IRD2	DAC+ BRI	STORE IN READER BUFFER
	ISZ BRI	INCREMENT INPUT POINTER
	DZM BRS	CLEAR RECORD SEEK SWITCH
	LAC BRI	GET INPUT POINTER
	SAD =BRQ+200	SKIP IF NOT END OF BUFFER
	JMP IR	RETURN FROM INTERRUPT
IRD3	IOT 104	SELECT READER
	JMP IR	RETURN FROM INTERRUPT
NBO	EDS 044	

	STITLE	PUNCH BUFFER MANAGER
BP	DAC BP4	SAVE PUNCH IMAGE START PUNCH, IF POSSIBLE GET PUNCH IMAGE SET UP PUNCH IMAGE AS PARAMETER GET ADDRESS OF PUNCH BUFFER PUT PUNCH IMAGE IN BUFFER PUNCH BUFFER FULL START PUNCH, IF POSSIBLE INDICATE SUCCESS
-	JMS BP2	START PUNCH, IF POSSIBLE
	LAC BPA	GET PINCH IMAGE
	LMO	SET UP PUNCH IMAGE AS PARAMETER
	LAC =BPQ	GET ADDRESS OF PUNCH BUFFER
	JMS Q.A	PUT PUNCH IMAGE IN BUFFER
	JMP BP1	PUNCH BUFFER FULL
	JMS BP2	START PUNCH, IF POSSIBLE
	ISZ B.P	INDICATE SUCCESS
	ISZ B.P JMP+ B.P	RETURN
BP1	IOT 314	READ STATUS
	AND = 400	GET PUNCH OUT-OF-TAPE FLAG
	SZA	SKIP IF PUNCH CONTAINS TAPE
	JMP+ B.P	PUNCH OUT OF TAPE
	SKP	RETURN READ STATUS GET PUNCH OUT-OF-TAPE FLAG SKIP IF PUNCH CONTAINS TAPE PUNCH OUT OF TAPE PREPARE TO SCHEDULE NEXT LOCATION
	JMP BP+2	TRY AGAIN TO PUT IMAGE IN BUFFER
	JMS T.P	PREPARE TO SCHEDULE NEXT LOCATION TRY AGAIN TO PUT IMAGE IN BUFFER SCHEDULE PREVIOUS LOC & TERMINATE
BP2	SDC Ø	
	LAC BP3	GET PUNCH STATUS SWITCH SKIP IF PUNCH IS IDLE
		SKIP IF PUNCH IS IDLE
	JMP+ BP2	PUNCH IS ACTIVE
	LAC =BP0	GET ADDRESS OF PUNCH BUFFER
	JMS Q.F	FETCH IMAGE FROM BUFFER
	JMP+ BP2	PUNCH BUFFER EMPTY
		SELECT PUNCH
	JMS BP3	SET PUNCH STATUS SWITCH
BP3		
	JMP* BP2	RETURN
IPC	IOT 314	READ STATUS GET PUNCH OUT-OF-TAPE FLAG
	AND = 400	GET PUNCH OUT-OF-TAPE FLAG
	SZA JMP IPC1 LAC =BPQ JMS QF1 JMP IPC1	PUNCH OUT OF TAPE
	LAC =BPQ	GET ADDRESS OF PUNCH BUFFER
	JMS QF1	GET IMAGE FROM PUNCH BUFFER
	JMP IPC1	PUNCH BUFFER EMPTY
	IOT 204	SELECT PUNCH

JMP IR
IPC1 IOT 202
DZM BP3
JMP IR

RETURN FROM INTERRUPT CLEAR PUNCH FLAG INDICATE PUNCH IDLE RETURN FROM INTERRUPT

BP9 SDC ++100 SDS 100

	STITLE	KEYBOARD BUFFER MANAGER
BK	LAC -BKQ	GET ADDRESS OF KEYBOARD BUFFER
	JMS Q.F	GET CHARACTER FROM KEYBOARD BUFFER
	JMP BK1	WAIT FOR MORE INPUT
	DAC BKF	SAVE ASCII FOR SYSTEM USAGE
	JMS C.A6	CONVERT TO 6-BIT CODE
	JMP+ B.K	RETURN
	JMP BK	TRY AGAIN TO RETURN CHARACTER
BK 1	JMS T.P	SCHEDULE NEW ATTEMPT
DNI	JHS I F	SCHEDOLE NEW WITEHAL
IKB	107 312	READ KEYBOARD BUFFER
	LMO	SET UP PARAMETER
	LAC =BKG	GET ADDRESS OF KEYBOARD BUFFER
	JMS OA1	PUT CHARACTER IN BUFFER
	NOP	BUFFER FULL IGNORE CHARACTER
	JMP IR	RETURN FROM INTERRUPT
BKC	SDC ++108	
	SDS 100	

*	STITLE	TELEPRINTER BUFFER MANAGER
BT	DAC BTS	SAVE TEMPORARILY
Ν.	LAC BTS	GET PACKED WORD TO BE BUFFERED
	LMQ	SET UP PARAMETER
	LAC -BTG	
	JMS Q.A	PUT PACKED WORD INTO TP BUFFER
	JMP BT2	TRY AGAIN LATER
	LAC BTI	GET TELEPRINTER STATUS SWITCH
	SZA	SKIP IF TELEPRINTER IDLE
	JMP+ B.T	RETURN
	10T 2	DISABLE INTERRUPTS
	LAC B.T	GET RETURN ADDRESS
	DAC 6	STORE INTERRUPT RETURN
	JMS BT1	SET TELEPRINTER STATUS SWITCH
BTI	SDC 0	TELEPRINTER STATUS SWITCH
	SDC 0 JMP ITP	FAKE A TELEPRINTER INTERRUPT
	JMP BT+1	TRY AGAIN TO PUT CHAR IN BUFFER
BT2	JMS T.P	SCHEDULE NEW ATTEMPT
BT3	SDC 77	
BT4	SDC 77	
1 TP	LAC BT4	GET SECOND CHARACTER
	SAD =77	SKIP IF NOT NULL CHARACTER
	SKP	LOOK AT THIRD CHARACTER
	JMP ITP3	TYPE SECOND CHARACTER
	LAC BT3	GET THIRD CHARACTER
	SAD =77	SKIP IF NOT NULL CHARACTER
	SKP	TYPE FIRST CHARACTER
	JMP ITP4	
	LAC =BTQ	GET ADDRESS OF TELEPRINTER BUFFER
	JMS QF1	GET PACKED WORD FROM TP BUFFER
	JMP ITP2	CLEAR FLAG & RETURN
	DAC BT3	SET UP THIRD CHARACTER
	LRS 6	SHIFT SECOND CHARACTER INTO PLACE
	DAC BT4	SET UP SECOND CHARACTER
	LRS 6	SHIFT FIRST CHARACTER INTO PLACE
ITP1	AND =77	TRUNCATE HIGH ORDER BITS
	SAD ₽77	SKIP IF NOT NULL CHARACTER

	JMP ITP	TYPE NEXT CHARACTER
	TAD =C6A1	ADD ADDRESS OF 6-BIT TO ASCII TABLE
	DAC 23	SAVE TEMPORARILY
	LAC+ 23	GET CONVERTED ASCII VALUE
	10T 496	SEND CHARACTER TO TELEPRINTER
	JMP IR	RETURN FROM INTERRUPT
1.780		
ITP2		CLEAR TELEPRINTER FLAG
	DZM BT1	INDICATE TELEPRINTER IDLE
	JMP IR	RETURN FROM INTERRUPT
ITP3	DAC 23	SAVE TEMPORARILY
	LAC =77	GET NULL CHARACTER
	DAC BT4	STORE AS SECOND CHARACTER
	LAC 23	GET CHARACTER TO BE TYPED
	JMP ITP1	TYPE SECOND CHARACTER
ITP4		SAVE TEMPORARILY
- 7217	LAC =77	GET NULL CHARACTER
	DAC BT3	STORE AS THIRD CHARACTER
	LAC 23	GET CHARACTER TO BE TYPED
	JMP ITP1	TYPE THIRD CHARACTER
	JMF 11F1	HE ININU CHANACIEN
BTQ	SDC ++100	

	STITLE	NONBUFFERED I/O MANAGER
NA	JMS TV	PROTECT AGAINST REENTRY
	SDC N.A	
	SDC 0	
	AND =77	TRUNCATE HIGH ORDER BITS
	IOT 11 0 3	SELECT A/D CONVERTER CHANNEL
	IOT 1304	SELECT A/D CONVERTER
	DZM IADI	CLEAR CONVERSION SWITCH
NA1	LAC IADI	GET CONVERSION SWITCH
	SNA	SKIP IF CONVERSION COMPLETE
	JMP NA2	WAIT FOR CONVERSION TO BE COMPLETED
	LAC NA3	GET CONVERTED VALUE
	JMS T.U	UNLOCK N.A
	SDC NA	77-2-2-3-2-3-3-3-3-3-3-3-3-3-3-3-3-3-3-3
	JEP NAI	CHECK FOR CONVERSION COMPLETE
NA2	JMS T.P	SCHEDULE CONVERSION CHECK
NC	JMS TV	PROTECT AGAINST REENTRY
	SDC N.C	
	SDC 0	
	DAC 7	SET CLOCK INTERVAL
	IOT 44	ENABLE CLOCK
	DZM ICK+1	CLEAR CLOCK SWITCH
	LAC ICK+1	GET CLOCK SWITCH
	SNA	SKIP IF TIME INTERVAL HAS ELAPSED
	JMP NC1	WAIT A LITTLE LONGER
	JMS T.U	UNLOCK N.C
	SDC NC	
	JMP +-5	CHECK ELAPSED TIME
NC 1	JMS T.P	SCHEDULE A LATER CHECK
ND1	IOT 5101	SELECT D/A CONVERTER #1
	JMP+ N.D1	RETURN
ND2	10T 5182	SELECT D/A CONVERTER #2
	JMP+ N.D2	RETURN
ND3	IOT 5184	SELECT D/A CONVERTER #3
	IMP+ N.D?	PETIIDM

IAD	TOI	1312	READ A/D CONVERTER
	DAC	NA3	STORE CONVERTED VALUE
	JMS	IADI	SET CONVERSION SWITCH
IADI	SDC	0	CONVERSION SWITCH
	JMP	IR	RETURN FROM INTERRUPT
ICK	JMS	*+1	SET CLOCK SWITCH
	SDC	8	CLOCK SWITCH
	IOT	4	CLEAR CLOCK FLAG
	JMP	IR	RETURN FROM INTERRUPT

	STITLE	PUSH BUTTON PROCESSOR
PT	SNA	SKIP IF NOT NULL TASK
	LAC =FN	GET ADDRESS OF NULL TASK
	DAC PTT	SAVE ADDRESS OF PUSH BUTTON SERVICE
	SNA LAC =FN DAC PTT JMP+ P.T	RETURN
PE	JMS_++1	SET PUSH BUTTON ENABLE SWITCH
	SDC 0	PUSH BUTTON ENABLE SWITCH
	JMP+ P+E	RETURN
PD		CLEAR PUSH BUTTON ENABLE SWITCH
	JMP+ P.D	RETURN
PR	10T 631	KEAD PUSH BUTTONS
	JMP+ P.R	RETURN
PS	10T 2	DISABLE INTERRUPTS SET PUSH BUTTONS
	IOT 42 JMP* P.S	ENABLE INTERRUPTS
	JMP* P.S	RETURN
PN	JMS P.E	ENABLE MANUAL OPN OF PUSH BUTTONS
	JMS T.F	TERMINATE TASK
PS1	SDC 0	
	DAC PRG	STORE NEW PUSH BUTTON STATUS
	LRS 6	SHIFT BITS 0-5 INTO POSITION TRUNCATE HIGH ORDER BITS SET BITS 0-5 ENABLE BIT SET PUSH BUTTONS 0-5 SHIFT BITS 6-11 INTO POSITION TRUNCATE HIGH ORDER BITS
•	AND =77	TRUNCATE HIGH ORDER BITS
	TAD =200	SET BITS 0-5 ENABLE BIT
	10T 705	SET PUSH BUTTONS 0-5
	LLS 6	SHIFT BITS 6-11 INTO POSITION

	TAD =300	SET BITS 6-11 ENABLE BITS
	10T 705	SET PUSH BUTTONS 6-11
	JMP+ PS1	RETURN
IPB	LAC PE+1	GET PUSH BUTTON ENABLE SWITCH
	SNA	SKIP IF PUSH BUTTONS ARE ENABLED
	JMP IPRI	RESTORE PUSH BUTTON STATUS

LAC PTT
AND =77777
JMS TII
IOT 631
DAC PRG
DZM PE+1
JMP IR
IPB1 LAC PRG
JMS PS1
JMP IR

GET ADDRESS OF PUSH BUTTON SERVICE
TRUNCATE HIGH ORDER BITS
SCHEDULE PUSH BUTTON SERVICE
READ PUSH BUTTONS
MODIFY PUSH BUTTON STATUS WORD
DISABLE PUSH BUTTONS
RETURN FROM INTERRUPT
GET FORMER PUSH BUTTON STATUS
SET PUSH BUTTONS
RETURN FROM INTERRUPT

	STITLE	DISPLAY COMMUNICATOR
DE	JMS ++1 SDC 0 JMP+ D.E	SET DISPLAY INT ENABLE SWITCH DISPLAY INT ENABLE SWITCH RETURN
DD	DZM DE+1 JMP+ D.D	CLEAR INT ENABLE SWITCH RETURN
DP	SNA LAC =DN DAC DPT JMP* D.P	SKIP IF NOT NULL SERVICE GET ADDRESS OF NULL SERVICE STORE ADDRESS OF SERVICE TASK RETURN
DA	LAC DS1 LLS 14 AND = 70000 XOR DSA JMP+ D•A	GET STATUS WORD 1 SHIFT BREAK FIELD INTO POSITION REMOVE ALL BUT BREAK FIELD FORM 15-BIT ADDRESS RETURN
DY	LAC DS2 LLS 3 AND =10000 XOR DSY TAD =-1000 JMP* D.Y	GET STATUS WORD 2 SHIFT HIGH ORDER BIT INTO POSITION REMOVE OTHER BITS FORM 13-BIT Y COORDINATE CONVERT RELATIVE TO SCREEN CENTER RETURN
DX ·	LAC DS2 LLS 4 AND =10000 XOR DSX TAD =-1000 JMP+ D.X	FORM 13-BIT X COORDINATE
DO	RCL CMA TAD DSP	TRUNCATE HIGH ORDER BITS MULTIPLY PARAMETER BY 2 FORM 1'S COMPLEMENT ADD PUSH DOWN POINTER COMPUTE ADDRESS OF PUSH DOWN ENTRY SAVE TEMPORARILY

	SPA JMP* D.O LAC* T1 LLS 3 AND =70000 ISZ T1 TAD* T1 TAD = 7777 DAC T1	FORM VALIDITY CHECK SKIP IF PARAMETER VALID NOT ENOUGH OWNERS GET FIRST PUSH DOWN WORD SHIFT BREAK FIELD INTO POSITION REMOVE ALL BUT BREAK FIELD SET POINTER TO SECOND PD ENTRY COMBINE FIRST & SECOND ENTRIES FORM ADDRESS IN OWNER OF OWNER SAVE TEMPORARILY GET ADDRESS OF DESIRED OWNER INDICATE SUCCESS RETURN
DN	JMS D.E JMS T.F	ENABLE DISPLAY INTERRUPTS TERMINATE TASK
DW	SNA	CLEAR DISPLAY READY SWITCH GET DISPLAY READY SWITCH SKIP IF SET WAIT FOR DISPLAY TO FINISH FRAME RETURN CHECK DISPLAY READY SWITCH SCHEDULE NEW SWITCH CHECK
DWT	LAC DWV SNA JMP XIS1 DAC* DWHD XOR =2000 DAC* DWTL	DISPLAY READY SWITCH GET TRANSLATION VALUE SKIP IF TRANSLATION PENDING RESUME DISPLAY & RETURN STORE DISPLACEMENT INVERT SIGN BIT STORE COUNTERDISPLACEMENT INDICATE TRANSLATION PERFORMED RESUME DISPLAY & RETURN
ILP	LAC DSS AND =7 SZA JMP ++5 IOT 611	GET DISPLAY STATUS WORD 1 GET BREAK FIELD SKIP IF ZERO BREAK FIELD USER FILE INTERRUPT READ DISPLAY ADDRESS

	TAD =-XP	FORM ADDRESS CHECK SKIP IF USE'R FILE INTERRUPT TRACKING INTERRUPT GET DISPLAY INT ENABLE SWITCH
	SMA	SKIP IF USE'R FILE INTERRUPT
	JMP XLP	TRACKING INTERRUPT
	LAC DE+1	GET DISPLAY INT ENABLE SWITCH
	57A	SKIP IF DISPLAY INTERRUPTS DISABLED
		GET STATUS FOR USER
	IOT 724	RESUME DISPLAY
	JMP IR	RETURN FROM INTERRUPT
	LAC UPT	GET ADDRESS OF SERVICE TASK
	JMS DS JMP *-4	SCHEDULE SERVICE & READ STATUS
	JMP *-4	RESUME DISPLAY & RETURN
IIS	LAC DSS AND = 7	GET DISPLAY STATUS WORD 1
	AND = 7	GET BREAK FIELD
	NA A	SKIP IF USER FILE INTERRUPT
	JMP XIS	TRACKING INTERRUPT
	10T 611	TRACKING INTERRUPT READ DISPLAY ADDRESS INTERPRET WITH BREAK FIELD 1
	XOR = 10000	INTERPRET WITH BREAK FIELD 1
	SAD =D+4	SKIP IF NOT DISPLAY SYNC INTERRUPT
	JMS DWT	SET DISPLAY READY SWITCH
		GET DISPLAY INT ENABLE SWITCH
	SZA	SKIP IF DISPLAY INTERRUPTS DISABLED
	JMP ++5	GET STATUS FOR USER
	IOT 611	READ DISPLAY ADDRESS
	TAD =1 IOT 1605	FORM RESUME ADDRESS
	IOT 1605	RESUME DISPLAY
	JMP IR	RESUME DISPLAT RETURN FROM INTERRUPT GET DISPLAY STATUS WORD 1 SHIFT REFAK FIELD INTO POSITION
	LAC DSS	GET DISPLAY STATUS WORD 1
	LLS 14	Shiri Break Field 10311100
	LLS 14 AND = 70000	REMOVE ALL BUT BREAK FIELD
	10T 601	FORM DISPLAY ADDRESS
		SAVE TEMPORARILY
	LAC* 23	GET ADDRESS OF SERVICE TASK
	JMS DS JMP *-13	SCHEDULE SERVICE & READ STATUS
	JMP *-13	RESUME DISPLAY & RETURN
DS	SDC Ø	
	AND =77777	TRUNCATE HIGH ORDER BITS
	JMS TII	SCHEDULE SERVICE TASK DISABLE DISPLAY INTERRUPTS
	DZM DE+1	DISABLE DISPLAY INTERRUPTS

LAC DSS	GET DISPLAY STATUS WORD 1
DAC DS1	SAVE
IOT 1632	READ STATUS WORD 2
DAC DS2	SAVE
IOT 611	READ DISPLAY ADDRESS
DAC DSA	SAVE
IOT 1612	READ Y DISPLAY COORDINATE
DAC DSY	SAVE
IOT 512	READ X DISPLAY COORDINATE
	SAVE
	READ PUSH DOWN POINTER
	SAVE
	GET ADDRESS OF PUSH DOWN LIST
	SET AUTOINDEX REGISTER
	GET ADDRESS OF PUSH DOWN SAVE AREA
DAC 11	SET AUTOINDEX REGISTER
	GET WORD FROM PUSH DOWN LIST
DAC* 11	STORE IN PUSH-DOWN SAVE AREA
LAC 10	GET SOURCE POINTER
SAD DSP	SKIP IF NOT END OF LIST
JMP+ DS	RETURN
JMP *-5	COPY NEXT WORD
J	44.1

	STITLE	TRACKING CONTROLLER
ΙX	TAD =1000	CONVERT RELATIVE TO ORIGIN
	AND =1777	CONVERT MODULO 2:10
	DAC XPY	SET Y TRACKING COORDINATE
	LAC9	GET X COORDINATE
	TAD = 1000	CONVERT RELATIVE TO ORIGIN
	AND = 1777	CONVERT MODULO 2+10
	XOR = 4000	SET ESCAPE BIT
	DAC XPX	SET X TRACKING COORDINATE
	DZM XP	ENABLE TRACKING
	JMP* X.I	RETURN
XR	DZM XP	ENABLE TRACKING
	JMP* X.R	RETURN
ХT	LAW 3000	GET POP INSTRUCTION
	DAC XP	TERMINATE TRACKING
	JMP* X.T	RETURN
xs	LAW 3000	GET POP INSTRUCTION
	SAD XP	SKIP IF TRACKING ENABLED
	ISZ X.S	INDICATE SUCCESS
	JMP* X.S	RETURN
XY		GET Y TRACKING COORDINATE
	TAD =-1000	CONVERT RELATIVE TO SCREEN CENTER
	JMP* X.Y	RETURN
XX	LAC XPX AND = 1777	GET X TRACKING COORDINATE
	AND = 1777	TRUNCATE ESCAPE
	TAD =-1000	
	JMP+ X.X	RETURN
XLP	HLT	STATE VARIABLE
	HLT	STATE VARIABLE
	HLT	STATE VARIABLE
	JMP *+3	DO NOT CHANGE Y TRACKING COORDINATE
	AND = 1777	TRUNCATE HIGH ORDER BITS
	DAC XPY	SET Y TRACKING COORDINATE

	IOT 512	READ X COORDINATE SUBTRACT 1024 SKIP IF COORDINATE ON SCREEN DO NOT CHANGE X COORDINATE TRUNCATE HIGH ORDER BITS SET ESCAPE BIT SET X TRACKING COORDINATE GET ADDRESS OF TRACKING PATTERN RESTART TRACKING PROCESS RETURN FROM INTERRUPT RESUME DISPLAY RETURN
	TAD =-2000	SUBTRACT 1024
	SMA	SKIP IF COORDINATE ON SCREEN
	JMP ++4	DO NOT CHANGE X COORDINATE
	AND =1777	TRUNCATE HIGH ORDER BITS
	XOR = 4000	SET ESCAPE BIT
	DAC XPX	SET X TRACKING COORDINATE
	LAW XP	GET ADDRESS OF TRACKING PATTERN
	IOT 1605	RESTART TRACKING PROCESS
	JMP IR	RETURN FROM INTERRUPT
XLP1	IOT 724	RESUME DISPLAY
	JMP IR	RETURN
XIS	IOT 611	READ DISPLAY ADDRESS
	IOT 611 DAC 23 LAC* 23	SAVE TEMPORARILY
	LAC+ 23	GET ADDRESS OF SERVICE
		SAVE TEMPORARILY
		SERVICE INTERRUPT
XISI	IOT 611	READ DISPLAY ADDRESS
	TAD =1	FORM RESUME ADDRESS
	IOT 1605	RESUME DISPLAY
	JMP IR	RETURN FROM INTERRUPT
X1	LAW 3000	GET POP INSTRUCTION
	DAC XPS	INHIBIT SEARCH PATTERN GET IOT 512 INSTRUCTION MODIFY INTERRUPT SERVICE GET DAC XL INSTRUCTION MODIFY INTERRUPT SERVICE
	LAC =700512	GET IOT 512 INSTRUCTION
	DAC XLP	MODIFY INTERRUPT SERVICE
	LAC = 40000+XL	GET DAC XL INSTRUCTION
	DAC XLP+1	MODIFY INTERRUPT SERVICE
	LAC = 6000000+XLP1	GET JMP XLP1 INSTRUCTION
	DAC XLP+2 DZM XL DZM XH	MODIFY INTERRUPT SERVICE
	DZM XL	CLEAR LOW COORDINATE
	DZM XH	CLEAR HIGH COORDINATE
	JMP XIS1	RESUME DISPLAY & RETURN
X2	LAC = 40000+XH	GET DAC XH INSTRUCTION
	DAC XLP+1	MODIFY INTERRUPT SERVICE
	JMP XIS1	RESUME DISPLAY & RETURN
хз	LAC XH	GET HIGH COORDINATE
	- · - · · ·	

	SNA	SKIP IF VALID
	JMP X31	ENABLE SEARCH PATTERN
	TAD XL	ADD LOW COORDINATE
	SAD XH	SKIP IF VALID
	JMP X31	ENABLE SEARCH PATTERN
	RCR	DIVIDE BY 2
	TAD =-2000	SUBTRACT 1024
	SMA	SKIP IF COORDINATE ON SCREEN
	JMP X31+2	DO NOT CHANGE X COORDINATE
	AND =1777	CONVERT MODULO 2+10
	XOR =4000	SET ESCAPE BIT
	DAC XPX	SET X TRACKING COORDINATE
	JMP X31+2	LEAVE SEARCH PATTERN INHIBITED
X31	LAW 777	GET SEARCH ENABLE WORD
	DAC XPS	ENABLE SEARCH PATTERN
	DZM XL	CLEAR LOW COORDINATE
	DZM XH	CLEAR HIGH COORDINATE
	LAC =701612	GET IOT 1612 INSTRUCTION
	DAC XLP	MODIFY INTERRUPT SERVICE
		GET DAC XL INSTRUCTION
	DAC XLP+1	MODIFY INTERRUPT SERVICE
	JMP XIS1	RESUME DISPLAY & RETURN
X4	LAC XH	GET HIGH COORDINATE
	SNA	SKIP IF NOT VALID
	JMP X41	ENABLE SEARCH PATTERN
	TAD XL	ADD LOW COORDINATE
	SAD XH	SKIP IF VALID
	JMP X41	ENABLE SEARCH PATTERN
	RCR	DIVIDE BY 2
	TAD =-2000	
	SMA	SKIP IF COORDINATE ON SCREEN
	JMP X41+2	DO NOT CHANGE Y TRACKING COORDINATE
	AND =1777	CONVERT MODULO 2+10
	DAC XPY	SET Y TRACKING COORDINATE
V 44	JMP X41+2	LEAVE SEARCH PATTERN INHIBITED
X41	LAW 777	GET SEARCH ENABLE WORD
	DAC XPS	ENABLE SEARCH PATTERN
	LAC XLP+7	GET TAD =-2000 INSTRUCTION
	DAC XLP+1	MODIFY INTERRUPT SERVICE

LAC =740100 DAC XLP+2 JMP XIS1 GET SMA INSTRUCTION MODIFY INTERRUPT SERVICE RESUME DISPLAY & RETURN

X5 LAW 3000 DAC XP JMP XIS1

GET POP INSTRUCTION DISABLE TRACKING RESUME DISPLAY & RETURN

RETURN

STITLE

STRUCTURE TOPOLOGY OPERATORS

STL JMS B4 JMP+ S.TL DAC T5 TAD =-1 DAC 12 LAW 0 DAC+ 12 DAC* 12 DAC+ 12 LAW 1121 DAC+ 12 LAW 0 DAC+ 12 LAW 4000 DAC* 12 LAW 2001 DAC* 12 JMS B4 JMP STL1 DAC* 12 TAD =-1 DAC 12 LAW 6240 DAC* 12 LAW 1400 DAC+ 12 DZM# 12 DZM# 12 LAW 1121 DAC* 12 DZM+ 12 LAW 4000 DAC* 12 LAW 3000 DAC* 12 LAC T5 ISZ S.TL JMP* S.TL

GET 8-WORD BLOCK NOT ENOUGH STORAGE SAVE ADDRESS FOR RETURN COMPUTE INITIAL INDEX VALUE SET AUTOINDEX REGISTER GET DISPLAY NOP INSTRUCTION STORE IN FIRST LOCATION IN HEAD STORE IN SECOND LOCATION IN HEAD STORE IN THIRD LOCATION IN HEAD GET VEC INSTRUCTION STORE IN FOURTH LOCATION IN HEAD GET DISPLAY NOP INSTRUCTION STORE IN FIFTH LOCATION IN HEAD GET ZERO X COORD WITH ESCAPE BIT STORE IN SIXTH LOCATION IN HEAD GET JUMPI INSTRUCTION STORE IN SEVENTH LOCATION IN HEAD GET 8-WORD BLOCK NOT ENOUGH STORAGE STORE ADDRESS OF TAIL IN HEAD COMPUTE INITIAL INDEX VALUE SET AUTOINDEX REGISTER GET UNCONDITIONAL DISPLAY SKIP STORE IN FIRST LOCATION IN TAIL GET INTERNAL STOP INSTRUCTION STORE IN SECOND LOCATION IN TAIL ZERO IN THIRD LOCATION IN TAIL STORE DISPLAY NOP IN FOURTH LOCATION GET VEC INSTRUCTION STORE IN FIFTH LOC IN TAIL STORE IN SIXTH LOC IN TAIL GET ZERO X COORD WITH ESCAPE BIT STORE IN SEVENTH LOCATION IN TAIL GET POP INSTRUCTION STORE IN EIGHTH LOC IN TAIL GET ADDRESS OF CREATED LEVEL INDICATE SUCCESS

STL 1	DZM* T5	FREE FIRST 4- WORD BLOCK IN HEAD GET ADDRESS OF 8- WORD BLOCK
	LAC ',	GET ADDRESS OF 8-WORD BLOCK
	TAD →	FORM ADDRESS OF SECOND 4-WORD BLOCK
	DAC T5	FORM ADDRESS OF SECOND 4-WORD BLOCK SAVE TEMPORARILY FREE SECOND 4-WORD BLOCK IN HEAD
	DZM+ T5	FREE SECOND 4-WORD BLOCK IN HEAD
	JMP* S.TL	FAILURE RETURN
STD	SAD =DHAL	SKIP IF NOT HIGHEST ACTIVE LEVEL HIGHEST ACTIVE LEVEL SAVE ADDRESS OF FIRST HEAD BLOCK
	JMP STD1	HIGHEST ACTIVE LEVEL
	DAC T1	SAVE ADDRESS OF FIRST HEAD BLOCK
	TAD =4	FORM ADDRESS OF SECOND HEAD BLOCK
	DAC T2	SAVE ADDRESS OF FIRST HEAD BLOCK FORM ADDRESS OF SECOND HEAD BLOCK SAVE ADDRESS OF SECOND HEAD BLOCK FORM POINTER TO LAST LOC IN HEAD SAVE TEMPORARILY
	TAD =3	FORM POINTER TO LAST LOC IN HEAD
	DAC T3	SAVE TEMPORARILY
	LAC* T3	SAVE TEMPORARILY GET ADDRESS OF TAIL (OR NODE) SAVE ADDRESS OF TAIL (OR NODE) FORM ADDRESS OF SECOND TAIL BLOCK SAVE GET FIRST WORD OF TAIL (OR NODE) TRUNCATE BREAK FIELD
	DAC T3	SAVE ADDRESS OF TAIL (OR NODE)
	TAD =4	FORM ADDRESS OF SECOND TAIL BLOCK
	DAC T4	SAVE
	LAC* T3	GET FIRST WORD OF TAIL (OR NODE)
	AND =777770	TRUNCATE BREAK FIELD
	SAD = 762010	SKIP IF NOT NODE
	JMP* S.TD	LEVEL NOT EMPTY
	DZM* T1 DZM* T2	RELEASE FIRST HEAD BLOCK RELEASE SECOND HEAD BLOCK
	DZM* T2	RELEASE SECOND HEAD BLOCK
		RELEASE FIRST TAIL BLOCK
	DZM* T4	RELEASE SECOND TAIL BLOCK
STD1		INDICATE SUCCESS
	JMP* S.TD	RETURN
STI	TAD =7	FORM POINTER TO LAST LOC IN HEAD SAVE
	DAC T5	SAVE
	.IMS B3	CREATE 4-WORD BLOCK
	JMP* S.TI	NOT ENOUGH STORAGE
	DAC T1	SET POINTER TO BLOCK
	TAD =-1	NOT ENOUGH STORAGE SET POINTER TO BLOCK COMPUTE INITIAL INDEX VALUE SET AUTOINDEX REGISTER SHIFT BREAK FIELD INTO AC TRUNCATE HIGH ORDER BITS
	DAC 12	SET AUTOINDEX REGISTER
	LLS 6	SHIFT BREAK FIELD INTO AC
	AND =7	TRUNCATE HIGH ORDER BITS
	XOR = 762010	FORM PUSH JUMP INSTRUCTION
	DAC* 12	STORE IN FIRST LOC IN BLOCK

	AND =7 LLS 14 DAC* 12 LAW 2001 DAC* 12 LAC* T5 DAC* 12 LAC T1 DAC* T5 ISZ S•TI JMP* S•TI	TRUNCATE HIGH ORDER BITS GET COMPLETE ADDRESS STORE IN SECOND LOC IN BLOCK GET JUMPI INSTRUCTION STORE IN THIRD LOC IN BLOCK GET ADR OF FIRST ELEMENT IN LEVEL STORE AS SUCCESSOR TO NEW NODE GET ADDRESS OF NEW NODE INSERT NEW NODE INTO LEVEL INDICATE SUCCESS RETURN
STR	JMS TV SDC S.TR	PROTECT AGAINST REENTRY
	TAD = 7	GET POINTER TO END OF HEAD
	DAC T1	SAVE TEMPORARILY
	LAC+ T1	GET ADDRESS OF FIRST ELEMENT
	DAC T2	SAVE TEMPORARILY
	DAC STR2	GET POINTER TO END OF HEAD SAVE TEMPORARILY GET ADDRESS OF FIRST ELEMENT SAVE TEMPORARILY SAVE ADDRESS FOR REMOVAL GET FIRST WORD OF FIRST ELEMENT TRUNCATE BREAK FIELD SKIP IF NOT NODE NODE
	LAC* T2	GET FIRST WORD OF FIRST ELEMENT
	AND = 777770	TRUNCATE BREAK FIELD
	SAD = 762010	SKIP IF NOT NODE
	SKP	NODE
	JMP STRI+7	SUBSTRUCTURE NOT IN LEVEL
	12% 15	CET ADDRESS OF CLUSH SUBSTRUCTURE
	CAD+ TO	CAID IE NO WATCH
	IMP CTD1	CURCIPICTURE FOLIAND
	LAC T2	GET POINTER TO ADR OF SUBSTRUCTURE
	TAD =2	FORM POINTER TO END OF NODE
	JMP STR+4	TRY NEXT NODE
STRI	ISZ T2	INCREMENT POINTER TO LOC IN NODE
	ISZ T2	INCREMENT POINTER TO LOC IN NODE
	LAC+ T2	GET ADR OF SUCCESSOR TO NODE
	DAC+ T1	STORE IN PREVIOUS NODE (OR HEAD)
	JMS DW	SUBSTRUCTURE NOT IN LEVEL FORM POINTER TO ADR OF SUBSTRUCTURE GET ADDRESS OF GIVEN SUBSTRUCTURE SKIP IF NO MATCH SUBSTRUCTURE FOUND GET POINTER TO ADR OF SUBSTRUCTURE FORM POINTER TO END OF NODE TRY NEXT NODE INCREMENT POINTER TO LOC IN NODE INCREMENT POINTER TO LOC IN NODE GET ADR OF SUCCESSOR TO NODE STORE IN PREVIOUS NODE (OR HEAD) WAIT FOR DISPLAY TO SETTLE DOWN RELEASE NODE TO FREE STORAGE INDICATE SUCCESS
	DZM* STR2	RELEASE NODE TO FREE STORAGE
	JMS T.U	UNLOCK S.TRD

SDC STR

	STITLE	LEVEL MODIFICATION OPERATORS
	JMP+ S.LH	
SLY	300 3461	PROTECT AGAINST REENTRY
	SAD = DHAL JMP SLY1+3	SKIP IF NOT HIGHEST ACTIVE LEVEL RETURN
	TAD =4 DAC DWHD	FORM POINTER TO Y COORD IN HEAD SAVE
	TAD =3 JMS SLT TAD =5	FORM POINTER TO END OF HEAD GET ADDRESS OF TAIL FORM POINTER TO Y COORD IN TAIL
	TAD =5 DAC DWTL	FORM POINTER TO Y COORD IN TAIL SAVE
	JMS C.BC	SAVE GET Y INCREMENT CONVERT TO DISPLAY COORDINATE INDICATE STORAGE OCCUPIED
SLYI		
	SZA JMP ++4	SAVE TRANSLATION VALUE GET TRANSLATION VALUE SKIP IF TRANSLATION COMPLETE RESCHEDULE COMPLETION CHECK
	JMS T.U SDC SLY	UNLOCK S.LY
	JMP SLY1 JMS T.P	CHECK FOR TRANSLATION COMPLETE SCHEDULE COMPLETION CHECK
SLX	SDC S.LX	PROTECT AGAINST REENTRY
	SAD = DHAL JMP SLX1+3	SKIP IF NOT HIGHEST ACTIVE LEVEL RETURN FORM POINTER TO X COORD IN HEAD
	DAC DWHD	SAVE
	TAD =2 JMS SLT	FORM POINTER TO END OF HEAD GET ADDRESS OF TAIL
	TAD =6 DAC DWTL LACQ	FORM POINTER TO X COORE IN TAIL SAVE GET X INCREMENT
		THE THE PARTY OF T

SLXI	JMS C.BC XOR = 4600 DAC DWV LAC DWV SZA JMP ++4 JMS T.U SDC SLX	CONVERT TO DISPLAY COORDINATE SET ESCAPE BIT SAVE TRANSLATION VALUE GET TRANSLATION VALUE SKIP IF TRANSLATION COMPLETE RESCHEDULE COMPLETION CHECK UNLOCK S.LX
	JMP SLX1 JMS T.P	CHECK FOR TRANSLATION COMPLETE SCHEDULE COMPLETION CHECK
SLP	SAD =DHAL JMP * S.LP TAD = 2 DAC T1 LACQ AND = 777 DAC * T1 JMP * S.LP	SKIP IF NOT HIGHEST ACTIVE LEVEL RETURN GET ADDRESS OF PARAMETER SLOT SAVE TEMPORARILY GET PARAMETERS TRUNCATE HIGH ORDER BITS STORE PARAMETERS IN LEVEL RETURN
SLBE	JMP* S.LBE TAD =1 DAC T2 TAD =6 JMS SLT TAD =3 DAC T1 LAW 6301 DAC* T1 LAC* T2 AND =74 TAD =6302 DAC* T2	SKIP IF NOT HIGHEST ACTIVE LEVEL RETURN FORM POINTER TO COUNT SLOT SAVE TEMPORARILY FORM POINTER TO END OF HEAD GET ADDRESS OF TAIL FORM POINTER TO BLINK OFF SLOT SAVE TEMPORARILY GET BLINK OFF INSTRUCTION STORE IN TAIL GET COUNT INSTRUCTION GET COUNT BITS FORM NEW COUNT INSTRUCTION STORE NEW COUNT INSTRUCTION RETURN
SLBD	1454 6 1 55	SKIP IF NOT HIGHEST ACTIVE LEVEL RETURN FORM POINTER TO COUNT SLOT SAVE TEMPORARILY

	TAD =6 JMS SLT TAD =3 DAC T1 LAC+ T2 AND =777774 DAC+ T2 DZM+ T1 JMP+ S.LBD	FORM POINTER TO END OF HEAD GET ADDRESS OF TAIL FORM POINTER TO BLINK OFF SLOT SAVE TEMPORARILY GET COUNT INSTRUCTION FORM NEW COUNT INSTRUCTION STORE NEW COUNT INSTRUCTION REMOVE BLINK OFF INSTRUCTION RETURN
	TAD =1 DAC T1 LAC+ T1 AND =2 DAC T2 LACQ AND =74 XOR T2 XOR =6300 DAC+ T1 JMP+ S.LC	SKIP IF NOT HIGHEST ACTIVE LEVEL RETURN FORM POINTER TO COUNT SLOT SAVE TEMPORARILY GET COUNT INSTRUCTION GET BLINK BIT SAVE TEMPORARILY GET COUNT BITS TRUNCATE OTHER BITS CONCATENATE COUNT BITS & BLINK BIT FORM NEW COUNT INSTRUCTION STORE NEW COUNT INSTRUCTION RETURN
SLU	JMP+ S.LU	SKIP IF NOT HIGHEST ACTIVE LEVEL RETURN REMOVE INTERRUPT AT END OF LEVEL REMOVE SKIP INSTRUCTION FROM TAIL RETURN
JL 3	LAW 6220 DAC+ T1	SKIP IF NOT HIGHEST ACTIVE LEVEL RETURN REMOVE INTERRUPT AT END OF LEVEL GET SKIP-IF-OFF-SCREEN INSTRUCTION STORE IN TAIL RETURN
SLL	SAD =DHAL JMP+ S.LL JMS SLSP	SKIP IF NOT HIGHEST ACTIVE LEVEL RETURN REMOVE INTERRUPT FROM END OF LEVEL

	LAW 6201 DAC+ T2	GET LPSI CLEAR INSTRUCTION
	DAC* 12	OFT CALE-ON-MO-I BET INCERNICATION
	LAM OSAS	GET SKIF-ON-NO-LFST INSTRUCTION
	DAC+ T1 JMP+ S.LL	STORE IN TAIL
SLN	SAD =DHAL	SKIP IF NOT HIGHEST ACTIVE LEVEL RETURN REMOVE INTERRUPT AT END OF LEVEL GET DISPLAY NOP INSTRUCTION REMOVE LPSI CLEAR RETURN
	JMP+ S.LN	RETURN
	JMS SLSP	REMOVE INTERRUPT AT END OF LEVEL
	LAW 0	GET DISPLAY NOP INSTRUCTION
	DAC+ T2	REMOVE LPSI CLEAR
	JMP* S.LN	RETURN
SLT	SDC 0	
	DAC TI	STORE POINTER TO END OF BLOCK
	LAC+ TI	STORE POINTER TO END OF BLOCK GET POINTER TO NEXT NODE (OR TAIL)
	DAC T1	SAVE TEMPORARILY
	LAC+ TI	GET FIRST WORD FROM NODE (OR TAIL)
	AND =777770	GET POINTER TO NEXT NODE (OR TAIL) SAVE TEMPORARILY GET FIRST WORD FROM NODE (OR TAIL) TRUNCATE BREAK FIELD
	SAD =740010	SKIP IE NOT NODE
	JMP ++3	TAIL NOT FOUND
	LAC TI	GET ADDRESS OF TAIL
	JMP+ SLT	RETURN
	LAC TI	GET POINTER TO NODE FORM POINTER TO END OF NODE
	TAD =3	FORM POINTER TO END OF NODE
	JMP ++3 LAC T1 JMP+ SLT LAC T1 TAD =3 JMP SLT+1	LOOK AT NEXT NODE (OR TAIL)
SLSP	SDC 0	
	DAC T2	SAVE ADDRESS OF LEVEL
	TAD =7	SAVE ADDRESS OF LEVEL FORM POINTER TO END OF HEAD
	JMS SLT	GET ADDRESS OF TAIL
	TAD =2	FORM POINTER TO TASK ADDRESS
	DAC TY	SAUE TEMPODADILY
	1 A W 40 AG	GET SKIP INSTRUCTION
	DAC+ TI	STORE IN TAIL
	LACO	GET NEW SERVICE TASK ADDRESS
	DAC+ T3	STORE IN TAIL
	JMP+ SLSP	RETURN

	STITLE	TEXT OPERATORS
LT	DAC LT2 LAC+ LT2	SAVE ADDRESS OF TEXT LIST
	LAC+ LT2	GET TEXT WORD COUNT
	CMA	FORM 1'S COMPLEMENT
	DAC LT3	STORE COMPLEMENTED WORD COUNT
	ISZ LT3	FORM 2'S COMPLEMENT OF WORD COUNT
	SKP	WORD COUNT NOT ZERO
	JMP+ L.T	FORM 1'S COMPLEMENT STORE COMPLEMENTED WORD COUNT FORM 2'S COMPLEMENT OF WORD COUNT WORD COUNT NOT ZERO RETURN
LT1	ISZ LT2	SET POINTER TO NEXT TEXT WORD
	LAC+ LT2	GET TEXT WORD
	JMS B.T	SEND TO TELEPRINTER BUFFER
	ISZ LT3	INCREMENT COUNT & SKIP IF DONE
	JMP LT1	PROCESS NEXT TEXT WORD
	JMP+ L.T	RETURN SET POINTER TO NEXT TEXT WORD GET TEXT WORD SEND TO TELEPRINTER BUFFER INCREMENT COUNT & SKIP IF DONE PROCESS NEXT TEXT WORD RETURN
LD	DAC T5	SAVE ADDRESS OF TEXT LIST SET POINTER TO TEXT LIST GET WORD COUNT FORM 1'S COMPLEMENT STORE COMPLEMENTED WORD COUNT GET INITIAL VALUE OF LEAF LENGTH SET INITIAL VALUE OF LEAF LENGTH FORM 2'S COMPLEMENT OF WORD COUNT WORD COUNT NOT ZERO
	DAC T1	SET POINTER TO TEXT LIST
	LAC+ T1	GET WORD COUNT
	CMA	FORM 1'S COMPLEMENT
	DAC T2	STORE COMPLEMENTED WORD COUNT
	LAC =7	GET INITIAL VALUE OF LEAF LENGTH
	DAC T3	SET INITIAL VALUE OF LEAF LENGTH
	ISZ T2	FORM 2'S COMPLEMENT OF WORD COUNT
	SKP	WORD COUNT NOT ZERO
	JMP LD4	RETURN NULL TEXT LEAF
LD1	ISZ T1	RETURN NULL TEXT LEAF SET POINTER TO NEXT TEXT WORD
	LAC+ T1	GET TEXT WORD
	LRS 14	SHIFT FIRST CHARACTER INTO POSITION
	JMS LD5	MODIFY LEAF LENGTH COUNT
	JMS LD5	MODIFY LEAF LENGTH COUNT
	JMS LD5	MODIFY LEAF LENGTH COUNT
	ISZ T2	INCREMENT WORD COUNT & SKIP IF DONE
	JMP LD1	PROCESS NEXT TEXT WORD
	ISZ T2 SKP JMP LD4 ISZ T1 LAC* T1 LRS 14 JMS LD5 JMS LD5 JMS LD5 ISZ T2 JMP LD1 LAC T3 RCR	GET SIZE OF TEXT LEAF
	RCR	DIVIDE BY 2
	RCR	INCREMENT WORD COUNT & SKIP IF DONE PROCESS NEXT TEXT WORD GET SIZE OF TEXT LEAF DIVIDE BY 2 DIVIDE BY 2 GET STORAGE FOR TEXT LEAF
	JMS B	GET STORAGE FOR TEXT LEAF
	JMP+ 1D	NOT ENOUGH STORAGE
	DAC TI	SAVE ADDRESS OF TEXT LEAF AREA

		2
	DAC T6	SAVE ADDRESS FOR RETURN GET WORD COUNT FORM 1'S COMPLEMENT FORM 2'S COMPLEMENT STORE COMPLEMENTED WORD COUNT CLEAR HORIZONTAL COUNT CLEAR VERTICAL COUNT SET POINTER TO NEXT TEXT WORD GET MEXT TEXT WORD SHIFT FIRST CHARACTER INTO POSITION PUT FIRST CHARACTER INTO LEAF PUT SECOND CHARACTER INTO LEAF INCREMENT COUNT & SKIP IF DONE PROCESS NEXT TEXT WORD GET VEC INSTRUCTION STORE IN TEXT LEAF INCREMENT POINTER TO LOC IN LEAF GET VERTICAL COUNT PREPARE TO SHIFT ZEROS INTO AC MULTIPLY BY 16 SET TO NONZERO VALUE STORE IN TEXT LEAF INCREMENT POINTER TO LOC IN LEAF
	LAC+ T5	GET WORD COUNT
	CMA	FORM 1'S COMPLEMENT
	TAD =1	FORM 2'S COMPLEMENT
	DAC T2	STORE COMPLEMENTED WORD COUNT
	DZM T3	CLEAR HORIZONTAL COUNT
	DZM T4	CLEAR VERTICAL COUNT
LD2	ISZ T5	SET POINTER TO NEXT TEXT WORD
	LAC+ T5	GET MEXT TEXT WORD
	LRS 14	SHIFT FIRST CHARACTER INTO POSITION
	JMS LD6	PUT FIRST CHARACTER INTO LEAF
	JMS LD6	PUT SECOND CHARACTER INTO LEAF
	JMS LD6	PUT THIRD CHARACTER INTO LEAF
	ISZ T2	INCREMENT COUNT & SKIP IF DONE
	JMP LD2	PROCESS NEXT TEXT WORD
	LAW 1121	GET VEC INSTRUCTION
	DAC+ T1	STORE IN TEXT LEAF
	ISZ TI	INCREMENT POINTER TO LOC IN LEAF
	LAC T4	GET VERTICAL COUNT
	CLO	PREPARE TO SHIFT ZEROS INTO AC
	LLS 4	MULTIPLY BY 16
	XOR = 400000	SET TO NONZERO VALUE
	DAC+ T1	STORE IN TEXT LEAF INCREMENT POINTER TO LOC IN LEAF GET HORIZONTAL COUNT MULTIPLY BY 8 CONVERT MODULO 2+10
	ISZ TI	INCREMENT POINTER TO LOC IN LEAF
	LAC T3	GET HORIZONTAL COUNT
	LLS 3	MULTIPLY BY 8
	AND =1777	CONVERT MODULO 2+10
	YAD - KAGG	CET FECADE DIT & MINIE CICAL
	DAC+ T1	STORE IN TEXT LEAF
	ISZ TI	STORE IN TEXT LEAF INCREMENT POINTER TO LOC IN LEAF GET POP INSTRUCTION STORE IN TEXT LEAF GET ADDRESS OF TEXT LEAF INDICATE SUCCESS RETURN
LD3	LAW 3000	GET POP INSTRUCTION
	DAC+ T1	STORE IN TEXT LEAF
	LAC T6	GET ADDRESS OF TEXT LEAF
	ISZ L.D	INDICATE SUCCESS
	JMP+ L.D	RETURN
LD4	LAC =LD3	RETURN GET ADDRESS OF POP INSTRUCTION INDICATE SUCCESS & RETURN
	JMP +-3	INDICATE SUCCESS & RETURN
	<u> </u>	
LDS	SDC Ø	
	SDC 0 AND =77	TRUNCATE HIGH ORDER BITS
	CIAR - 1.	THE PROPERTY OF THE PARTY OF THE

	SAD =77	SKIP IF NOT NULL CHARACTER
	SAD =77 JMP ++5 SAD =74	NULL CHARACTER RETURN
	SAD =74	SKIP IF NOT CARRIAGE RETURN
	ISZ T3	INCREMENT LEAF SIZE EXTRA TIME
	ISZ TO	INCREMENT LEAF SIZE
	ISZ T3	INCREMENT LEAF SIZE
	LLS 6	SHIFT NEXT CHARACTER INTO POSITION
	JMP+ LD5	RETURN
	JAN 4 LDJ	VE 10VIA
LD6	SDC Ø	
	AND =77	TRUNCATE HIGH ORDER BITS
	SAD =77	SKIP IF NOT NULL CHARACTER
	JMP LD7-2	NULL CHARACTER RETURN
	SAD =74	SKIP IF NOT CARRIAGE RETURN
	JMP LD7	PUT CARRIAGE RETURN INTO LEAF
	SAD =75	SKIP IF NOT LINE FEED
	SKP	LINE FEED INCREMENT VERT COUNT
	JMP ++3	NORMAL CHARACTER
	ISZ T4	INCREMENT VERTICAL COUNT
	SKP	LEAVE HORIZONTAL COUNT ALONE
	ISZ T3	INCREMENT HORIZONTAL COUNT
	TAD =LD8	ADD ADDRESS OF CONVERSION TABLE
	DAC T7	SAVE TEMPORARILY
	LAW 2010	GET PUSH JUMP INSTRUCTION
	DAC+ T1	STORE IN TEXT LEAF
	187 71	INCREMENT POINTER TO LOC IN LEAF
	ISZ TI LAC+ T7 DAC+ TI ISZ TI	GET ADDRESS OF DISPLAY FOR CHAR
	DAC+ TI	STORE IN TEXT LEAF
	ISZ TI	INCREMENT POINTER TO LOC IN LEAF
	LLS 6	SHIFT NEXT CHARACTER INTO POSITION
	JMP+ LD6	
LD7		GET MO CONTENTS
LUI	DAC T7	SAVE TEMPORARILY
	LAW 1121	GET VEC INSTRUCTION
	DAC+ TI	STORE IN TEXT LEAF
	ISZ TI	
	LAW 0	INCREMENT POINTER TO LOC IN LEAF
		GET ZERO Y DISPLACEMENT
	DAC+ T1	STORE ZERO Y DISPLACEMENT IN LEAF
	ISZ TI	INCREMENT POINTER TO LOC IN LEAF
	LAC T3	GET HORIZONTAL DISPLACEMENT

	CLO	
	LLS 3	
	AND =1	777
	XOR =6	866
	DAC+ T	1
	ISZ TI	
	DZM T3	
	LAC T7	
	LRS 14	
	JMP+ L	
LL	DAC TI	
	LAC+ T	1
	DZM+ T	=
	SAD =7	
	JMP+ L	
	ISZ TI	_
	JMP LL	+ 1
	··· -	•
LD8	SDC DO	9
		1+10000
		2+20000
	SDC DE	3+30000
		4+40000
		5+50000
		6^60000
		7+70000
		0+100000
		1+110000
		2+120000
		3+130000
		4+1 40000
		5+150000
		6+160000
		7+170000
		3+200000
		+210000
	SDC DOG	
	SDC D28	
	SDC D2:	3+230000
	SDC D2:	

PREPARE TO SHIFT ZEROS INTO AC MULTIPLY BY 8 CONVERT MODULO 2+10 SET ESCAPE BIT 4 MINUS SIGN STORE IN TEXT LEAF INCREMENT POINTER TO LOC IN LEAF CLEAR HORIZONTAL COUNT GET PREVIOUS MO CONTENTS SHIFT NEXT CHARACTER INTO POSITION RETURN

STORE ADDRESS OF TEXT LEAF GET VALUE FROM LEAF FREE STORAGE LOCATION SKIP IF NOT END OF TEXT LEAF RETURN SET POINTER TO NEXT LOC IN LEAF FREE NEXT LOCATION

\$DC D25+250000 \$DC D26+260000 SDC D27+270000 SDC D30+300000 \$DC D31+310000 \$DC D32+320000 \$DC D33+330000 SDC D34+340000 SDC D35+350000 SDC D36+360000 SDC D37+370000 SDC D40+400000 SDC D41+410000 SDC D42+420000 SDC D43+430000 SDC D44+440000 SDC D45+450000 SDC D46+460000 SDC D47+470000 SDC D50+500000 SDC D51+510000 SDC D52+520000 SDC D53+530000 SDC D54+540000 SDC D55+550000 SDC D56+560000 \$DC D57+570000 SDC D60+600000 SDC D61+610000 SDC D62+620000 SDC D63+630000 SDC D64+640000 SDC D65+650000 SDC D66+660000 SDC D67+670000 SDC D70+700000 SDC D71+710000 SDC D72+720000 SDC D73+730000 NOP

SDC D75+750060 SDC D76+760000

	STITLE	IDLE-TIME TASK
IDLE	JMS B.K DAC T3 LAW 10 JMS T.A LAC BKF SAD =205 JMP TTY 4 LAC T3 SAD =1 4 LAC =IDLEC SAD =33 LAC =IDLER SAD =34 LAC =IDLES SAD =72 LAC =IDLE1 SAD =17 LAC =IDLEF DAC T3 AND =777700 SNA JMP IDLEG LAC T3 TAD =1 JMS L.T LAC* T3	GET CARRIAGE RETURN, LINE FEED CODE TYPE CARRIAGE RETURN, LINE FEED GET TELEPRINTER ALLOCATION MASK RELEASE TELEPRINTER GET KEYBOARD CHARACTER SAVE KEYBOARD CHARACTER GET TELEPRINTER ALLOCATION MASK ALLOCATE TELEPRINTER GET ASCII FORM OF CHARACTER SKIP IF NOT ENQUIRY SEND ENQUIRY RECORD GET KEYBOARD CHARACTER SKIP IF NOT C GET "CLEAR" RESPONSE POINTER SKIP IF NOT R GET "RUN" RESPONSE POINTER SKIP IF NOT S GET "SCHEDULE" RESPONSE POINTER SKIP IF NOT F GET TY/201 RESPONSE POINTER SKIP IF NOT F GET TYP/201 RESPONSE POINTER SKIP IF NOT F GET TROM" RESPONSE POINTER SKIP IF LEGAL COMMAND CANCEL COMMAND CANCEL COMMAND GET RESPONSE POINTER COMPUTE ADDRESS OF TEXT LIST TYPE TEXT LIST GET ADDRESS OF RESPONSE SAVE TEMPORARILY EXECUTE RESPONSE
I DLEO	LAC =657475 JMP IDLE+1	GET QUESTION MARK CODE Type 4 get new command
I DL EC	SDC CLEAR SDC 2	

STEXT "CLEAR " SDC RUN IDLER SDC 2 STEXT "RUN" SDC 747575 SDC SCHED IDLES SDC 3 STEXT "SCHEDULE " SDC TTY201 IDLEI SDC Ø SDC FROM IDLEF SDC 2 STEXT "FROM "

CLEAR JMS B.K GET KEYBOARD CHARACTER SAD = 15 SKIP IF NOT D CLEAR DISPLAY STORAGE JMP CLEARI SAD =35 SKIP IF NOT T SKP CLEAR TASK QUEUE CANCEL COMMAND JMP IDLEO LAC =CLEART GET ADDRESS OF TEXT LIST JMS L.T TYPE TEXT LIST LAC = SCHEDO GET ADDRESS OF FROZEN TASK QUEUE JMS Q.C CLEAR FROZEN TASK QUEUE JMP IDLE GET NEW COMMAND CLEARI LAC =CLEARD GET ADDRESS OF TEXT LIST JMS L.T TYPE TEXT LIST JMS STC CLEAR DISPLAY STORAGE DZM 25 INDICATE NO DIAGNOSTIC JMP E1 RE-ESTABLISH DISPLAYED TITLE

CLEARD SDC 5
STEXT "DISPLAY STORAGE"

CLEART SDC 4
STEXT "TASK QUEUE"

RUN LAW 10 GET TELEPRINTER MASK
JMS T.R RELEASE TELEPRINTER
JMS STC CLEAR DISPLAY STORAGE

```
LAC = SCHEDQ GET ADDRESS OF FROZEN TASK QUEUE
JMS Q.F GET TASK FROM FROZEN TASK QUEUE
RUN 1
                             TERMINATE IDLE-TIME EXECUTION SCHEDULE TASK FROM FROZEN QUEUE
       JMS T.F
       JMS T.S
       JMP RUN1
                              ENABLE NEXT TASK
SCHED JMS OCTALS
                              GET ADDRESS FROM KEYBOARD
       JMP IDLEO
                              CANCEL COMMAND
SET UP PARAMETER
       LMO
                              GET ADDRESS OF FROZEN TASK QUEUE
       LAC =SCHEDQ
                              ADD TASK TO FROZEN QUEUE
       A-9 CML
                               TYPE DIAGNOSTIC
       SKP
       JMP IDLE
                               GET NEW COMMAND
       LAC =SCHED1
                              GET ADDRESS OF TEXT LIST
       JMS L.T
                               TYPE TEXT LIST
       JMP IDLE
                               GET NEW COMMAND
SCHED1 SDC 11
       STEXT " -- NO ROOM FOR THIS TASK"
SCHEDQ SDC ++37
       SDC ++36
       SDC ++35
       SORG *+35
TTY201 LAW 17772
                              GET # CODE
                               TYPE #
       JMS B.T
       JMS ECHO
                              ECHO KEYBOARD CHARACTER
       LAC BKF
                              GET ASCII FORM OF CHARACTER
       SAD =215
                        SKIP IF NOT CARRIAGE RETURNATE RECORD WITH ETX
SKIP IF NOT BACK ARROW
DELETE CHARACTER
                             SKIP IF NOT CARRIAGE RETURN
       JMP TTY1
       SAD =337
       JMP TTY2
       SAD =377
JMP TTY3
JMS B.FO
                              SKIP IF NOT RUBOUT
                             CLEAR 201 OUTPUT BUFFER
                              SEND CHARACTER TO 201 OUTPUT BUFFER
                             DATA SET NOT CONNECTED
       SKP
                            PROCESS NEXT CHARACTER
       JMP TTY201+2
       LAC =TTY5
                             GET ADDRESS OF TEXT LIST
       JMS L.T
                              TYPE DIAGNOSTIC
```

6

```
GET NEW COMMAND
GET END OF TEXT CHARACTER
SEND TO 201 OUTPUT BUFFER
DATA SET NOT CONNECTED
GET NEW COMMAND
GET ADDRESS OF OUTPUT BUFFER
SKIP IF BUFFER NON-EMPTY
IGNORE CHARACTER DELETE
WAIT FOR ACK TO LAST RECORD
          JMP IDLE
         LAW BFETX
TTY1
          JMS B.FO
          JMP +-5
          JMP IDLE
         LAC =BFOB
TTY2
          SAD BFOI
          JMP TTY201+2
                                  WAIT FOR ACK TO LAST RECORD
DATA SET NOT CONNECTED
LOAD AC WITH -2
COMPUTE NEW VALUE OF INPUT POINTER
BACKSPACE OUTPUT BUFFER
PROCESS NEXT CHARACTER
          JMS B.FO
JMP TTY1-3
          LAW -2
         DAC BFOI
          TAD BFOI
          JMP TTY201+2
          JMS B.FO
TTY3
                                     WAIT FOR ACK TO LAST RECORD
                                 DATA SET NOT CONNECTED
GET ADDRESS OF 201 OUTPUT BUFFER
RESET INPUT POINTER
GET ADDRESS OF TEXT LIST
TYPE DIAGNOSTIC
GET NEW COMMAND
         NOP
         LAC =BFOB
          DAC BFOI
          LAC =TTY6
          JMS L.T
         JMP IDLE
                                     GET NEW COMMAND
         LAW BFENO
TTY4
                                      GET ENGUIRY
          JMP TTY1+1
                                      SEND TO 201 OUTPUT BUFFER
TTY5
          SDC 11
          STEXT " -- DATA SET NOT CONNECTED"
TTY6
          SDC 4
          STEXT " -- DELETED"
FROM
          JMS B.K
                                      GET KEYBOARD CHARACTER
          DZM T3
                                       CLEAR DATA TRANSFER POINTER
         SAD =14
JMP FROM1
                                      SKIP IF NOT C
                                      FROM CORE
                                      INCREMENT DATA TRANSFER POINTER
          ISZ T3
          SAD =31
                                     SKIP IF NOT P
          JMP FROM2
                                 FROM PAPER TAPE
                                     INCREMENT DATA TRANSFER POINTER
          ISZ T3
          SAD =35
                                      SKIP IF NOT T
                                     FROM TELETYPE
         JMP FROM3
         JMP IDLEO
                                      CANCEL COMMAND
```

FROMI	LAC =FROMC	GET ADDRESS OF TEXT LIST
	JMP FROM4	TYPE TEXT LIST
FROM2	LAC =FROMP	TYPE TEXT LIST GET ADDRESS OF TEXT LIST
	SKP	TYPE TEXT LIST
FROM3	LAC =FROMT JMS L.T	GET ADDRESS OF TEXT LIST
FROM 4	JMS L.T	TYPE TEXT LIST
	LAC T3	GET DATA TRANSFER POINTER
	CLL+RTL	MULTIPLY BY 4
	TAD =FROM11	ADD ADDRESS OF TABLE
	DAC T3	TYPE TEXT LIST GET DATA TRANSFER POINTER MULTIPLY BY 4 ADD ADDRESS OF TABLE STORE REFINED DATA TRANSFER POINTER
	LAC =FROMTO	STORE REFINED DATA TRANSFER POINTER GET ADDRESS OF TEXT LIST TYPE TEXT LIST GET KEYBOARD CHARACTER SKIP IF NOT C TO CORE INCREMENT DATA TRANSFER POINTER
	JMS L.T	TYPE TEXT LIST
	JMS B.K	GET KEYBOARD CHARACTER
	SAD =14	SKIP IF NOT C
	JMP FROMS	TO CORE
	ISZ T3	INCREMENT DATA TRANSFER POINTER
	SAD =31	INCREMENT DATA TRANSFER POINTER SKIP IF NOT P
	JMP FROM6	TO PAPER TAPE
	ISZ T3	INCREMENT DATA TRANSFER POINTER
	ISZ T3 SAD =35 JMP FROM7	INCREMENT DATA TRANSFER POINTER SKIP IF NOT T
	JMP FROM7	TO TELETYPE
	ISZ T3	INCREMENT DATA TRANSFER POINTER SKIP IF NOT D TO DISPLAY CANCEL COMMAND GET ADDRESS OF TEXT LIST
	SAD =15	SKIP IF NOT D
	JMP FROMB	TO DI SPLAY
	JMP IDLEQ	CANCEL COMMAND
FROM 5	LAC =FROMC	GET ADDRESS OF TEXT LIST
	JMP FROM9	TYPE TEXT LIST
FROM 6	LAC =FROMP	GET ADDRESS OF TEXT LIST
	JMP FROM9	TYPE TEXT LIST
FROM 7	LAC =FROMT	TYPE TEXT LIST GET ADDRESS OF TEXT LIST TYPE TEXT LIST
	SKP	TYPE TEXT LIST
FROMB		GET ADDRESS OF TEXT LIST
	IMS L. T	TYPE TEXT LIST
, ,,,,,,	LAC+ T3	GET ADDRESS OF DATA TRANSFER
	DAC T3	SAVE TEMPORARILY
	JMP+ T3	BEGIN DATA TRANSFER
	J	www.urr writers firmwe wit
FROMII	SDC TRCC	
,	SDC TRCP	
	SDC TRCT	
	200 11101	

SDC TRCD

```
SDC TRPC
      SDC TRPP
      SDC TRPT
      SDC TRPD
      SDC TRTC
      SDC TRTP
      SDC TRTT
      SDC TRTD
FROMC
     SDC 2
      STEXT "CORE"
FROMP
      SDC 4
      STEXT "PAPER TAPE"
FROMT
      SDC 3
      STEXT "TELETYPE"
FROMD
      SDC 3
      STEXT "DISPLAY"
FROMTO SDC 2
      STEXT " TO "
      JMS TRBK
                            GET CORE BLOCK FROM KEYBOARD
TRCC
                            GET ADDRESS OF TEXT LIST
      LAC = FROMTO
                           TYPE TEXT LIST
      JMS L.T
                           GET ADDRESS FROM KEYBOARD
      JMS OCTAL5
      JMP IDLEQ
                           CANCEL COMMAND
                           SAVE ADDRESS
      DAC TI
TRCC1
                           GET WORD TO BE MOVED
      LAC* TRBKL
      DAC+ T1
                           STORE IN NEW LOCATION
      ISZ TRBKL
                           INCREMENT SOURCE POINTER
      ISZ T1
                           INCREMENT SINK POINTER
      ISZ TRBKC
                           INCREMENT LOC COUNT & SKIP IF DONE
      JMP TRCC1
                            MOVE NEXT WORD
      JMP IDLE
                            GET NEW COMMAND
TRCP
      JMS TRBK
                            GET CORE BLOCK FROM KEYBOARD
```

TRCP1	ISZ TRBKL	GET ORIGIN CONTROL BIT SET CONTROL MASK GET ORIGIN OF BLOCK PUNCH ORIGIN GET DATA CONTROL BIT SET CONTROL MASK GET DATA WORD PUNCH DATA WORD INCREMENT POINTER INCREMENT COUNT & SKIP IF DONE PUNCH NEXT WORD GET NEW COMMAND
TRCP2	SDC 0 DAC T4 LRS 14 AND = 77 XOR T3 JMS PUNCH LAC T4 LRS 6 AND = 77 XOR T3 JMS PUNCH LAC T4 AND = 77 XOR T3 JMS PUNCH LAC T4 AND = 77 XOR T3 JMS PUNCH JMP* TRCP2	SAVE WORD TO BE PUNCHED SHIFT HIGH ORDER BITS INTO POSITION TRUNCATE BITS FROM LINK SET CONTROL BIT PUNCH IMAGE GET WORD TO BE PUNCHED SHIFT MIDDLE BITS INTO POSITION TRUNCATE HIGH ORDER BITS SET CONTROL BIT PUNCH IMAGE GET WORD TO BE PUNCHED TRUNCATE HIGH ORDER BITS SET CONTROL BIT PUNCH IMAGE RETURN
TRCT	JMS TRBK LAW 17475 JMS B.T LAC TRBKL JMS C.B6 TAD =770000 JMS TRKT LAW 17676	GET CORE BLOCK FROM KEYBOARD GET CARRIAGE RETURN, LINE FEED CODE TYPE CARRIAGE RETURN, LINE FEED GET ADDRESS TO BE TYPED CONVERT TO 6-BIT CODE REMOVE HIGH ORDER ZERO TYPE ADDRESS GET CODE FOR TWO SPACES TYPE TWO SPACES

	DAC T3	SET WORD COUNTER
TRCT1	LAW 17677	GET CODE FOR ONE SPACE
	JMS B.T	TYPE SPACE
	JMS B.T LAC* TRBKL JMS C.B6 JMS TRKT	GET WORD TO BE TYPED
	JMS C.B6	CONVERT TO 6-BIT CODE
	JMS TRKT	TYPE WORD
	TC7 TDDVI	INCREMENT LOCATION BOINTED
	ISZ TRBKC	INCREMENT COUNT & SKIP IF DONE
	SKP	TYPE NEXT WORD
	JMP IDLE	GET NEW COMMAND
	ISZ T3	SKIP IF END OF LINE
	JMP TRCT1	TYPE NEXT WORD
	JMP TRCT+1	BEGIN NEW LINE
	ISZ TRBKC SKP JMP IDLE ISZ T3 JMP TRCT1 JMP TRCT+1	
TRCD	JMS TRBK Lac trbkc	GET CORE BLOCK FROM KEYBOARD
	LAC TRBKC	GET WORD COUNT
	TAD - 100	MAYE DOCITIVE IE NOT TOO LADCE
	SMA	SKIP IF TOO LARGE
	JMP ++3	SKIP IF TOO LARGE WORD COUNT OK LOAD AC WITH -64 ADJUST WORD COUNT INITIALIZE TEXT LIST FOR DISPLAY GET ADDRESS TO BE DISPLAYED CONVERT TO 60 BL CODE
	LAW 17700	LOAD AC WITH -64
	DAC TRBKC	ADJUST WORD COUNT
	JMS TRD1	INITIALIZE TEXT LIST FOR DISPLAY
TRCD 1	LAC TRBKL	GET ADDRESS TO BE DISPLAYED
	3M3 C.DO	COMVEKT TO 8-BIT CODE
	TAD =770000	REMOVE HIGH ORDER ZERO
	JMS TRD2	PUT HIGH ORDER ZERO PUT HIGH ORDER DIGITS IN TEXT LIST GET LOW ORDER DIGITS PUT LOW ORDER DIGITS IN TEXT LIST GET CODE FOR TWO SPACES PUT IN TEXT LIST
	LACO	GET LOW ORDER DIGITS
	JMS TRD2	PUT LOW ORDER DIGITS IN TEXT LIST
	LAW 17676	GET CODE FOR TWO SPACES
	JMS TRD2	PUT IN TEXT LIST
	LAW 17770	LOAD AC WITH -8
	DAC T3	SET WORD COUNTER
TRCD2		GET CODE FOR ONE SPACE
	JMS TRD2	PUT IN TEXT LIST
	LAC+ TRBKL	GET WORD TO BE DISPLAYED
	JMS C.B6	CONVERT TO 6-BIT CODE
	LAC+ TRBKL JMS C.B6 JMS TRD2 LACQ	PUT HIGH ORDER DIGITS IN TEXT LIST
	LACQ	GET LOW ORDER DIGITS
	JMS TRD2	PUT LOW ORDER DIGITS IN TEXT LIST
	ISZ TRBKL	INCREMENT LOCATION POINTER

	157	TRRKC	INCREMENT COUNT & SKIP IF DONE
	IMP		PREPARE NEXT WORD
	CLC		
	DAC	T2	GET THREE NULL CHARACTERS NULLIFY ACCUMULATED CHARACTERS DISPLAY TEXT LIST GET NEW COMMAND
	IM S	TPD3	DISPLAY TEXT LIST
	IMD	INC	GET NEW COMMAND
TRCD3	157	Ta	SKIP IE END OF LINE
INCUS	IMP	TPCDO	PESDADE NEXT MODD
	LAC	-747575	GET CAPPIAGE PETHEN. LINE FEED CODE
	IMS	TPD9	GET NEW COMMAND SKIP IF END OF LINE PREPARE NEXT WORD GET CARRIAGE RETURN, LINE FEED CODE PUT IN TEXT LIST
	IMP	TRCD1	REGIN NEW LINE
200			
TRPC	JMS	READ	READ ONE TAPE IMAGE SKIP IF NOT END OF RECORD
	SNA		SKIP IF NOT END OF RECORD
	JIME	I UL F.	UEI NEW CUMMANU
	DAC	T3	SAVE TAPE LINE
	AND	=300	GET CONTROL BITS
	SAD	= 100	SKIP IF NOT ORIGIN COMPLETE ORIGIN
	JMP	TRPC 1	COMPLETE ORIGIN
	SAD	=200	SAVE TAPE LINE GET CONTROL BITS SKIP IF NOT ORIGIN COMPLETE ORIGIN SKIP IF NOT BINARY DATA
	JMP	TRPC2	COMPLETE DATA WORD
	JMS	READ	READ A TAPE IMAGE
	SNA		SKIP IF NOT END OF RECORD
	JMP	TRPC	RESTART DATA TRANSFER I GNORE TAPE I MAGE
	JMP	*-3	I GNORE TAPE IMAGE
TRPC 1	JMS	TRPC3	FINISH READING ORIGIN
	DAC	T4	SET ORIGIN GET NEXT WORD FROM TAPE
	JMP	TRPC	GET NEXT WORD FROM TAPE
TRPC2	JMS	TRPC3	FINISH READING DATA WORD
	DAC+	: T4	LOAD DATA WORD
	I SZ	T4	INCREMENT LOCATION COUNTER
	JMP	TRPC3 T4 TRPC	GET NEXT WORD FROM TAPE
TRPC3	enc l	a	
INFOS	IMC	READ	GET SECOND IMAGE FROM TAPE
	1 99	L	SHIFT DATA BITS INTO MQ
	LAC	6 T3 6	GET HIGH ORDER 6 BITS
	115	4	SHIFT HIGH ORDER 12 BITS INTO AC
	DVC		SAVE HIGH ORDER 12 BITS
	IMC	READ	
	JMS	KEND	DEI INIKU IMMUE PKUM IMPE

	LRS 6	SHIFT DATA BITS INTO MO
	LAC T3	GET HIGH ORDER 12 BITS
	LLS 6	SHIFT COMPLETED WORD INTO AC
	JMP* TRPC3	RETURN
TRPP	JMS READ	GET IMAGE FROM PAPER TAPE
	SAD =377	SKIP IF NOT END-OF-TAPE GARBAGE
	JMP TRPP	RESTART DATA TRANSFER
	DAC T3	SAVE TEMPORARILY
	AND =300	GET CONTROL BITS
	SAD =300	SKIP IF NOT ALPHANUMERIC
	JMS TRPP3	PUNCH END-OF-RECORD MARK
	LAC T3	GET IMAGE READ
TRPPI	JMS PUNCH	PUNCH IMAGE
	JMS READ	GET IMAGE FROM PAPER TAPE
	SNA	SKIP IF NOT END OF RECORD
	JMP TRPP2	PUNCH END-OF-RECORD IF NECESSARY
	DAC T3	SAVE TEMPORARILY
	JMP TRPP1	PUNCH IMAGE
TRPP2	LAC T3	GET LAST IMAGE PUNCHED
	AND =300	GET CONTROL BITS
	SAD =300	SKIP IF NOT ALPHANUMERIC
	JMS TRPP3	PUNCH END-OF-RECORD MARK
	JMP IDLE	GET NEW COMMAND
TRPP3	SDC Ø	
	CLA	GET END-OF-RECORD MARK
	JMS PUNCH	PUNCH END-OF-RECORD MARK
	JMP* TRPP3	RETURN

	STITLE	IDLE-TIME TASK (CONTINUED)
TRPT	JMS READ	GET IMAGE FROM PAPER TAPE
	SAD =377	SKIP IF NOT END-OF-TAPE GARBAGE
	JMP TRPT	RESTART DATA TRANSFER
	DAC T3	SAVE TEMPORARILY
	AND =300	GET CONTROL BITS
	SAD =300	SKIP IF BINARY INFORMATION
	JMP TRPT1	RECORD IS ALPHANUMERIC
	JMS READ	GET IMAGE FROM PAPER TAPE
	SNA	SKIP IF NOT END OF RECORD
	JMP TRPT	TRY TRANSFER AGAIN
	JMP +-3	GET NEXT IMAGE
TRP T 1	JMP #-3 LAW 17475	GET CARRIAGE RETURN, LINE FEED CODE
	JMS B.T	TYPE CARRIAGE RETURN, LINE FEED
	LAC T3	GET FIRST IMAGE FROM TAPE
TRP T2	XOR =777400	PRECEDE WITH NULL CHARACTERS
	JMS B.T	TYPE CHARACTER FROM TAPE
	JMS READ	GET IMAGE FROM TAPE
	SNA	SKIP IF NOT END OF RECORD
	JMP IDLE	GET NEW COMMAND
	JMP TRPT2	TYPE CHARACTER
TRPD	JMS READ	READ IMAGE FROM TAPE
	SNA	SKIP IF NOT END-OF-RECORD CHARACTER
	JMP TRPD	RESTART DATA TRANSFER
	SAD =375	SKIP IF NOT LINE FEED
	JMP TRPD	RESTART DATA TRANSFER
	SAD =377	SKIP IF NOT END-OF-TAPE GARBAGE
	JMP TRPD	RESTART DATA TRANSFER
	DAC T6	SAVE TEMPORARILY
	AND =300	GET CONTROL BITS
	SAD =300	SKIP IF BINARY
	JMP TRPD1	RECORD OK
	JMS READ	READ IMAGE FROM TAPE
	SNA	SKIP IF NOT END OF RECORD
	JMP: TRPD	TRY TRANSFER AGAIN
	JMP +-3	IGNORE IMAGE
TRPDI	JMS TRD1	INITIALIZE TEXT LIST
	LAW 17766	LOAD AC WITH -10

	DAC T4	SET LINE COUNTER
	LAW 17676	LOAD AC WITH -66
	DAC TS	SET CHARACTER COUNTER
	LAC T6	GET FIRST CHARACTER ADD TO TEXT LIST
	JMP TRPD2+3	ADD TO TEXT LIST
TRPD2	LAW 17676	LOAD AC WITH -66
	DAC T5	SET CHARACTER COUNTER
	JMS READ	READ IMAGE FROM TAPE
	SAD =374	SKIP IF NOT CARRIAGE RETURN
		TERMINATE LINE
	SNA	SKIP IF NOT END OF RECORD
	JMP TRPD4	TERMINATE TRANSFER
	JMS TRD4	ADD CHARACTER TO TEXT LIST
	ISZ T5	ADD CHARACTER TO TEXT LIST INCREMENT CHAR COUNT & SKIP IF DONE
	JMP TRPD2+2	GET NEXT CHARACTER
TRPD3	ISZ T4	INCREMENT COUNTER & SKIP IF DONE
50		GET ANOTHER LINE
	JMP TRPD4	TERMINATE TRANSFER
	LAW 74	GET CARRIAGE RETURN
	JMS TRD4	GET CARRIAGE RETURN ADD TO TEXT LIST
	LAW 75	GET LINE FEED
	JMS TRD4	ADD TO TEXT LIST
	JMP TRPD2	
TRPD4		DISPLAY TEXT LIST
	_	GET NEW COMMAND
TRTC	LAW 17475	GET CARRIAGE RETURN, LINE FEED CODE
	JMS B.T	TYPE IT
	JMS OCTAL5	GET ADDRESS FROM KEYBOARD
		INTERPRET AS COMMAND
		STORE ADDRESS
TRTC1		GET CODE FOR ONE SPACE
		TYPE IT
	LAC+ T5	GET CURRENT CONTENT OF WORD
	JMS C.B6	CONVERT TO 6-BIT CODE
		TYPE CURRENT CONTENTS
		GET CODE FOR ONE SPACE
	JMS B.T	TYPE IT
	JMS OCTAL6	
	JMP TRTC3	DETERMINE NATURE OF FAILURE

	DAC+ T5	STORE NEW CONTENTS
TRTCO		INCREMENT STORED ADDRESS
INICE		GET CARRIAGE RETURN, LINE FEED CODE
	IMC D.T	TYPE CARRIAGE RETURN, LINE FEED
	IAC TE	CET CURRENT ARRESS
	INC C D4	CONVERT TO 4-BIT CORE
	JMS C+86	TYPE CARRIAGE RETURN, LINE FEED GET CURRENT ADDRESS CONVERT TO 6-BIT CODE REMOVE HIGH ORDER ZERO
	JMS TRKT	TYPE CURRENT ADDRESS
TRTC3	SAD =74	TYPE CONTENTS OF CURRENT LOCATION SKIP IF NOT CARRIAGE RETURN LEAVE WORD UNCHANGED
1 1 1 1 2	JMP TRTC2	I FAVE MODE (MCMANCED
		BEGIN INTERPRETATION OF NEW BLOCK
TRTCA		SAVE KEYBOARD CHARACTER
18109		GET TELEPRINTER MASK
		RELEASE TELEPRINTER
		INTERPRET CHARACTER AS COMMAND
	OFF IDLE VO	THIER RET CHARACTER AS COMMAND
TRTP	CLA	GET END-OF-RECORD MAKK PUNCH IT
	JMS PUNCH	PUNCH IT
		GET CARRIAGE RETURN, LINE FEED CODE
	JMS B.T	TYPE CARRIAGE RETURN, LINE FEED
TRTP 1		ECHO KEYBOARD CHARACTER
	SAD =77	SKIP IT NOT NULL CHARACTER
	JMP TRTP2	TERMINATE TRANSFER
		SET ALPHANUMERIC CONTROL BITS
	JMS PUNCH	PUNCH CHARACTER
	JMP TRTP1	GET NEXT CHARACTER
TRTP2	CLA	GET END-OF-RECORD MARK
	JMS PUNCH	PUNCH IT
	JMP IDLE	GET NEW COMMAND
TRTT	LAW 17475	GET CARRIAGE RETURN, LINE FEED CODE
• •		TYPE IT
		ECHO KEYBOARD CHARACTER
		SKIP IF NOT NULL CHARACTER
	JMP I DLE	GET NEW COMMAND
	JMP *-3	GET NEXT CHARACTER
		OD: NEW! WIRINGVIEW
TRTD	LAW 17766	LOAD AC WITH -10
· -	DAC T4	INITIALIZE LINE COUNTER

JMS TRD1	INITIALIZE TEXT LIST
LAW 17475	GET CARRIAGE RETURN, LINE FEED CODE
JMS B.T	TYPE CARRIAGE RETURN, LINE FEED
LAW 17700	
DAC TS	INITIALIZE CHARACTER COUNTER
	ECHO KEYBOARD CHARACTER
	SKIP IF NOT NULL CHARACTER
	DISPLAY TEXT LIST
	SKIP IF NOT CARRIAGE RETURN
	TERMINATE LINE
	ADD CHARACTER TO TEXT LIST
	SKIP IF END OF LINE
	GET NEXT CHARACTER
	INCREMENT LINE COUNT & SKIP IF DONE
	TERMINATE LINE
	TERMINATE TRANSFER
	GET CARRIAGE RETURN CODE
	ADD TO TEXT LIST
	GET LINE FEED CODE
	ADD TO TEXT LIST
	GET LINE FEED CODE
	ADD TO TEXT LIST
	BEGIN NEW LINE
	DISPLAY TEXT LIST
	GET NEW COMMAND
	3.5
SDC 0	
JMS B.K	GET CHARACTER FROM KEYBOARD
DAC T6	SAVE TEMPORARILY
XOR =777700	PRECEDE WITH NULL CHARACTERS
JMS B.T	ECHO CHARACTER ON TELEPRINTER
LAC T6	GET CHARACTER FOR RETURN
JMP* ECHO	RETURN
SDC 0	
	SEND IMAGE TO PUNCH
	PUNCH OUT OF TAPE
	RETURN
	GET ADDRESS OF TEXT LIST
.IMS L.T	TYPE TEXT LIST
	LAW 17475 JMS B.T LAW 17700 DAC T5 JMS ECHO SAD =77 JMP TRTD4 SAD =74 JMP TRTD3 JMS TRD4 ISZ T5 JMP TRTD2 ISZ T4 SKP JMP TRTD4 LAW 74 JMS TRD4 LAW 75 JMS TRD4 LAW 75 JMS TRD4 LAW 75 JMS TRD4 LAW 75 JMS TRD3 JMP IDLE SDC 0 JMS B.K DAC T6 XOR =777700 JMS B.T LAC T6 JMP* ECHO SDC 0 JMS B.P SKP JMP* PUNCH LAC =PUNCHI

JMP IDLE

GET NEW COMMAND

PUNCHI SDC 7

SDC 747531

STEXT "UNCH OUT OF TAPE"

READ SDC 0

JMS B.R

SKP

GET IMAGE FROM READER BUFFER

READER OUT OF TAPE

JMP * READ RETURN

LAC = READ! GET ADDRESS OF TEXT LIST

JMS L.T TYPE TEXT LIST JMP IDLE GET NEW COMMAND

READI SDC 7

SDC 747533

STEXT "EADER OUT OF TAPE"

TRD1 SDC 0

LAC 27 GET POINTER TO LEAF

LMO SET UP PARAMETER
LAC 26 GET POINTER TO LEVEL

SZA SKIP IF NO LEVEL

JMS S.TR REMOVE LEAF FROM LEVEL

NOP LEAF OR LEVEL DIDN'T EXIST

LAC 27 GET ADDRESS OF LEAF

SZA SKIP IF NO LEAF

JMS L.L DESTROY LEAF

DZM 27 INDICATE NO LEAF DZM TRDT CLEAR TEXT LIST COUNT

LAC =TRDT GET ADDRESS OF TEXT LIST

DAC TROP INITIALIZE TEXT LIST POINTER

CLC GET 3 NULL CHARACTERS

DAC T3 STORE NULL CHARACTERS

JMP+ TRD1 RETURN

TRD2 SDC 0

ISZ TRDT INCREMENT TEXT LIST COUNT
ISZ TRDP INCREMENT TEXT LIST POINTER

DAC+ TRDP STORE NEW TEXT WORD

	JMP+ TRD2	RETURN
TRD3	\$DC 0	
	LAC T3	GET REMAINING CHARACTERS
	JMS TRD2	PUT IN TEXT LIST
	LAC 26	GET ADDRESS OF LEVEL
	SNA	SKIP IF LEVEL EXISTS
	JMP TRD31	DISPLAY STORAGE EXCEEDED
	LAC =TRDT	GET ADDRESS OF TEXT LIST
	JMS L.D	CREATE TEXT LEAF
	JMP TRD31	STORAGE EXCEEDED
	DAC 27	SAVE ADDRESS OF LEAF
	LMO	SET UP PARAMETER
	LAC 26	GET ADDRESS OF LEVEL
	JMS S.TI	INSERT LEAF
	JMP TRD31	STORAGE EXCEEDED
	JMP+ TRD3	RETURN
TRD31	LAC =++3	GET ADDRESS OF TEXT LIST
	JMS L.T	TYPE DIAGNOSTIC
	JMP IDLE	GET NEW COMMAND
	\$DC 12	
	SDC 747577	
	STEXT "NOT ENOUGH D	ISPLAY STORAGE"
TRD4	SDC 0	
	LRS 6	SHIFT CHARACTER INTO MO
	LAC T3	GET PREVIOUS CHARACTERS
	LLS 6	SHIFT ALL CHARACTERS INTO AC
		SAVE CHARACTERS
		GET HIGH ORDER CHARACTER
		SKIP IF NOT NULL
	JMP+ TRD4	RETURN
	LAC T3	GET WORD OF 3 CHARACTERS
		ADD TO TEXT LIST
	CLC	GET 3 NULL CHARACTERS
		STORE NULL CHARACTERS
	JMP+ TRD4	RETURN

TRDT SDS 351

STC	SDC 0	
	LAC =D	GET ADDRESS OF HIGHEST ACTIVE LEVEL
	DAC DHAL+7	REMOVE ALL NODES FROM HAL
	JMS DW	WAIT FOR DISPLAY TO RECOVER
	LAW STORE	GET INITIAL COUNTER VALUE
	DAC TI	SET POINTER & COUNTER
	IOT 7704	LEAVE EXTEND MODE
	DZM+ T1	CLEAR STORAGE LOCATION
		INCREMENT POINTER & COUNTER
	JMP *-2	CLEAR NEXT STORAGE LOCATION
	10T 7702	ENTER EXTEND MODE
	JMP* STC	RETURN
		11 . O.114
OC TAL 1	\$DC 0	
	11.5	GET KEYBOARD CHARACTER
	TAD =-10	MAKE NEGATIVE IF OCTAL
	SPA	SKIP IF NOT OCTAL DIGIT
	JMP ++3	OCTAL DIGIT TYPED
	TAD =10	RESTORE CHARACTER
	JMP+ OCTAL1	INDICATE FAILURE
	DAC T3	SAVE OCTAL INFORMATION
	XOR =70	CONVERT TO 6-BIT CODE
	JMS B.T	TYPE OCTAL DIGIT GET OCTAL INFORMATION
	LAC T3	GET OCTAL INFORMATION
	LRS 3	SHIFT DIGIT INTO MO
	LAC T4	GET RECORDED DIGITS
	LLS 3	CONCATENATE NEW DIGIT
	DAC T4	RECORD NEW WORD
	DAC T4 ISZ OCTAL1 JMP+ OCTAL1	INDICATE SUCCESS
	JMP* OCTAL1	RETURN
007415	***	
OCTAL5		ALCAD ACTAL BEACEDING HODD
	DZM T4	CLEAR OCTAL RECORDING WORD
		GET OCTAL DIGIT FROM KEYBOARD
	JMP+ OCTAL5	NON-OCTAL CHARACTER TYPED
	JMS OCTAL1	GET OCTAL DIGIT FROM KEYBOARD NON-OCTAL CHARACTER TYPED
	JMP+ OCTAL5 JMS OCTAL1	GET OCTAL DIGIT FROM KEYBOARD
	JMP+ OCTAL5	
	JMS OCTAL1	GET OCTAL DIGIT FROM KEYBOARD

	JMP* OCTAL5	NON-OCTAL CHARACTER TYPED
	JMS OCTAL1	GET OCTAL CHARACTER FROM KEYBOARD
	JMP+ OCTAL5	NON-OCTAL CHARACTER TYPED
	ISZ OCTALS	INDICATE SUCCESS
	JMP+ OCTAL5	RETURN
OCTAL 6		
		GET 5 OCTAL DIGITS FROM KEYBOARD
	JMP+ OCTAL6	NON-OCTAL CHARACTER TYPED
	JMS OCTAL1	GET OCTAL DIGIT FROM KEYBOARD
	JMP+ OCTAL6	
	ISZ OCTAL 6	INDICATE SUCCESS
	JMP+ OCTAL6	RETURN
TRKT		
	DAC TI	SAVE HIGH ORDER DIGITS
	LACQ	GET LOW ORDER DIGITS
	DAC T6	SAVE LOW ORDER DIGITS
		GET HIGH ORDER DIGITS
		TYPE HIGH ORDER DIGITS
	LAC T6	GET LOW ORDER DIGITS
	JMS B.T	TYPE LOW ORDER DIGITS
	JMP+ TRKT	RETURN
TRBK	SDC Ø	
		GET ADDRESS OF TEXT LIST
	JMS L.T	TYPE TEXT LIST
	JMS OCTAL5	GET LOW ADDRESS FROM KEYBOARD
	JMP IDLE9	CANCEL COMMAND
	DAC TRBKL	STORE LOW ADDRESS
	LAW 16277	GET COMMA CODE
	JMS B.T	TYPE COMMA
	JMS OCTAL5	GET HIGH ADDRESS FROM KEYBOARD
	JMP IDLEQ	CANCEL COMMAND
	CMA	FORM ONE'S COMPLEMENT
	TAD TRBKL	ADD LOW ADDRESS
	SMA	SKIP IF PROPERLY ORDERED ADDRESSES
	JMP IDLEQ	CANCEL COMMAND
	DAC TRBKC	STORE LOCATION COUNT
	LAW 15177	GET RIGHT PARENTHESIS CODE

JMS B.T JMP+ TRBK

TYPE RIGHT PARENTHESIS RETURN

TRBKF SDC 3
SDC 747513
STEXT "LOCK("

STITLE **\$DC** 757 SDC 6201 SDC 6301

D

SDC 1400

DHAL SDC DWT SDC 2010

SDC XP SDC AP SDC 1105 SDC 1000 SDC 5000 SDC 2001 SDC D

SEND

HIGHEST ACTIVE LEVEL

APPENDIX B -- SUMMARY OF SYSTEM SUBROUTINES

THE FOLLOWING TABLE OF SYSTEM SUBROUTINES IS PROVIDED AS A REFERENCE TO FACILITATE THE WRITING OF USER PROGRAMS. THE VARIOUS COLUMNS ARE INTERPRETED AS FOLLOWS:

NAME	SYMBOLIC NAME OF THE SYSTEM SUBROUTINE
ENTRY POINT	ADDRESS AT WHICH THE SUBROUTINE STARTS
SECTION	SECTION OF THE REPORT IN WHICH THE SUBROUTINE IS DESCRIBED
FAILURE RETURN	WHETHER OR NOT A FAILURE RETURN EXISTS
DELAY POSSIBLE	WHETHER OR NOT OTHER TASKS MAY BE EXECUTED BEFORE THE SUBROUTINE RETURNS

NAME	ENTRY POINT	SECTION	FAILURE RETURN	DELAY POSSIBLE
				•••••
B•FI	1 40	3 • 4 • 1	YES	YES
B.FO	1 42	3.4.1	YES	YES
B•K	150	3.4.3	NO	YES
B.P	1 46	3.4.2	YES	YES
8.R	144	3.4.2	YES	YES
8 • T	152	3 • 4 • 3	NO	YES
C.64	130	3.3	NO	NO
C.A6	132	3.3	NO	NO
C.86	126	3 • 3	NO	NO
C.BC	136	3.3	NO	NO
C•CB	134	3.3	NO	NO
D•A	206	3.7	NO	NO
D•D	202	3.7	NO	NO
D.E	200	3.7	NO	NO
D•0	214	3.7	YES	NO
D•P	204	3.7	NO	NO
D•X	212	3.7	NO	NO
D•Y	210	3 • 7	NO	NO

NAME	ENTRY POINT	SECTION	FAILURE RETURN	DELAY POSSIBLE
				•••••
L.D	272	3.11	YES	NO
L.L	274	3.11	NO	NO
L.T	279	3.11	NO	YES
N-A	154	3 • 5	NO	YES
N•C	156	3 • 5	NO	YES
N.D1	160	3 • 5	NO	NO
N.DS	162	3 • 5	NO	NO
N•D3	164	3•5	NO	NO
P• U	172	3.6	NO	NO
P•E	170	3 • 6	NO	NO
P•R	174	3.6	NO	NO
P•S	176	3.6	МО	NO
P• T	166	3 • 6	NO	NO
0.A	102	3 • 1	YES	NO
Q.C	100	3 • 1	NO	NO
Q.F	106	3 • 1	YES	NO
0 · I	104	3 • 1	YES	NO
S.LBD	254	3.10	NO	NO
S.LBE	252	3.10	NO	NO
S.LC	256	3.10	NO	NO
S.LH	2 42	3.10	NO	NO
S•LL	264	3.10	NO	NO
S.LN	266	3.10	NO	NO
S.LP	250	3.10	NO	NO
S.LS	262	3.10	NO	NO
S•LU	260	3.10	NO	NO
S.LX	246	3.10	NO	YES
S.LY	244	3.10	NO	YFS
S. TD	234	3.9	YES	NO
S• TI	236	3.9	YES	NO
S.TL	232	3.9	YES	NO
S.TR	240	3.9	YES	YES
T•A	116	3.2	NO	YES
T•F	114	3.2		
T.L	122	3.2		••
T•P	112	3.2		••
T•R	120	3.2	NO	NO

NAME	ENTRY POINT	SECTION	FAILURE RETURN	DELAY POSSIBLE
			•••••	•••••
T•S	110	3•2	NO	NO
T• U	124	3.2		
X•I	216	3.8	NO	NO
X.R	550	3.8	NO	NO
X.S	224	3.8	NO	NO
X • T	255	3.8	NO	NO
X•X	230	3.8	NO	NO
X.Y	226	3 • R	NO	NO

APPENDIX C -- SUMMARY OF IOT INSTRUCTIONS

STATUS WORDS

BIT

15

PDP-9 I/O STATUS

INTERPRETATION

ALL BITS WHOSE INTERPRETATIONS ARE NOT SPECIFIED BELOW ARE NOT USED.

```
INTERRUPTS ARE ENABLED
 0
       READER FLAG
 2
       PUNCH FLAG
       KEYBOARD FLAG
 3
 4
       TELEPRINTER FLAG
       CLOCK FLAG
 6
       CLOCK ENABLED
       READER OUT-OF-TAPE FLAG
 8
       PUNCH OUT-OF-TAPE FLAG
       201 DATAPHONE TRANSMIT FLAG
11
       201 DATAPHONE RECEIVE FLAG
12
201 DATAPHONE STATUS
       INTERPRETATION
BIT
 0
       INTERRUPT PENDING
       DATA LOST
 1
 2
       PARITY ERROR
 3
       REQUEST 10 SEND
       TRANSMIT REQUEST
       CLEAR TO SEND
CHECK PARITY
       TEXT MODE
 8
       SET READY
 9
       TERMINAL READY
10
       RING
11
       CARRIER DETECTED
       FRAME SIZE REGISTER BIT Ø
12
       FRAME SIZE REGISTER BIT 1
13
       FRAME SIZE REGISTER BIT 2
14
```

FRAME SIZE REGISTER BIT 3

```
BIT
       INTERPRETATION
16
       TRANSMIT STATE
17
       RECEIVE STATE
DISPLAY STATUS WORD 1
BIT
      INTERPRETATION
       LIGHT PEN FLAG
 6
       VERTICAL EDGE FLAG
 7
       HORIZONTAL EDGE FLAG
8
       INTERNAL STOP FLAG
9
       SECTOR Ø FLAG (DISPLAY COORDINATES ARE ON SCREEN)
10
       CONTROL STATE
11
       MANUAL INTERRUPT FLAG
12
       PUSH BUTTON FLAG
13
       DISPLAY INTERRUPT PENDING
14
       BREAK FIELD REGISTOR BIT 0
15
16
       BREAK FIELD REGISTER BIT 1
       BREAK FIELD REGISTER BIT 2
17
DISPLAY STATUS WORD 2
      INTERPRETATION
BIT
       0 -- LEFT HAND INCREMENT BEING EXECUTED
6
       1 -- RIGHT HAND INCREMENT BEING EXECUTED
       LIGHT PEN ENABLED
 7
       BIT Ø OF Y POSITION REGISTER
8
       BIT Ø OF X POSITION REGISTER
9
       SCALE BIT 0
10
       SCALE BIT 1
11
       MODE BIT Ø
12
      MODE BIT 1
13
       WODE BIT 2
14
15
       INTENSITY BIT Ø
       INTENSITY BIT 1
16
       INTENSITY BIT 2
17
```

```
DISPLAY INITIAL CONDITIONS
BIT
      INTERPRETATION
       ENABLE EDGE FLAG INTERRUPT
 6
       ENABLE LIGHT PEN FLAG INTERRUPT
 7
 8
       0 -- DO NOT DISABLE LIGHT PEN AFTER RESUMING DISPLAY
       1 -- ENABLE LIGHT PEN ACCORDING TO BIT 9
 9
       0 -- ENABLE LIGHT PEN AFTER FIRST DATA REQUEST AFTER
       RESUMING DISPLAY
       1 -- DO NOT ENABLE LIGHT PEN AFTER RESUMING DISPLAY
       BIT 0 OF Y DIMENSION
10
       BIT I OF Y DIMENSION
11
       BIT U OF X DIMENSION
12
       BIT 1 OF X DIMENSION
13
       INTENSIFY ALL POINTS
14
       INHIBIT EDGE FLAGS
15
       ENABLE PUSH BUTTON INTERRUPT
16
       ENABLE INTERNAL STOP INTERRUPT
17
BREAK FIELD LOAD PARAMETER
      INTERPRETATION
BIT
---
       LOAD BREAK FIELD ACCORDING TO BITS 7-9
 6
       BREAK FIELD BIT 0
 7
 8
       BREAK FIELD BIT 1
 9
       BREAK FIELD BIT 2
       LOAD PUSH BUTTONS ACCORDING TO BITS 11-17
10
       0 -- LOAD PUSH BUTTONS 0-5
11
       1 -- LOAD PUSH BUTTONS 6-11
12
       PUSH BUTTON Ø OR 6
13
       PUSH BUTTON 1 OR 7
14
       PUSH BUTTON 2 OK 8
15
       PUSH EUTTON 3 OF 9
16
       PUSH BUTTON 4 OR 10
17
       PUSH BUTTON 5 OR 11
```

IOT INSTRUCTIONS

EACH IOT INSTRUCTION IS FORMED BY ADDING THE CODE FROM THE TABLE BELOW TO 700000. THE AC MAY BE CLEARED AT EVENT TIME 1 OF THE IOT INSTRUCTION BY SETTING BIT 14 IN THE INSTRUCTION.

CODE FUNCTION

0002 ENABLE INTERRUPTS

0042 DISABLE INTERRUPTS

0001 SKIP IF CLOCK FLAG IS SET

0004 CLEAR CLOCK FLAG AND DISABLE CLOCK

0044 CLEAR CLOCK FLAG AND ENABLE CLOCK

0101 SKIP IF READER FLAG IS SET

0102 CLEAR READER FLAG, INCLUSIVE OR CONTENT OF READER BUFFER INTO AC

0104 SELECT READER IN ALPHANUMERIC MODE

0144 SELECT READER IN BINARY MODE

0201 SKIP IF PUNCH FLAG IS SET

0202 CLEAR PUNCH FLAG

0206 PUNCH TAPE IMAGE FROM BITS 10-17 OF AC

0244 PUNCH TAPE IMAGE IN BINARY MODE FROM BITS 12-17 OF AC

0301 SKIP IF KEYBOARD FLAG IS SET

0302 OR CONTENT OF KEYBOARD BUFFER INTO BITS 10-17 OF AC

0304 OR I/O STATUS WORD INTO AC

CODE	FUNCTION
0401	SKIP IF TELEPRINTER FLAG IS SET
9492	CLEAR TELEPRINTER FLAG
0406	LOAD TELEPRINTER BUFFER FROM BITS 10-17 OF THE AC
0501	OR DISPLAY PUSH-DOWN POINTER INTO BITS 6-17 OF THE AC
0502	OR BITS 1-12 OF THE DISPLAY CONTROL X POSITION REGISTER INTO BITS 6-17 OF THE AC
9691	OR BITS 3-14 OF THE DISPLAY ADDRESS COUNTER INTO BITS 6-17 OF THE AC
0602	OR DISPLAY STATUS WORD 1 INTO BITS 6-17 OF THE AC
0621	OR PUSH BUTTONS 0-11 INTO BITS 6-17 OF THE AC
9642	SKIP IF THE LIGHT PEN FLAG IS SET
0645	SET DISPLAY PUSH DOWN POINTER FROM BITS 6-17 OF THE AC
0665	SET DISPLAY INITIAL CONDITIONS FROM BITS 6-17 OF THE AC
0701	SKIP IF DISPLAY EXTERNAL STOP FLAG IS SET
0702	SKIP IF EITHER THE VERTICAL OR HORIZONTAL EDGE FLAG IS SET
0704	STOP DISPLAY (EXTERNAL)
0705	LOAD BREAK FIELD AND/OR PUSH BUTTONS FROM THE BREAK FIELD PARAMETER IN BITS 6-17 OF THE AC

0721 SKIP IF DISPLAY INTERNAL STOP FLAG IS SET

0722 SKIP IF MANUAL INTERRUPT FLAG IS SET

CODE

FUNCTION

1103	SET THE A/D CONVERTER MULTIPLEXOR TO THE CHANNEL SPECIFIED IN BITS 12-17 OF THE AC
1201	INCREMENT THE A/D CONVERTER MULTIPLEXOR CHANNEL NUMBER (CHANNEL Ø FOLLOWS CHANNEL 77)
1202	OR A/D CONVERTER MULTIPLEXOR CHANNEL NUMBER INTO BITS 12-17 OF THE AC
1301	SKIP IF THE A/D CONVERTER FLAG IS SET
1302	OR A/D CONVERTER BUFFER INTO BITS 0-11 OF THE AC
1304	SELECT THE A/D CONVERTER
1 40 1	SKIP IF THE DATAPHONE TRANSMIT FLAG IS SET
1402	OR THE DATAPHONE STATUS WORD INTO THE AC
1404	INVERT THE DATAPHONE STATUS BITS WHEREVER A 1 APPEARS IN THE CORRESPONDING POSITION IN THE AC
1 42 1	SKIP IF DATAPHONE MASK SKIP FLAG IS SET
1 422	SET THE DATAPHONE MASK SKIP FLAG IF ALL BITS IN THE DATAPHONE STATUS WORD ARE 1'S WHEREVER A 1 APPEARS IN THE CORRESPONDING POSITION IN THE AC
1424	CLEAR DATAPHONE MASK SKIP FLAG
1441	SKIP IF THE DATAPHONE RECEIVE FLAG IS SET
1 442	CLEAR THE DATAPHONE TRANSMIT AND RECEIVE FLAGS
1444	CLEAR ALL DATAPHONE FLAGS AND REGISTERS
1601	CLEAR DISPLAY FLAGS

CODE	FUNCTION
1602	OR BITS 1-12 OF THE DISPLAY Y POSITION REGISTER INTO BITS 6-17 OF THE AC
1604	RESUME DISPLAY AFTER INTERNAL STOP
1605	INITIALIZE DISPLAY AT ADDRESS GIVEN IN BITS 6-17 OF THE AC
1622	OR DISPLAY STATUS WORD 2 INTO BITS 6-17 OF THE AC
3301	SKIP IF THE TELETYPE IS CONNECTED
3302	CLEAR ALL FLAGS
3344	RESTORE THE LINK AND EXTEND MODE STATUS FROM INFORMATION CONTAINED IN THE LOCATION WHOSE ADDRESS IS GIVEN IN BITS 5-17 OF THE FOLLOWING WORD IN MEMORY
5101	LOAD D/A CONVERTER CHANNEL #1 FROM BITS 0-11 OF THE AC
5102	LOAD D/A CONVERTER CHANNEL #2 FROM BITS 0-11 OF THE AC
5104	LOAD D/A CONVERTER CHANNEL #3 FROM BITS 0-11 OF THE AC
7701	SKIP IF IN EXTEND MODE
7702	ENTER EXTEND MODE

7704

LEAVE EXTEND MODE

APPENDIX D -- ASSEMBLY LANGUAGE

THE ASSEMBLY LANGUAGE WHICH IS USED IN THE EXAMPLES IN THE REPORT IS THE SOURCE LANGUAGE FOR THE ASSEMBLER (TO BE DESCRIBED IN A FORTHCOMING REPORT) WHICH RUNS UNDER THE EXECUTIVE SYSTEM. THIS LANGUAGE IS DESCRIBED BRIEFLY BELOW.

ALL MNEMONICS ARE FROM ONE TO SIX CHARACTERS LONG. THE FIRST CHARACTER MUST BE AN ALPHABETIC CHARACTER OR A PERIOD (.), AND ALL OTHER CHARACTERS MUST BE ALPHANUMERIC OR PERIODS. A MNEMONIC MAY REPRESENT ANY ONE OF THE FOLLOWING ENTITIES:

- (1) A PROGRAM SYMBOL (I. E., A SYMBOL WHOSE VALUE IS USED TO COMPUTE THE OPERAND OF AN INSTRUCTION),
 - (2) AN INSTRUCTION CODE, OR
 - (3) A PSEUDO-OP (I. E., AN INSTRUCTION TO THE ASSEMBLER).

IF A MNEMONIC IS USED TO REPRESENT MORE THAN ONE OF THESE ENTITIES, THE ASSEMBLER WILL RESOLVE THE AMBIGUITY FROM CONTEXT.

ALL NUMBERS ARE INTERPRETED AS OCTAL NUMBERS. NUMBERS MAY REPRESENT VALUES OF PROGRAM SYMBOLS ONLY.

A SOURCE LINE IS COMPOSED OF UP TO FOUR FIELDS. EACH FIELD IS DELIMITED BY SPACES. (SEVERAL CONSECUTIVE SPACES ARE INTERPRETED AS A SINGLE SPACE BY THE ASSEMBLER, EXCEPT IN TEXT PSEUDO-OP OPERANDS.) THE FOUR POSSIBLE FIELDS (FROM LEFT TO RIGHT ON THE SOURCE LINE) ARE THE FOLLOWING:

- (1) LOCATION FIELD
- (2) INSTRUCTION FIELD
- (3) OPERAND FIELD
- (4) COMMENT FIELD

THE LOCATION FIELD CONTAINS A MNEMONIC WHICH IS ASSIGNED

THE VALUE OF THE ADDRESS OF THE LOCATION WHICH THE SOURCE LINE REPRESENTS (UNLESS THE INSTRUCTION FIELD CONTAINS ONE OF THE PSEUDO-OPS \$EQU, \$OPD, OR \$OPDM). IF THE FIRST CHARACTER ON THE LINE IS A SPACE, THE LOCATION FIELD IS NOT PRESENT.

THE INSTRUCTION FIELD CONTAINS ONE OF THE FOLLOWING:

- (1) A PSEUDO-OP SYMBOL,
- (2) A MNEMONIC WHICH REFRESENTS AN INSTRUCTION WHICH REQUIRES AN OPERAND, OR
- (3) AN OPERANDLESS INSTRUCTION MNEMONIC OR A SET OF THESE MNEMONICS SEPARATED BY PLUS SIGNS (+), WHICH DENOTE "INCLUSIVE OR" IN THIS FIELD.

IF THE INSTRUCTION FIELD CONTAINS AN OPERANDLESS INSTRUCTION THE OPERAND FIELD IS NOT PRESENT. INDIRECT ADDRESSING IS INDICATED BY AN ASTERISK (*) APPENDED TO THE RIGHT OF A MNEMONIC WHICH REPRESENTS AN INSTRUCTION WHICH REGUIRES AN OPERAND.

THE OPERAND FIELD CONTAINS A SET OF PROGRAM SYMBOLS AND/OR NUMBERS SEPARATED BY THE BINARY OPERATOR SYMBOLS "+" (2'S COMPLEMENT ADDITION) AND/OR "-" (2'S COMPLEMENT SUBTRACTION). IN ADDITION, THE FIRST PROGRAM SYMBOL OR NUMBER MAY BE PRECEDED BY EITHER OF THE UNARY OPERATORS "+" (UNARY PLUS) OR "-" (2'S COMPLEMENT). LITERALS ARE DENOTED BY AN EQUAL SIGN (=) APPENDED TO THE LEFT END OF THE OPERAND FIELD. AN ASTERISK (*) REPRESENTS A MNEMONIC WHOSE VALUE IS THE ADDRESS OF THE LOCATION WHICH THE SOURCE LINE IN WHICH IT APPEARS REPRESENTS (IN THE OPERAND FIELD ONLY). THE LOW ORDER 13 BITS OF THE VALUE OF THE EXPRESSION IN THE OPERAND FIELD ARE ADDED TO THE VALUE REPRESENTED BY THE INSTRUCTION FIELD.

PSEUDO-OP SYMBOLS ARE WRITTEN IN THE INSTRUCTION FIELD AND CONSIST OF A DOLLAR SIGN (\$) APPENDED TO THE LEFT OF THE PSEUDO-OP MNEMONIC. THE FOLLOWING SYMBOLS ARE ACCEPTED BY THE ASSEMBLER:

- SDC A WORD WHICH CONTAINS THE FULL 18-BIT VALUE OF THE EXPRESSION IN THE OPERAND FIELD IS PRODUCED.
- \$DS THE 18-BIT VALUE OF THE EXPRESSION IN THE OPERAND FIELD IS ADDED INTO THE LOCATION COUNTER WITHIN THE ASSEMBLER (BY TWO'S COMPLEMENT ADDITION). (ALL MNEMONICS IN THE OPERAND FIELD MUST BE PREDEFINED.)
- SEND THE END OF THE SOURCE PROGRAM IS DECLARED.
- SEQU THE PROGRAM SYMBOL MNEMONIC IN THE LOCATION FIELD IS ASSIGNED THE 18-BIT VALUE OF THE EXPRESSION IN THE OPERAND FIELD MUST BE PREDEFINED.)
- THE OPERANDLESS INSTRUCTION MNEMONIC IN THE LOCATION FIELD IS ASSIGNED THE 18-BIT VALUE OF THE EXPRESSION IN THE OPERAND FIELD (ALL MNEMONICS IN THE OPERAND FIELD MUST BE PREDEFINED.)
- SOPDM THE OPERAND-REQUIRING INSTRUCTION MNEMONIC IN THE LOCATION FIELD IS ASSIGNED THE 18-BIT VALUE OF THE EXPRESSION IN THE OPERAND FIELD. (ALL MNEMONICS IN THE OPERAND FIELD MUST BE PREDEFINED.)
- SORG THE LOCATION COUNTER WITHIN THE ASSEMBLER IS SET TO THE 18-BIT VALUE OF THE EXPRESSION IN THE OPERAND FIELD (ALL MNEMONICS IN THE OPERAND FIELD MUST BE PREDEFINED.)
- STEXT THE FIRST CHARACTER IN THE OPERAND FIELD IS TAKEN AS A BREAK CHARACTER, AND ALL CHARACTERS TO THE RIGHT OF IT UP TO THE NEXT BREAK CHARACTER ARE PACKED AS 3 6-BIT CHARACTER CODES PER WORD. IF THE NUMBER OF CHARACTERS BETWEEN THE BREAK CHARACTERS IS NOT A MULTIPLE OF 3, THE LAST WORD GENERATED IS PADDED WITH NULL CHARACTER CODES (77).
- \$TITLE ALL CHARACTERS TO THE RIGHT OF THIS PSEUDO-OP ARE TAKEN TO BE THE TITLE OF THE CURRENT SECTION OF THE PROGRAM.

 (THIS TITLE IS TYPED ON THE TELETYPE DURING PASS 1 OF THE

ASSEMBLY, BEGINNING WITH THE FIRST NON-BLANK CHARACTER.)

THE ASSEMBLER IGNORES SOURCE LINES WHICH BEGIN WITH AN ASTERISK (+), SOURCE LINES WHICH HAVE NO FIELDS, AND COMMENT FIELDS.